

Elephant Reserves of India

- An Atlas

VERSION - 2



भारतीय वन्यजीव संस्थान
Wildlife Institute of India



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Version - 2

Advisors

Dr. Satya Prakash Yadav, ADG (PT&E) & MS (NTCA)

Shri. Virendara Tiwari, Director, WII

Team

Shri. Ramesh Kumar Pandey, IGF (PT&E) & Director, Project Elephant

Dr. Parag Nigam, Scientist G & Nodal Officer, Elephant Cell, WII

Dr. Bilal Habib, Scientist F & Associate Nodal Officer, Elephant Cell, WII

Dr. K.M. Selvan, Scientist E, Project Elephant Division, MoEF&CC

Dr. Lakshminarayanan N, Project Scientist, Elephant Cell, WII

Shri. Udhayaraj AD, GIS Specialist, Elephant Cell, WII

Shri. Aditya Bisht, Consultant-B, Project Elephant Division, MoEF&CC

Ms. Aakriti Singh, Senior Research Fellow, Elephant Cell, WII

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Ministry of Environment, Forests & Climate Change

Shri. Bhupender Yadav, Hon'ble Minister (EF&CC)
Shri. Ashwini Kumar Choubey, Hon'ble MoS (EF&CC)
Ms. Leena Nandan, Secretary, (EF&CC)
Shri. Chandra Prakash Goyal, DGF & SS, MoEF&CC

State Forest Departments

Forest Department, Government of Andhra Pradesh
Department of Environment and Forest, Government of Arunachal Pradesh
Department of Environment and Forest, Government of Assam
Forest & Climate Change Department, Government of Chhattisgarh
Department of Forest, Environment & Climate Change, Government of Jharkhand
Karnataka Forest Department, Government of Karnataka
Kerala Forests & Wildlife Department, Government of Kerala
Forests and Environment Department, Government of Meghalaya
Department of Environment, Forests & Climate Change, Government of Nagaland
Odisha State Forest Department, Government of Odisha
Forest Department, Government of Tamil Nadu
Environment, Forests and Climate Change Department, Government of Uttar Pradesh



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Preface

On the world elephant day celebrated at the Periyar Tiger Reserve on 12th August last year, the first edition of the “**Elephant Reserves of India – An Atlas**” was released by the Hon’ble Minister, Environment, Forests, and Climate Change, Government of India. Before this atlas was published, there was no single source of information on the Elephant Reserves of India. Even a nation-wide single map of the Elephant Reserves was not available.

Subsequent to this, during April 2023, the Gaj Utsav event marking 30 years of Project Elephant was celebrated at Kaziranga National Park, Assam, which was presided over by the Hon’ble President of India Smt. Draupadi Murmu. During the event, the Hon’ble President of India released a document aimed at carrying out Management Evaluation and Effectiveness (MEE) of the Elephant Reserves. Formulation of MEE was a major step towards institutionalizing management of the Elephant Reserves in the country. Thus, the Project Elephant is keen to keep the database pertaining to the Elephant Reserves up to date.

During the period 2022 – 2023, two new Elephant Reserves were notified. This includes the (i) Agasthiyarmalai Elephant Reserve in Tamil Nadu, which was notified in the biodiversity rich southern Western Ghats, and (ii) the Terai Elephant Reserve in Uttar Pradesh in the Dudhwa landscape along the Terai flood plains, which is a renowned as a large mammal paradise acting as a stronghold for tigers, swamp deer, one-horned rhinoceros and the transboundary population of elephants ranging between India and Nepal. With these two additions, India currently has 33 Elephant Reserves spread at 80,777 km² of mosaic habitats.

Lately, the Project Elephant has been digitizing thematic and spatial information pertaining to the Elephant Reserves so that the database can be readily accessed. With this objective, the all-India atlas of the Elephant Reserves of India first published during August 2022 is currently revised. In this revised edition, several additional thematic details that were perceived to be important following the feedback for the first edition, have been included for the Elephant Reserves. The details additionally incorporated in the revised edition include the (i) biogeographic region in which the Elephant Reserve falls, (ii) the mean annual rainfall, (iii) the number of revenue villages occurring within the Elephant Reserve, (iv) extent of different types of main roads passing through the Elephant Reserve (v) the extent of irrigation canals and the power lines passing through the Elephant Reserve (vi) the extent of mining area, (vii) forest administrative details like the Forest Ranges encompassing the Elephant Reserve and the Protected Areas and Tiger Reserves falling with the Elephant Reserve, and (viii) the elephant population estimated in the Elephant Reserve. The elephant corridors falling within the Elephant Reserve have also been indicated in the maps.

With the inclusion of the aforementioned details, the atlas would serve as a more comprehensive reference material for the Elephant Reserves. The endeavor of the Project Elephant is to make all this information digitally available for the State Forest Departments. As Elephant Reserves are steadily evolving as a rational management unit for elephants in the country, maintaining digital database in an updated manner assumes greater importance.

Ramesh Kumar Pandey, IFS
Inspector General of Forests (PT & E), and Director, Project Elephant



Elephant Reserves of India

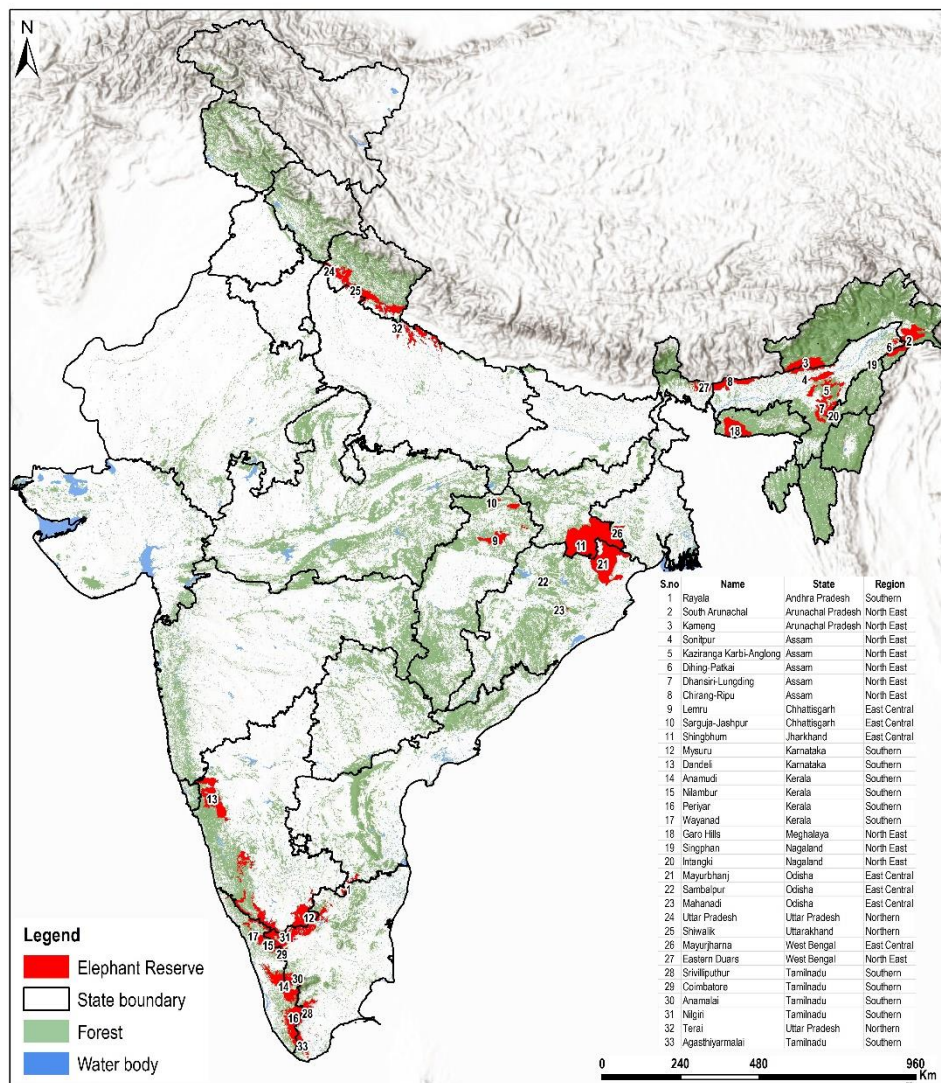


Table 1 Elephant Reserves in the country

S.no	Elephant Reserve	State	Area (km ²)	P.A in ER (km ²)
1	Rayala	Andhra Pradesh	766.0	525.0
2	Kameng	Arunachal Pradesh	1892.0	748.0
3	South Arunachal	Arunachal Pradesh	1957.5	378.1
4	Chirang-Ripu	Assam	2600.0	526.0
5	Dhansiri-Lungding	Assam	2740.0	-
6	Dihing-Patkai	Assam	937.0	345.0
7	Kaziranga-Karbi Anglong	Assam	3270.0	1073.0
8	Sonitpur	Assam	1420.0	420.0
9	Sarguja-Jashpur	Chhattisgarh	1143.3	1143.3
10	Lemru	Chhattisgarh	1995.0	-
11	Singbhum	Jharkhand	13440.0	193.0
12	Dandeli	Karnataka	2321.0	-
13	Mysuru	Karnataka	8055.9	3103.0
14	Anamudi	Kerala	3728.0	780.0
15	Nilambur	Kerala	1419.0	90.0
16	Periyar	Kerala	3742.0	1058.0
17	Wayanad	Kerala	1200.0	394.0
18	Garo Hills	Meghalaya	3500.0	402.0
19	Intanki	Nagaland	202.0	202.0
20	Singphan	Nagaland	23.5	-
21	Mahanadi	Odisha	1038.3	964.0
22	Mayurbhanj	Odisha	3213.8	1309.0
23	Sambalpur	Odisha	426.9	427.0
24	Anamalai	Tamil Nadu	1457.2	300.0
25	Coimbatore	Tamil Nadu	565.5	482.0
26	Nilgiri	Tamil Nadu	4662.4	716.0
27	Srivilliputhur	Tamil Nadu	1249.1	568.0
28	Agasthiyarmalai	Tamil Nadu	1197.5	1197.5
29	Uttar Pradesh	Uttar Pradesh	744.0	-
30	Terai	Uttar Pradesh	3072.3	1117.0
31	Shivalik	Uttarakhand	5406.0	1340.0
32	Eastern Duars	West Bengal	977.5	484.0
33	Mayurjharna	West Bengal	414.0	-
Total			80777.1	20284.9



Table 2 State wise Elephant Reserves in the country

S.no	State	Number of Elephant Reserves
1	Andhra Pradesh	1
2	Arunachal Pradesh	2
3	Assam	5
4	Chhattisgarh	2
5	Jharkhand	1
6	Karnataka	2
7	Kerala	4
8	Meghalaya	1
9	Nagaland	2
10	Odisha	3
11	Tamil Nadu	5
12	Uttar Pradesh	2
13	Uttarakhand	1
14	West Bengal	2
	Total	33

Geospatial Layers used

- 1) Forest cover map of India (*Forest Survey India – 2017*)
- 2) Forest type map of India (*Forest Survey India – 2009*)
- 3) Road (*Source: Open street maps*) and Railway (*Source - Indian Railways*)
- 4) Administrative boundary layers - taluk, state, reserve forest and forest division.
- 5) ESRI World hill shade layer was used as a base layer to depict the extent of the Elephant Reserves. (*Sources: ESRI, Airbus DS, USGS, NGA, NASA, CGIAR, N Robinson, NCEAS, NLS, OS, NMA, Geodatastyrelsen,*

Rijkswaterstaat, GSA, Geoland, FEMA, Intermap and the GIS user community).

- 6) Details of the geospatial used to map the Elephant Reserves and sources of the same is mentioned in Table-3.

Table 3 Details and source of Elephant Reserve geospatial layers

Source	No of State	Elephant Reserve
Geospatial layer of the Elephant Reserves directly obtained from State Forest Departments	13	30 (Andhra Pradesh-1, Arunachal Pradesh-2, Assam-5, Chhattisgarh-1, Karnataka-2, Kerala-4, Jharkhand-1, Odisha-3, Meghalaya-1, Nagaland-2, Tamil Nadu-4, Uttar Pradesh-1, West Bengal-2)
Digitized from gazette notifications	3	3 (Uttarakhand-1, Tamilnadu – 1, Uttar Pradesh - 1)

Software used

All the maps of Elephant Reserves were generated in ArcGIS 10.6.1 platform.

Elephant Reserve boundary received from State Forest Department

The geospatial layers of 30 out of 33 Elephant Reserves (Andhra Pradesh-1, Arunachal Pradesh-2, Assam-5, Chhattisgarh-1, Karnataka-2, Kerala-4, Jharkhand-1, Odisha-3, Meghalaya-1, Nagaland-2, Tamil Nadu-4, Uttar Pradesh-1, West Bengal-2) were received from State Forest Departments through Project Elephant Division.



Table 4 List of Elephant Reserve mapped from the forest department data

Name of Elephant Reserve	State	Area (km ²)	Notified year
Rayala	Andhra	766.0	2003
Kameng	Arunachal Pradesh	1892.0	2002
South Arunachal	Arunachal Pradesh	1957.5	2008
Chirang-Ripu	Assam	1420.0	2003
Dhansiri-Lungding	Assam	2740.0	2003
Dihing-Patkai	Assam	937.0	2003
Kaziranga-Karbi-Anglong	Assam	3270.0	2003
Sonitpur	Assam	2600.0	2003
Sarguja Jashpur	Chhattisgarh	1143.34	2011
Lemru	Chhattisgarh	1995.0	2021
Singhbhum	Jharkhand	1344	2001
Dandeli	Karnataka	2321.0	2015
Mysuru	Karnataka	8055.9	2002
Anamudi	Kerala	3728.0	2002
Nilambur	Kerala	1419.0	2002
Periyar	Kerala	3742.0	2002
Wayanad	Kerala	1200.0	2002
Mahanadi	Odisha	1038.3	2002
Sambalpur	Odisha	427.0	2002
Mayurbhanj	Odisha	3213.8	2001
Garo Hills	Meghalaya	3500.0	2001
Intanki	Nagaland	202.0	2005
Singphan	Nagaland	23.5	2018
Nilgiri	Tamil Nadu	4663.0	2003
Coimbatore	Tamil Nadu	566.0	2003
Anamalai	Tamil Nadu	1457.0	2003
Srivilliputhur	Tamil Nadu	1249.0	2003
Uttar Pradesh	Uttar Pradesh	744.0	2009
Eastern Dooars	West Bengal	978.0	2002
Mayurjharna	West Bengal	414.0	2002

Elephant Reserves digitized from the gazette notification

Shivalik Elephant Reserve from Uttarakhand, Agasthyamalai Elephant Reserve from Tamilnadu and Terai Elephant Reserve from Uttar Pradesh were mapped using the gazette notification of State Forest Department along with the spatial layers from various sources. All these Elephant Reserve boundaries needs validation by the respective State Forest Departments before finalization.

Table 5 List of Elephant Reserve mapped using gazette notification

Name of Elephant Reserve	State	Area (km ²)	Notified year
Shivalik	Uttarakhand	5405.0	2002
Agasthiyarmalai	Tamil Nadu	1197.5	2022
Terai	Uttar Pradesh	3072.3	2022



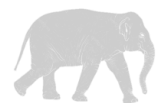
Andhra Pradesh - Rayala Elephant Reserve

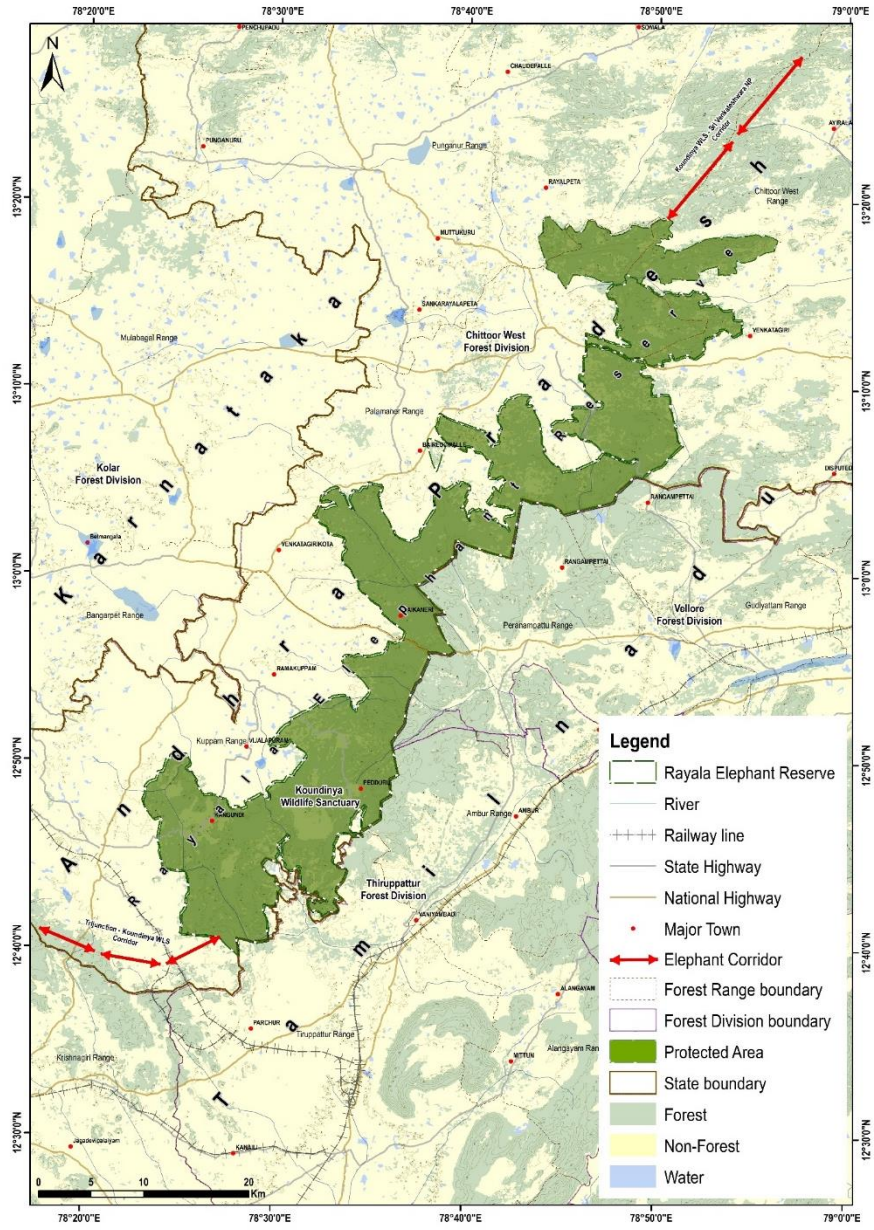
The Rayala Elephant Reserve was notified on 09/02/2003 vide G.O.Ms.No.106 by the Andhra Pradesh Forest Department in pursuance to the guidelines provided by the Project Elephant Division, MoEF&CC, Govt. of India. It includes Koundinya Wildlife Sanctuary and reserve forest area of Chittoor West Forest Division.

According to the FSI Forest Type (2009) classification data various forest types in the Rayala Elephant Reserve include the dry deciduous scrub, Southern dry mixed deciduous forest, Southern thorn forest and plantations.

The Rayala Elephant Reserve has an area of 766 km² located in the southern region of the state and borders the forests of Tamil Nadu which is prominently situated in the Eastern Ghats.

Details	
Elephant Reserve	Rayala Elephant Reserve
Biogeographic region	Deccan Peninsula
Geo Coordinates	12° 37' 30" - 13° 59' 30" 78° 14' 0" - 79° 06' 30"
Elevation	356 – 817 m MSL
Extent	766 km ²
Major Forest Type	5/DS1 Dry Deciduous Scrub 5A/3C Southern Dry Mixed Deciduous Forest 6A/C1 Southern Thorn Forest Plantations
Temperature	25°C - 40°C
Average rainfall	810 mm
Year of notification	2003
District	Chittoor
Protected Area	Koundinya Wildlife Sanctuary – 357 km ²
Tiger Reserve	Not available
Division	Chittoor West Forest Division - 766 km ²
Range / Reserve forest	Kuppam Palamaner Chittoor West Punganur
State	Andhra Pradesh
Region	Southern
No. of revenue village	81
Road	43 km
Rail	None
Canal	None
Power line	17 km
Mining area	None
Forest Area (%)	92.5 %
Non - Forest Area (%)	7.5 %
Elephant Population in the state	65
Adjacent Elephant Reserves	None





Rayala Elephant Reserve, Andhra Pradesh



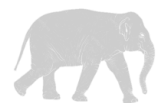
Arunachal Pradesh – Kameng Elephant Reserve

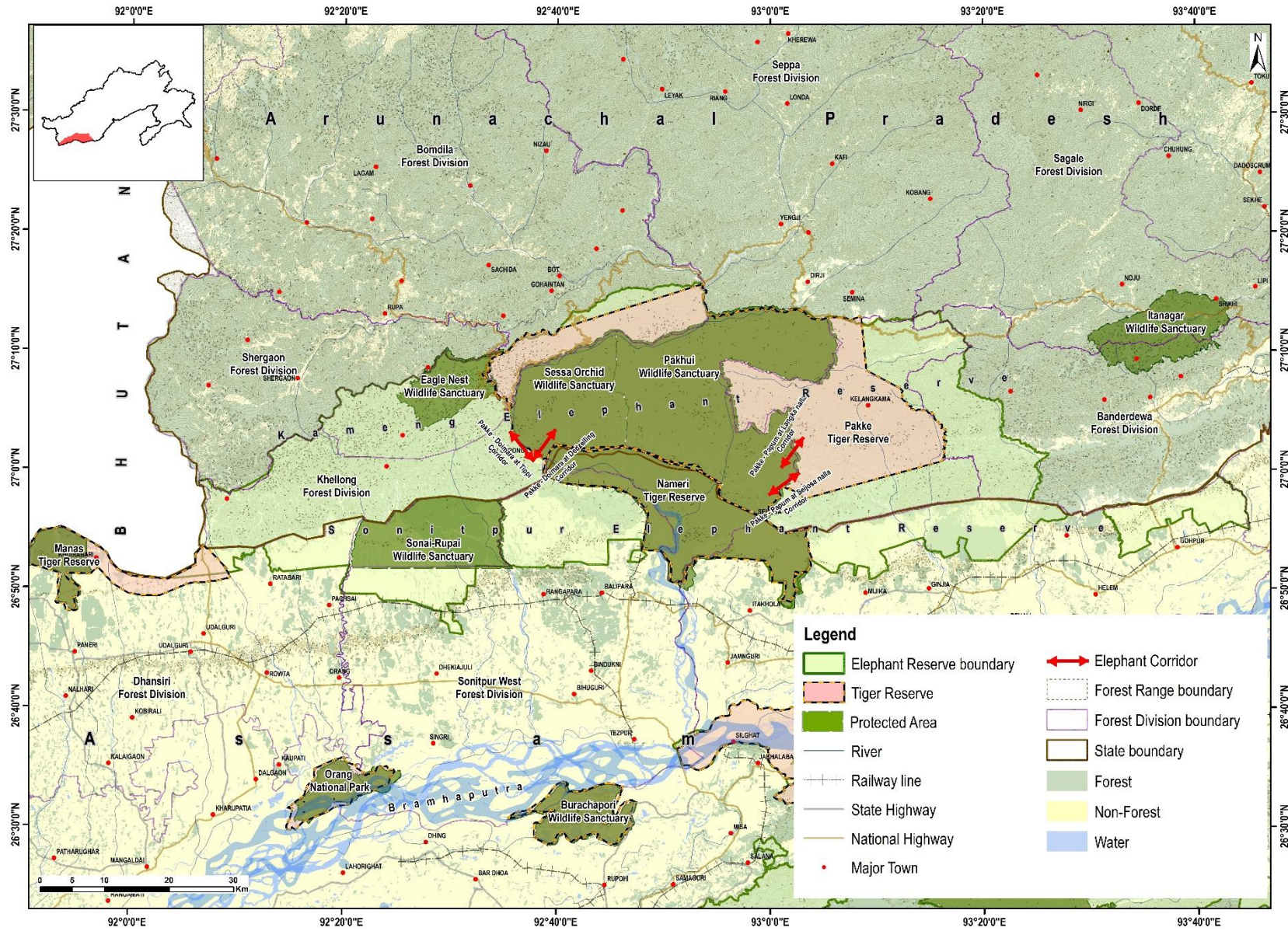
Kameng Elephant Reserve was notified on 19/06/2006 vide No. CWL/D/7/2001/2868-2943 by the Arunachal Pradesh Environment and Forests department in pursuance to the guidelines provided by the Project Elephant Division, MoEF&CC Govt. of India. The reserve includes reserve forest and Protected Areas in Pakke Wildlife Sanctuary, Eagle Nest Wildlife Sanctuary, Sessa Orchid Sanctuary and Khellong Forest Division.

According to the FSI Forest Type (2009) classification data, various forest type in the Kameng Elephant Reserve includes Kayea forest, Assam alluvial plains semi-evergreen forest, East- Himalayan sub-tropical wet hill, Assam sub-tropical pine forest and East Himalayan mixed coniferous forest.

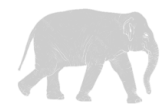
Kameng Elephant Reserve has an area of 1,892 km² and is contiguous with the Nameri National Park and Sonai-Rupai Wildlife Sanctuary (Sonitpur Elephant Reserve) in Assam, which has habitat contiguity with Bhutan on the northern side and connects with the Manas Biosphere in the south, extending up to the Dooars belt through the foothills of Himalayas and the Terai tract.

Details	
Elephant Reserve	Kameng Elephant Reserve
Biogeographic region	East Himalaya
Geo Coordinates	26°58'58" - 27°1'18" 92°6'41" - 93°26'8"
Elevation	106m – 3222m MSL
Extent	1892 km ²
Major Forest Type	1B/C2a Kayea Forest 2B/ C1a Assam Alluvial Plains Semi-Evergreen Forest 8B/C1 East Himalayan Subtropical Wet Hill 9/C2 Assam Subtropical Pine Forest 12/C3a East Himalayan Mixed Coniferous Forest
Temperature	7.5°C - 38°C
Average rainfall	2508 mm
Year of notification	2002
District	West Kameng East Kameng
Protected Area	Pakke Wildlife Sanctuary – 861.5 km ² Eaglenest Wildlife Sanctuary – 217 km ² Sessa Orchid Sanctuary – 100 km ²
Tiger Reserve	Pakke Tiger Reserve – 1198.45 km ²
Division	Khellong Territorial Division- 1892 km ²
Range / Reserve forest	Amartala RF Doimara RF Papum RF
State	Arunachal Pradesh
Region	North Eastern
No. of revenue village	53
Road	127 km
Rail	2 km
Canal	None
Power line	9 km
Mining area	None
Forest Area (%)	99 %
Non - Forest Area (%)	1 %
Elephant Population in the state	1614
Adjacent Elephant Reserves	Sonitpur Elephant Reserve, Assam





Kameng Elephant Reserve, Arunachal Pradesh



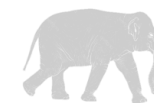
Arunachal Pradesh - South Arunachal Elephant Reserve

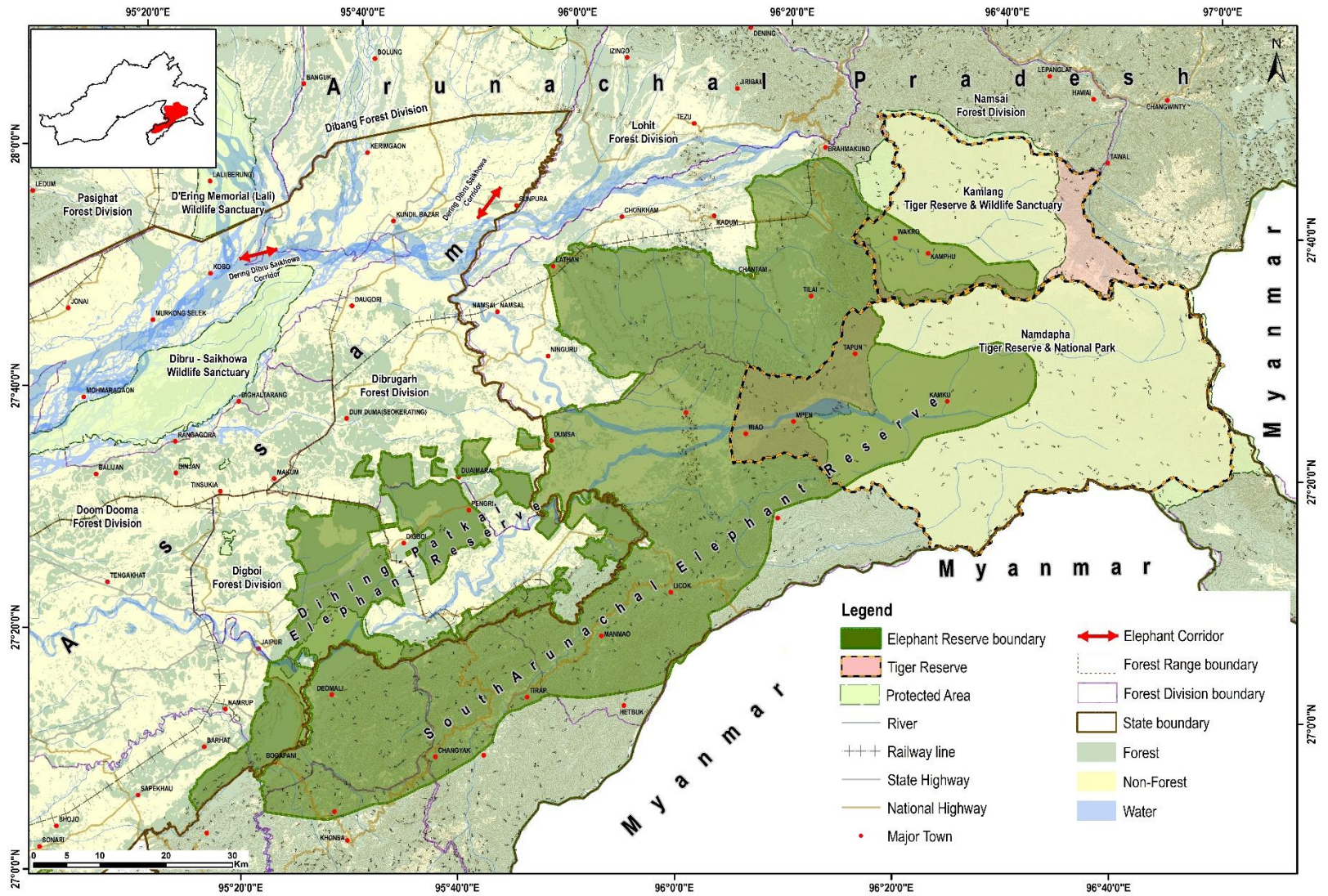
South Arunachal Elephant Reserve was notified on 29/04/2008 vide No. CWL/D/21(14)06/07/517-67 by the Arunachal Pradesh Environment and Forests department in pursuance to the guidelines provided by the Project Elephant Division, MoEF&CC, Govt. of India. It includes reserve forest and Protected Areas in Deomali forest division, Changlang social forestry division, Nampong forest division, Namsai forest division, Kamlang forest division and Namdapha National Park.

According to the FSI Forest Type (2009) classification data, various forest type in the South Arunachal Elephant Reserve includes pioneer euphorbiaceous scrub, Sub-Himalayan light alluvial semi-evergreen forest, Eastern alluvial secondary semi-evergreen forest, *Terminalia-Duabanga* and East Himalayan sub-alpine birch/fir forest.

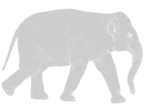
South Arunachal Elephant Reserve has an area of 1957.5 km² and is located in the southern - easternmost part of Arunachal Pradesh which is contiguous with Dihing-Patkai Elephant Reserve of Assam on the west and shares its Southern and Eastern boundary with the Myanmar.

Details	
Elephant Reserve	South Arunachal Elephant Reserve
Biogeographic region	East Himalaya
Geo Coordinates	27°5'25" - 27°40'57" 95°22'33" - 96°39'44"
Elevation	121m – 3756m MSL
Extent	1957.5 km ²
Major Forest Type	1/2S1 Pioneer Euphorbiaceous Scrub, 2B/1S1 Sub-Himalayan Light Alluvial Semi-Evergreen Forest, 2B/2S2 Eastern Alluvial Secondary Semi-Evergreen Forest, 3/1S2b Terminalia-Duabanga, 14/C2 East Himalayan Sub-alpine Birch/Fir Forest
Temperature	7°C - 30°C
Average rainfall	5500 mm
Year of notification	2008
District	Tirap, Changlang and Lohit
Protected Area	Kamlang Wildlife Sanctuary – 160 km ² Namdapha National Park – 392 km ² Sessa Orchid Sanctuary – 100 km ²
Tiger Reserve	Namdapha Tiger Reserve – 654 km ²
Division	Deomali Forest Division, Changlang Social Forestry Division, Nampong Forest Division and Namsai Forest Division
Range / Reserve forest	Kamlang RF, Turung RF, Kamphai RF, Tengapani RF, Manabum RF
State	Arunachal Pradesh
Region	North Eastern
No. of revenue village	414
Road	222 km
Rail	25 km
Canal	None
Power line	None
Mining area	None
Forest Area (%)	85.5 %
Non - Forest Area (%)	14.5 %
Elephant Population in the state	1614
Adjacent Elephant Reserves	Dihing-Patkai Elephant Reserve, Assam





South Arunachal Elephant Reserve, Arunachal Pradesh



Assam – Chirang-Ripu Elephant Reserve

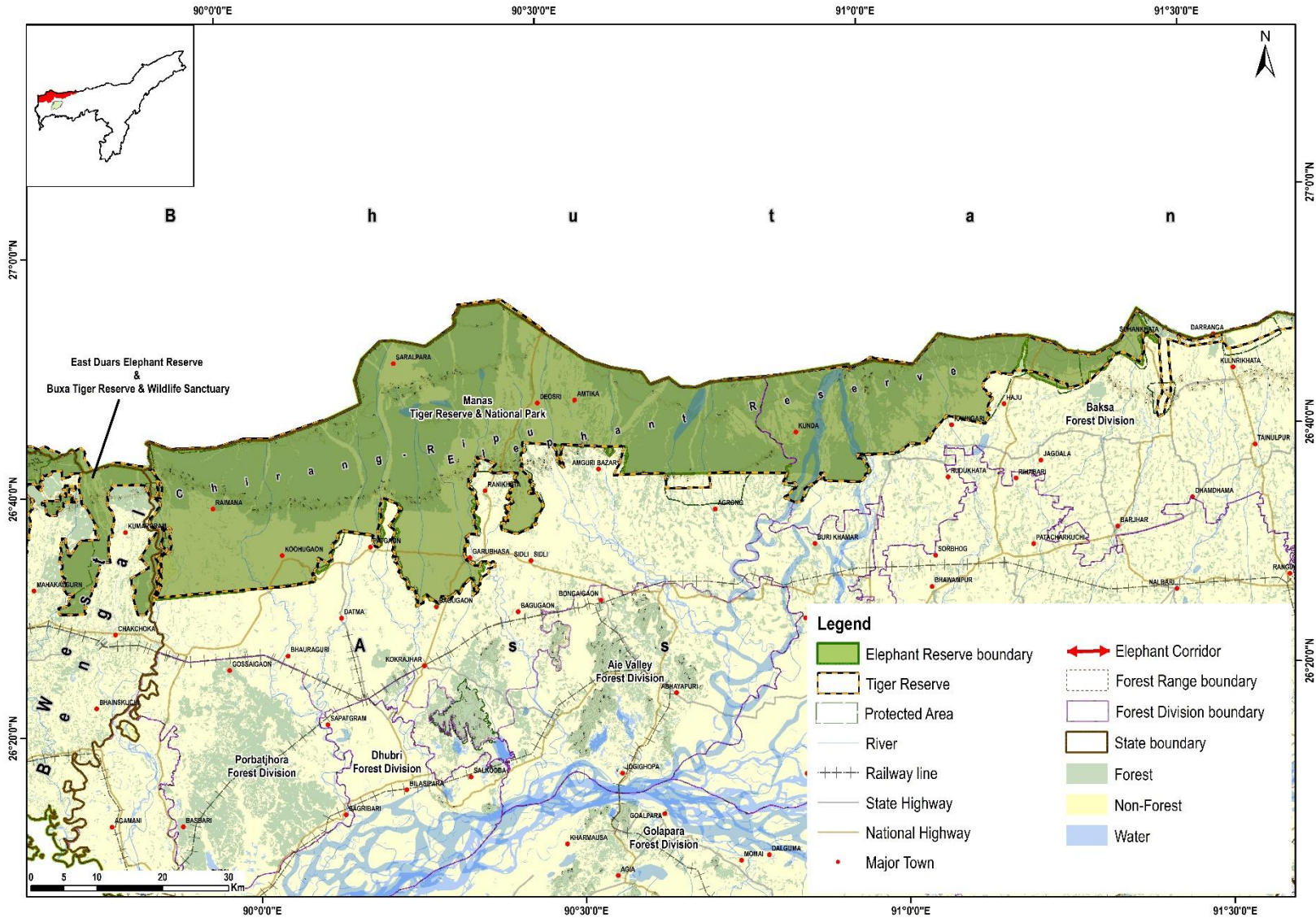
Chirang-Ripu Elephant Reserve was notified on 06/03/2003 vide No. FRW - 44/2002/47 by the Assam Environment and Forests department in pursuance to the guidelines provided by the Project Elephant Division, MoEF&CC, Govt. of India. It includes reserve forest and Protected Areas in Aie valley, Darrang, Haltugaon, Kachugaon, Mangaldoi Wildlife and North Kumrup Forest Divisions along with Manas National Park.

According to the FSI Forest Type (2009) classification data, various forest type in the Chirang – Ripu Elephant Reserve includes pioneer euphorbiaceous scrub, Sub-Himalayan light alluvial semi-evergreen forest, East Himalayan upper Bhabar Sal, East Himalayan moist mixed deciduous forest and Khair Sissoo forest.

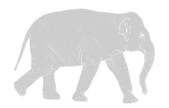
Chirang – Ripu Elephant Reserve has an area of 2,600 km² and is a contiguous habitat with the western boundary bordering Buxa Tiger Reserve (part of Eastern Dooars Elephant Reserve in West Bengal) and northern boundary bordering with Phipsoo Wildlife Sanctuary of Bhutan.

Details	
Elephant Reserve	Chirang Ripu Elephant Reserve
Biogeographic region	North East
Geo Coordinates	26°44'14" - 26°47'24" 89°51'24" - 91°26'43"
Elevation	23m – 418m MSL
Extent	2600 km ²
Major Forest Type	1/2S1 Pioneer Euphorbiaceous Scrub, 2B/1S1 Sub-Himalayan Light Alluvial Semi-Evergreen Forest, 3C/C1b(i) East Himalayan Upper Bhabar Sal, 3C/C3b East Himalayan Moist Mixed Deciduous Forest, 5/1S2 Khair Sissoo Forest
Temperature	6°C - 37°C
Average rainfall	3000 mm
Year of notification	2003
District	Barpeta, Bongaigaon, Darrang, Kamrup, Kokrajhar and Nalbari
Protected Area	Manas National Park – 2600 km ²
Tiger Reserve	Manas Tiger Reserve – 2600 km ²
Division	Darrang Forest Division, Haltugaon Forest Division Kachugaon Forest Division, Mangaldoi Wildlife Forest Division, Baksa Forest Division
Range / Reserve forest	Subankhata RF, Dihira RF, Batabari RF, Deodhara RF, Kokilabari RF, Manas RF, Sissobari RF, Teklai RF, Bengtol RF, Chirang RF, Ripu RF, Kachugaon RF, Khalingduar RF, Darranga RF and Bhairabkunda RF
State	Assam
Region	North Eastern
No. of revenue village	200
Road	84 km
Rail	25 km
Canal	None
Power line	43
Mining area	Information not available
Forest Area (%)	67 %
Non - Forest Area (%)	33%
Elephant Population in the state	5719
Adjacent Elephant Reserves	Eastern Dooars Elephant Reserve, West Bengal





Chirang-Ripu Elephant Reserve, Assam



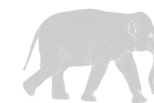
Assam – Dhansiri-Lungding Elephant Reserve

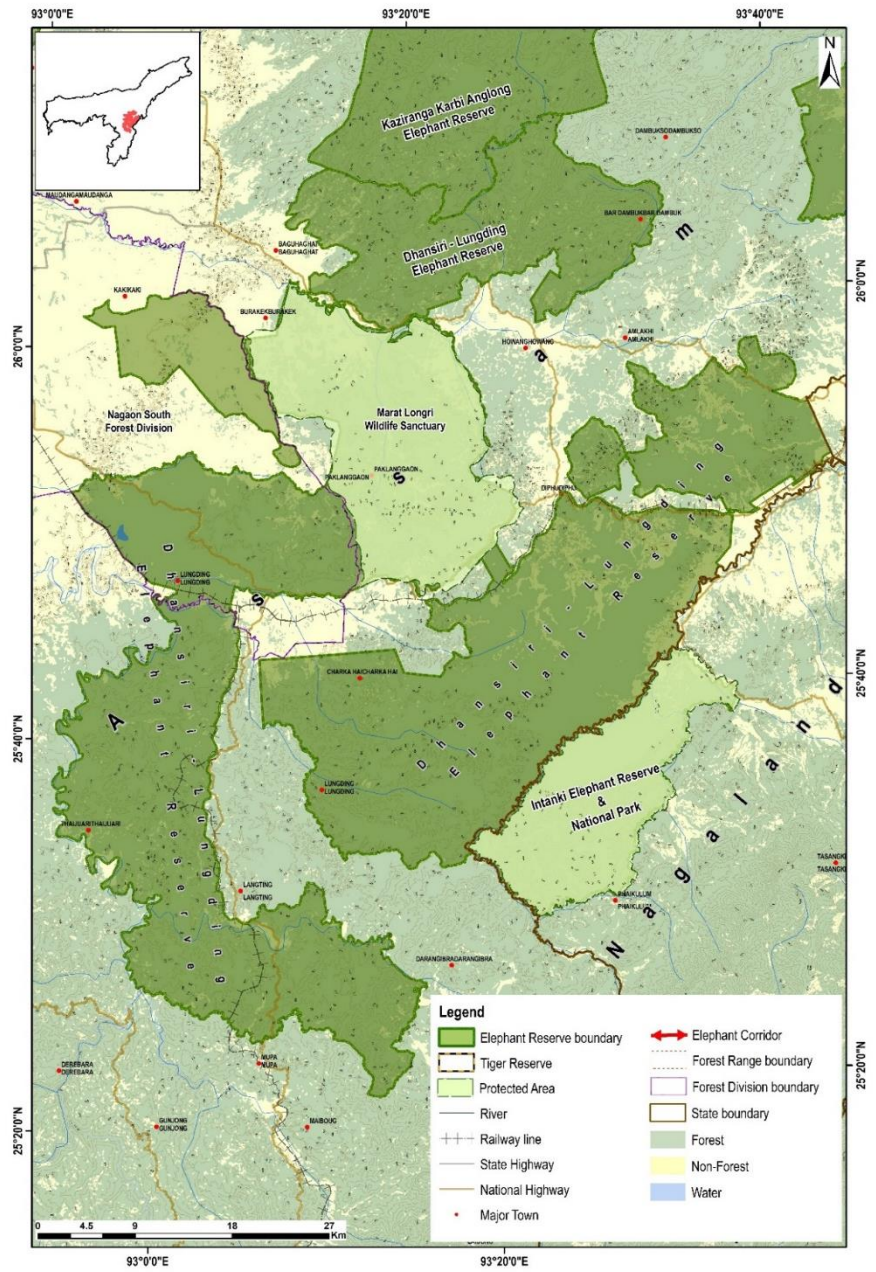
Dhansiri - Lungding Elephant Reserve was notified on 19/04/2003 vide No. FRW - 44/2002/70-A by the Assam Environment and Forests department in pursuance to the guidelines provided by the Project Elephant Division, MoEF&CC, Govt. of India. It encompasses reserve forest and Protected Areas in Karbi-Anglong East, Karbi – Anglong West, Nagaon South and North Cachar Hills Forest Divisions.

According to the FSI Forest Type (2009) classification data, various forest type in the Dhansiri-Lungding Elephant Reserve includes Cachar tropical evergreen forest, pioneer euphorbiaceous scrub, Cachar tropical semi-evergreen forest, secondary moist bamboo brakes, App. Kamrup Sal, East Himalayan moist mixed deciduous forest and Northern secondary moist mixed deciduous forest.

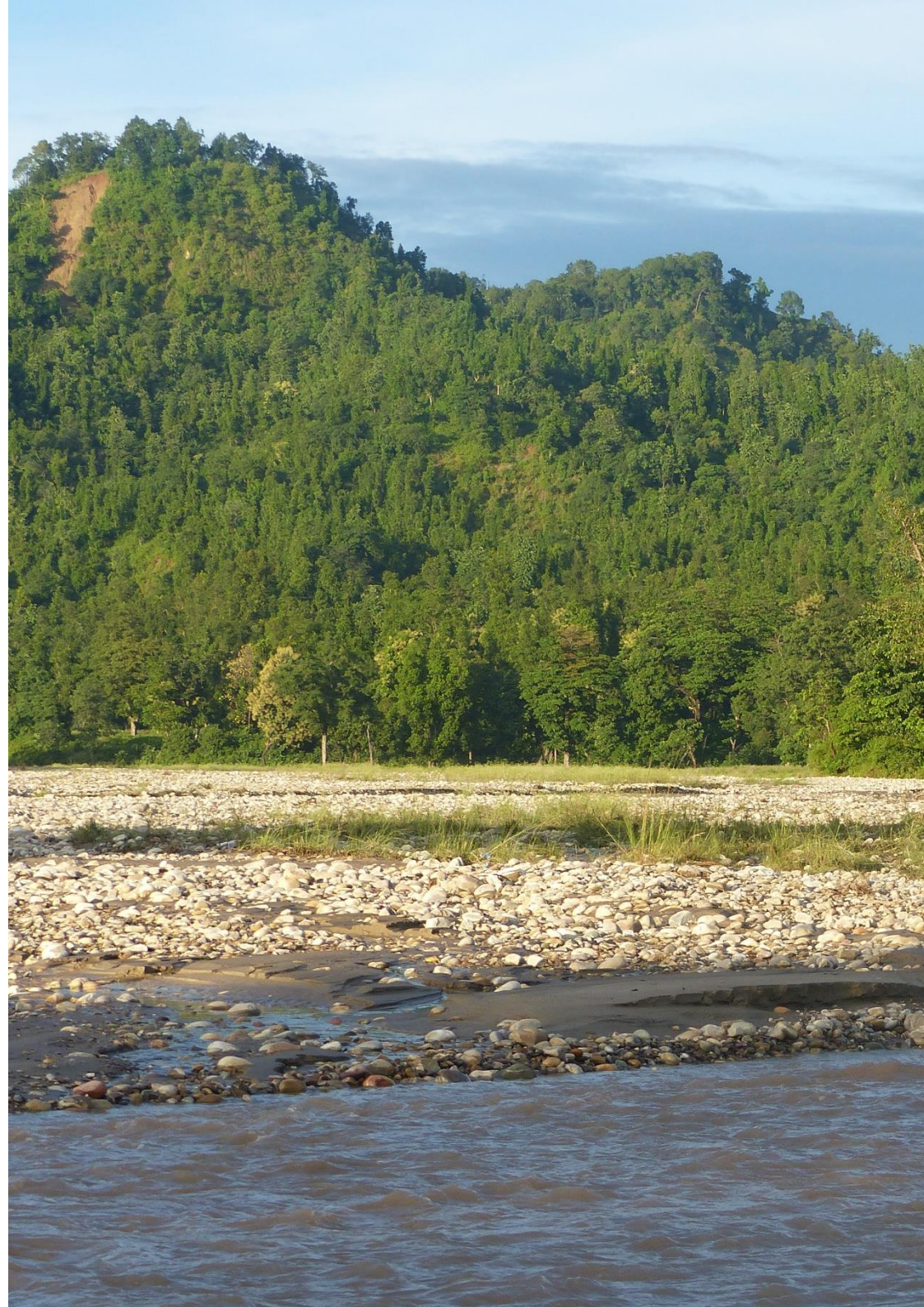
Dhansiri-Lungding Elephant Reserve has an area of 2,740 km² which is contiguous habitat with the Northern boundary bordering Kaziranga-Karbi Anglong Elephant Reserve in Assam and Eastern boundary bordering Intanki Elephant Reserve of Nagaland.

Details	
Elephant Reserve	Dhansiri - Lungding Elephant Reserve
Biogeographic region	North East
Geo Coordinates	26°9'43" - 25°20'30 93°28'11" - 93°13'23
Elevation	70m – 1239m MSL
Extent	2740 km ²
Major Forest Type	1B/C3 Cachar Tropical Evergreen Forest, 1/2S1 Pioneer Euphorbiaceous Scrub, 2B/C2 Cachar Tropical Semi-Evergreen Forest, 2/2S1 Secondary Moist Bamboo Brakes, 3C/C2d (iv) App. Kamrup Sal, 3C/C3b East Himalayan Moist Mixed Deciduous Forest, 3C/2S1 Northern Secondary Moist Mixed Deciduous Forest
Temperature	17°C - 28°C
Average rainfall	1980 mm
Year of notification	2003
District	Karbi Anglong, Nagaon and North Cachar Hills.
Protected Area	Marat Longri Wildlife Sanctuary – 451 km ²
Tiger Reserve	Not available
Division	Karbi Anglong East Forest Division Karbi Anglong West Forest Division Nagaon South Forest Division North Cachar Hills Forest Division
Range / Reserve forest	Lumding RF, Inlongiri council RF, Kaki RF, Disama RF, Longnit council RF, Khunbamon RF, Jamuna RF, Tamulbai council RF, Dhansiri RF, Daldai RF, Barlangpher council RF and Langting – Mupa RF.
State	Assam
Region	North Eastern
No. of revenue village	400
Road	104 km
Rail	54 km
Canal	None
Power line	35 km
Mining area	Information not available
Forest Area (%)	89 %
Non - Forest Area (%)	11 %





Dhansiri Lungding Elephant Reserve, Assam



Assam – Dihing-Patkai Elephant Reserve

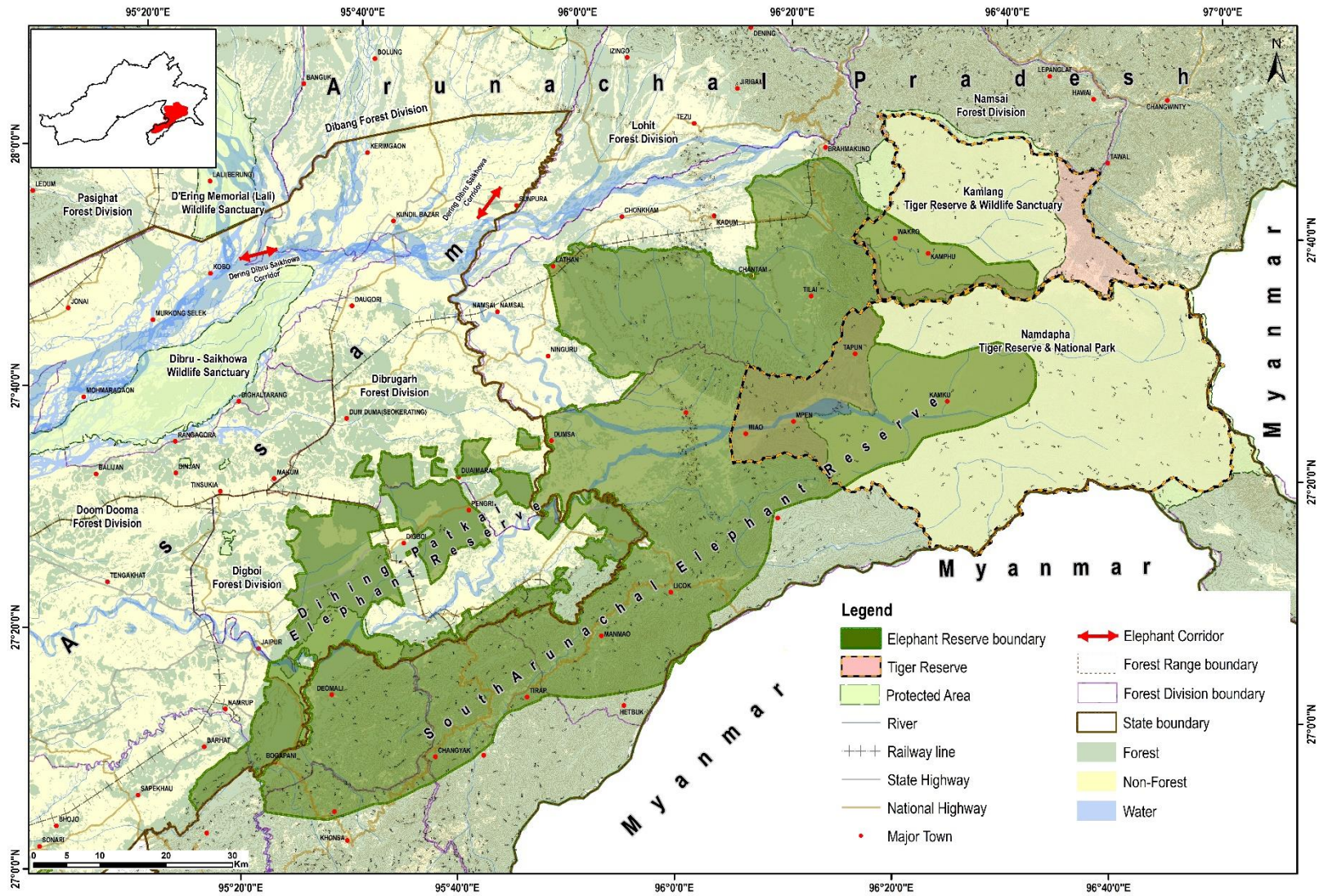
Dihing - Patkai Elephant Reserve was notified on 17/04/2003 vide No. FRW - 44/2002/67-A by the Assam Environment and Forests department in pursuance to the guidelines provided by the Project Elephant Division, MoEF&CC, Govt. of India. It includes reserve forest and Protected Areas in Dibrugarh, Digboi, Dum Duma and Sivasagar Forest Divisions.

According to the FSI Forest Type (2009) classification data, various forest type in the Dihing - Patkai Elephant Reserve includes Assam valley tropical wet evergreen forest (*Dipterocarpus*), Kayea forest, Sub-Himalayan light alluvial semi-evergreen forest and secondary moist bamboo brakes.

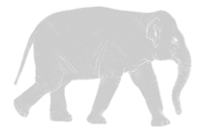
Dihing - Patkai Elephant Reserve consists of an area of 937 km² and is located in the eastern most part of Assam bordering with the South Arunachal Elephant Reserve of Arunachal Pradesh in the eastern region and Singphan Elephant Reserve in the South.

Details	
Elephant Reserve	Dihing - Patkai Elephant Reserve
Biogeographic region	North East
Geo Coordinates	26°56'47" - 27°22'14" 94°55'26" - 96°1'9"
Elevation	83m – 576m MSL
Extent	937 km ²
Major Forest Type	1B/C1 Assam Valley Tropical Wet Evergreen Forest (<i>Dipterocarpus</i>) 1B/C2a Kayea Forest 2B/1S1 Sub-Himalayan Light Alluvial Semi-Evergreen Forest 2/2S1 Secondary Moist Bamboo Brakes
Temperature	6°C - 38°C
Average rainfall	4000 mm
Year of notification	2003
District	Dibrugarh, Sivasagar and Tinsukia.
Protected Area	Dihing Patkai Wildlife Sanctuary – 231.65 km ²
Tiger Reserve	Not available
Division	Dibrugarh Forest Division Sivasagar Forest Division Tinsukia Forest Division
Range / Reserve forest	Upper Dihing RF, Digboi RF Dirak RF, Dilli RF, Joypur RF, Kakojan RF, Bodapani RF, Namphai RF, Tinkopani RF, Tipong RF, Lekhapani RF, Saleki RF, Makumpani RF, Paharpur RF, Abhoypur RF, Burhi-Dihing RF, Duarmara RF, Kotha RF, Naloni RF, Phillobari RF, Tokouoni RF and Torani RF
State	Assam
Region	North Eastern
No. of revenue village	170
Road	57.4 km
Rail	7.4 km
Canal	Not inside the ER
Power line	3 km
Mining area	Information not available
Forest Area (%)	83.5 %
Non - Forest Area (%)	16.5 %
Elephant Population in the state	5719
Adjacent Elephant Reserves	South Arunachal Elephant Reserve, Arunachal Pradesh and Singphan Elephant Reserve, Nagaland.





Dihing-Patkai Elephant Reserve, Assam



Assam – Kaziranga-Karbi-Anglong Elephant Reserve

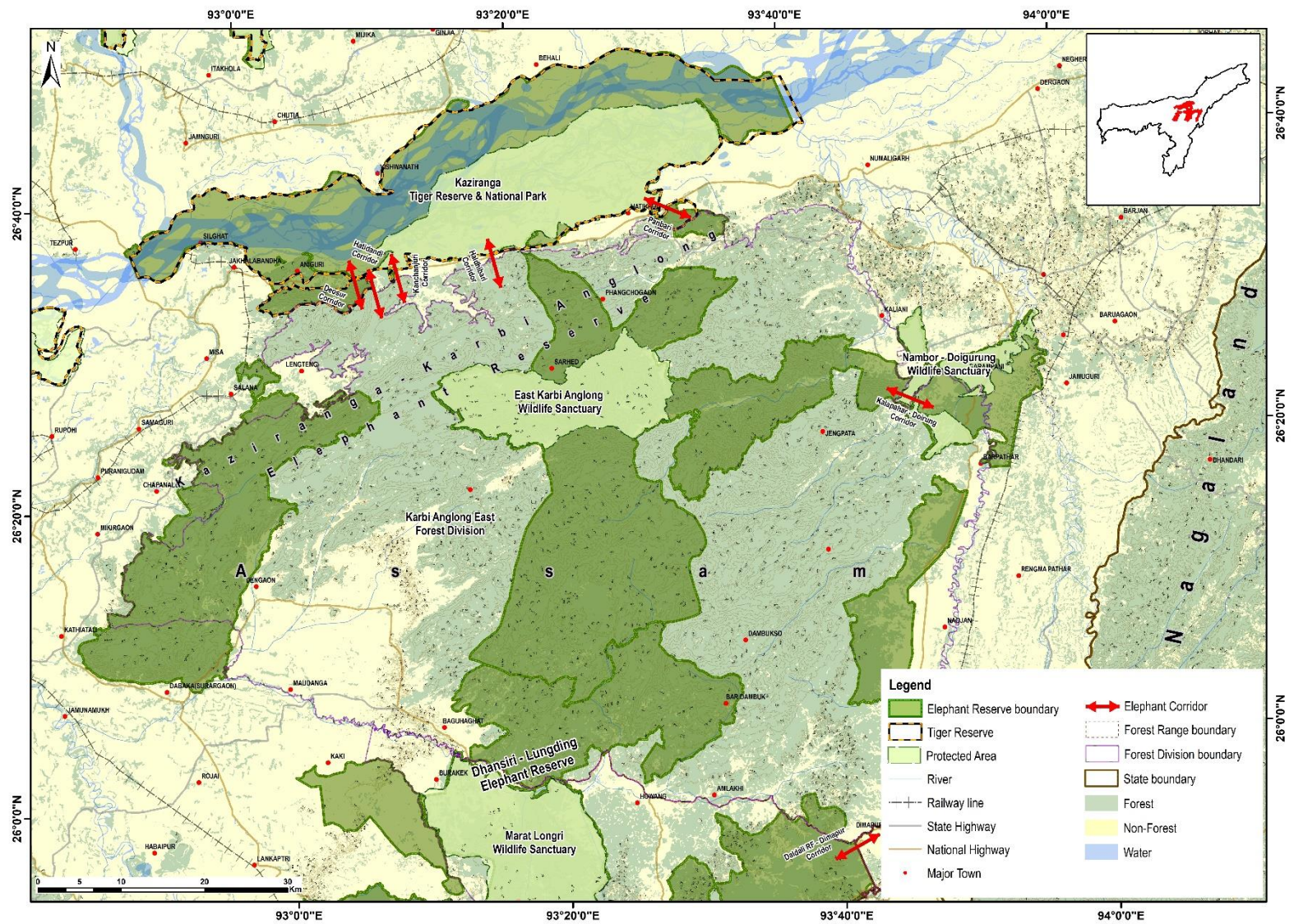
Kaziranga-Karbi-Anglong Elephant Reserve was notified on 17/04/2003 vide No. FRW - 44/2002/64-A by the Assam Environment and Forests department in pursuance to the guidelines provided by the Project Elephant Division, MoEF&CC, Govt. of India. It encompasses reserve forest and Protected Areas in Eastern Assam Wildlife forest division, Golaghat, Karbi Anglong East, Nagaon and Nagaon South Forest Divisions.

According to the FSI Forest Type (2009) classification data, various forest type in the Kaziranga-Karbi-Anglong Elephant Reserve includes Assam valley tropical wet evergreen forest (*Dipterocarpus*), Kayea forest, Sub-Himalayan light alluvial semi-evergreen forest and secondary moist bamboo brakes.

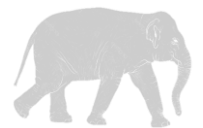
Kaziranga-Karbi-Anglong Elephant Reserve consists of an area of 3270 km² located in the central Assam region. It is a contiguous habitat with the southern boundary of the reserve bordering with the Dhansiri-Lungding Elephant Reserve in Assam.

Details	
Elephant Reserve	Kaziranga-Karbi-Anglong Elephant Reserve
Biogeographic region	North East
Geo Coordinates	26°36'59" - 26°18'8" / 92°50'54" - 93°54'35"
Elevation	27m – 1361m MSL
Extent	3270 km ²
Major Forest Type	1B/C1 Assam Valley Tropical Wet Evergreen Forest (<i>Dipterocarpus</i>), 1B/C2a Kayea Forest, 2B/1S1 Sub-Himalayan Light Alluvial Semi-Evergreen Forest, 2/2S1 Secondary Moist Bamboo Brakes
Temperature	6°C - 32°C
Average rainfall	2500 mm
Year of notification	2003
District	Golaghat, Karbi Anglong, Nagaon and Sonitpur
Protected Area	Kaziranga National Park – 859 km ² East Karbi-Anglong Wildlife Sanctuary – 221.81 km ²
Tiger Reserve	Kaziranga Tiger Reserve – 1138.17 km ²
Division	Eastern Assam Wildlife Forest Division, Golaghat Forest Division, Karbi Anglong East Forest Division, Nagaon Forest Division, Nagaon South Forest Division
Range / Reserve forest	Panbari RF, Upper Doigurung RF, Nambor RF, Kaliyoni RF, Langlokso RF, Barjuri RF, Jungthung RF, Doboka RF, Suang RF, Diju valley RF, Bagser RF, Kukurakata RF, Diju Valley North RD, Lower Daigurung RF and Haithapahar District council RF.
State	Assam
Region	North Eastern
No. of revenue village	431
Road	57 km
Rail	1.5 km
Canal	None
Power line	42.4 km
Mining area	Information not available
Forest Area (%)	84.2 %
Non - Forest Area (%)	15.8 %
Elephant Population in the state	5719
Adjacent Elephant Reserves	Dhansiri-Lungding Elephant Reserve, Assam





Kaziranga-Karbi-Anglong Elephant Reserve, Assam



Assam – Sonitpur Elephant Reserve

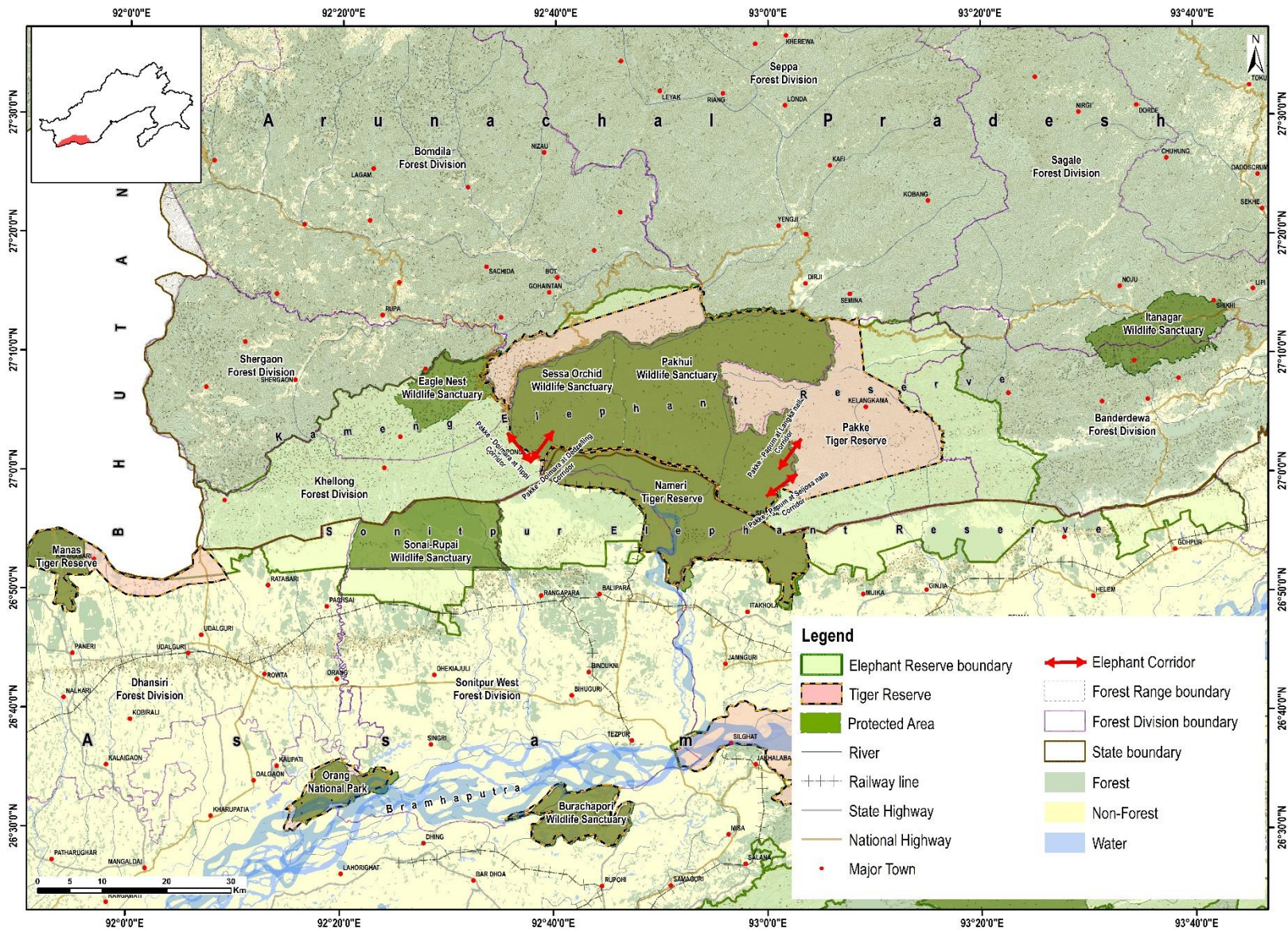
Sonitpur Elephant Reserve was notified on 07/03/2003 vide No. FRW - 44/2002/46-A by the Assam Environment and Forests department in pursuance to the guidelines provided by the Project Elephant Division, MoEF&CC, Govt. of India. It includes reserve forest and Protected Areas in Darrang, Sonitpur East, Sonitpur West, and Western Assam Wildlife Forest Divisions.

According to the FSI Forest Type (2009) classification data, various forest type in the Sonitpur Elephant Reserve includes Mesua forest, Assam alluvial plains semi-evergreen forest, secondary moist bamboo brakes, East Himalayan upper Bhabar Sal and East Himalayan moist mixed deciduous forest.

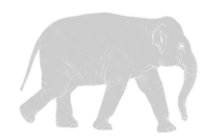
Sonitpur Elephant Reserve consists of an area of 1420 km² and is located in the Northern part of Assam and borders the Kameng Elephant Reserve of Arunachal Pradesh.

Details	
Elephant Reserve	Sonitpur Elephant Reserve
Biogeographic region	North East
Geo Coordinates	26°36'59" - 26°18'8" 92°50'54" - 93°54'35"
Elevation	27m – 1361m MSL
Extent	1420 km ²
Major Forest Type	1B/C2b Mesua Forest 2B/ C1a Assam Alluvial Plains Semi-Evergreen Forest 2/2S1 Secondary Moist Bamboo Brakes 3C/C1b (i) East Himalayan Upper Bhabar Sal 3C/C3b East Himalayan Moist Mixed Deciduous Forest
Temperature	12°C - 28°C
Average rainfall	3000 mm
Year of notification	2003
District	Darrang and Sonitpur
Protected Area	Sonai Rupai Wildlife Sanctuary – 220 km ² Nameri National Park – 200 km ²
Tiger Reserve	Nameri Tiger Reserve – 358.7 km ²
Division	Darrang Forest Division, Sonitpur East Forest Division Sonitpur West Forest Division, Western Assam Wildlife Forest Division
Range / Reserve forest	Singlijan RF, Behali RF, Bishwanath RF, Naduar RF, Balipara RF, Bhairabkunda RF and Gohpur RF
State	Assam
Region	North Eastern
No. of revenue village	185
Road	49 km
Rail	29 km
Canal	Not inside the ER
Power line	64 km
Mining area	Information not available
Forest Area (%)	39 %
Non - Forest Area (%)	61%
Elephant Population in the state	5719
Adjacent Elephant Reserves	Eastern Duars Elephant Reserve, West Bengal





Sonitpur Elephant Reserve, Assam



Chhattisgarh – Sarguja-Jashpur Elephant Reserve

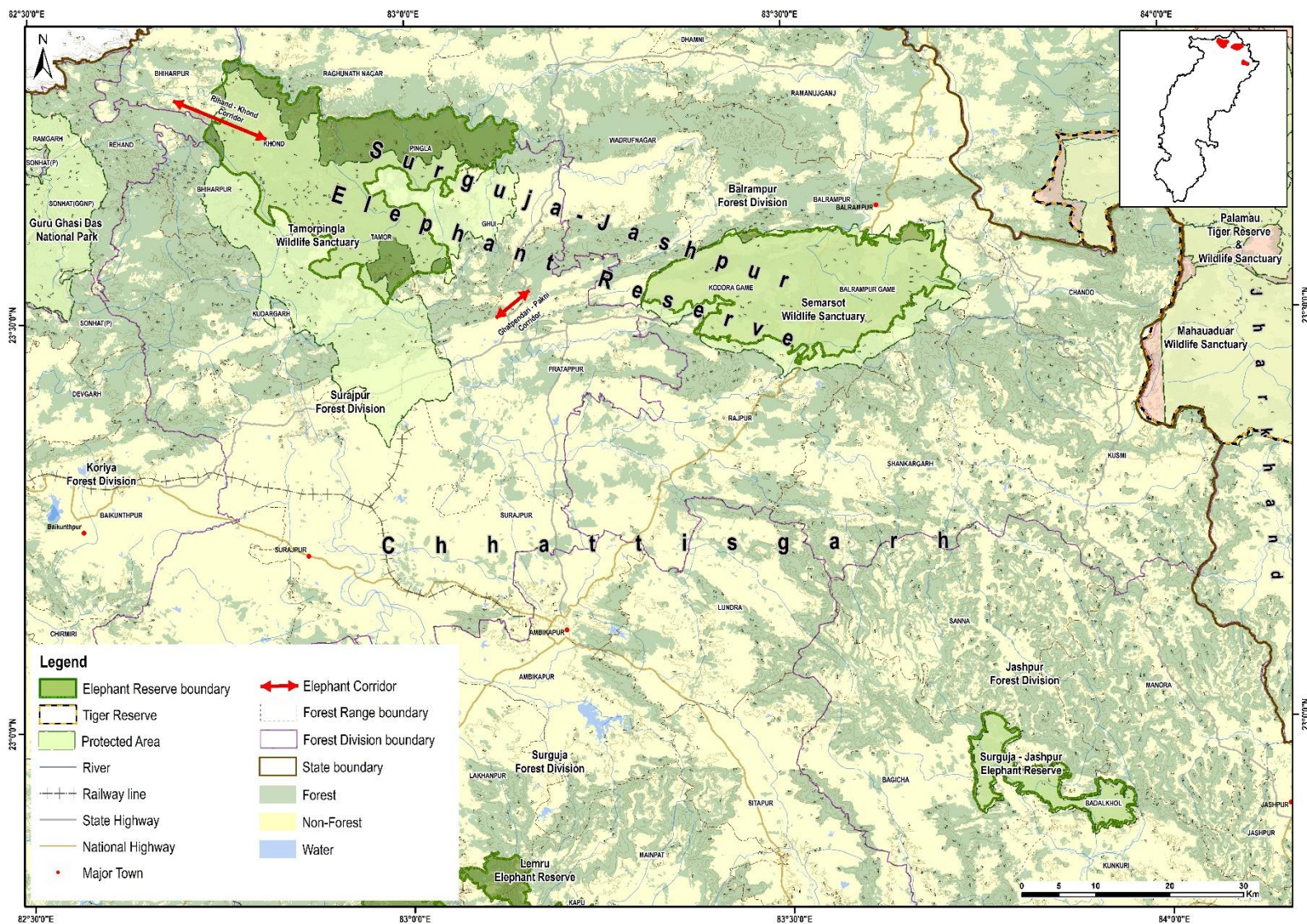
Sarguja-Jashpur Elephant Reserve was notified on 15/09/2011 vide No. F. 86/2007/10-2 by the Chhattisgarh Forest department in pursuance to the guidelines provided by the Project Elephant Division, MoEF&CC, Govt. of India. It includes reserve forest and Protected Areas in North Sarguja, East Surguja and Jashpur Forest Divisions. Semarsot, Tamor-pingla and Badalkol Wildlife Sanctuaries are part of the Forest Divisions

According to the FSI Forest Type (2009) data, various forest type in the Sarguja-Jashpur Elephant Reserve includes Southern moist mixed deciduous forest, Dry peninsular Sal forest, Northern dry mixed deciduous forest, dry deciduous scrub and dry bamboo brake.

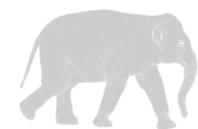
Sarguja-Jashpur Elephant Reserve consists of an area of 1143.34 km² and is located in the northern part of Chhattisgarh.

Details	
Elephant Reserve	Sarguja-Jashpur Elephant Reserve
Biogeographic region	Deccan Peninsula
Geo Coordinates	23°48'59" - 22°53'29" 82°45'59" - 83°57'9"
Elevation	333m – 1236m MSL
Extent	1143.34 km ²
Major Forest Type	3B/C2 Southern Moist Mixed Deciduous Forest, 5B/C1c Dry Peninsular Sal Forest, 5B/C2 Northern Dry Mixed Deciduous Forest, 5/DS1 Dry Deciduous Scrub, 5/E9 Dry Bamboo Brake
Temperature	26°C - 32°C
Average rainfall	2000 mm
Year of notification	2011
District	Sarguja and Jashpur
Protected Area	Semarsot Wildlife Sanctuary – 430.25 km ² Tamor-pingla Wildlife Sanctuary – 608.51 km ² Badalkol Wildlife Sanctuary – 104.45 km ²
Tiger Reserve	Not available
Division	Surguja Forest Division – 430.25 km ² Balrampur Forest Division – 608.51 km ² Jashpur Forest Division – 104.45 km ²
Range / Reserve forest	Khond, Pingla, Tamor, Kodora Game, Balrampur Game and Badalkhol ranges
State	Chhattisgarh
Region	East Central
No. of revenue village	144
Road	50 km
Rail	0 km
Canal	None
Power line	1 km
Mining area	Information not available
Forest Area (%)	80 %
Non - Forest Area (%)	20%
Elephant Population in the state	247
Adjacent Elephant Reserves	None





Political map of Sarguja-Jashpur Elephant Reserve, Chhattisgarh



Chhattisgarh – Lemru Elephant Reserve

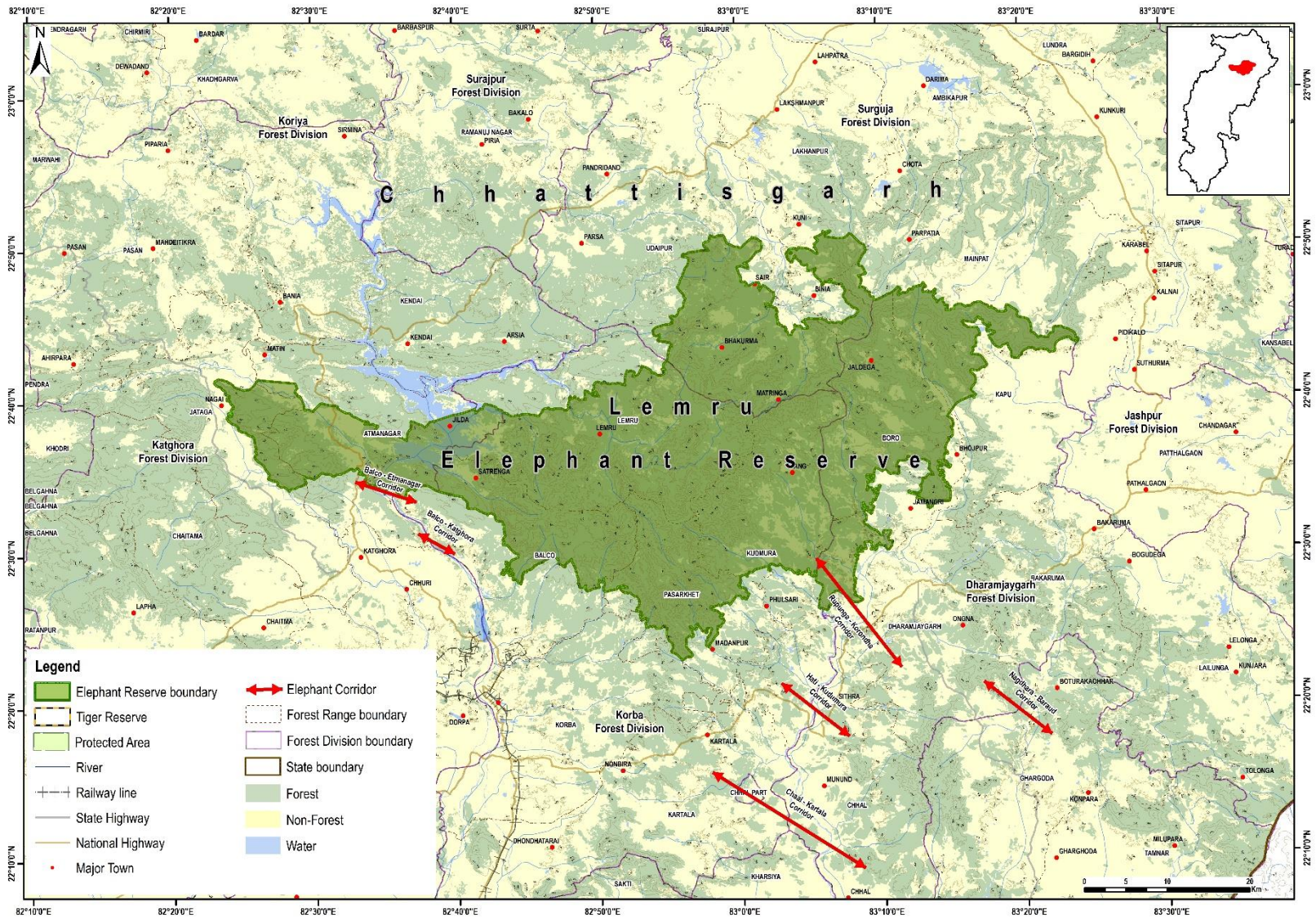
Lemru Elephant Reserve was notified on 07/10/2021 vide No. F. 8-6/2007/10-2 by the Chhattisgarh Forests department in pursuance to the guidelines provided by the Project Elephant Division, MoEF&CC, Govt. of India. It encompasses reserve forest and Protected Areas in Korba, Katghora, Surguja and Dharamjaigarh Forest Divisions.

According to the FSI Forest Type (2009) classification data, various forest type in the Lemru Elephant Reserve includes the Southern moist mixed deciduous forest, moist peninsular low level Sal forest, dry peninsular Sal forest, Northern dry mixed deciduous forest and dry bamboo brake.

Lemru Elephant Reserve consists of an area of 1995.48 km² and located in the Northern part of Chhattisgarh.

Details	
Elephant Reserve	Lemru Elephant Reserve
Biogeographic region	Deccan Peninsula
Geo Coordinates	22°41'28" - 22°43'40" 82°22'58" - 83°23'58"
Elevation	254m – 1164m MSL
Extent	1995.48 km ²
Major Forest Type	3B/C2 Southern Moist Mixed Deciduous Forest 3C/2e (ii) Moist Peninsular Low Level Sal Forests 5B/C1c Dry Peninsular Sal Forest 5B/C2 Northern Dry Mixed Deciduous Forest 5/E9 Dry Bamboo Brake
Temperature	26°C - 32°C
Average rainfall	2000 mm
Year of notification	2011
District	Surguja, Korba and Raigarh
Protected Area	Not available
Tiger Reserve	Not available
Division	Korba Forest Division – 568 km ² Katghora Forest Division – 136 km ² Surguja Forest Division – 191 km ² Dharamjaigarh Forest Division - 248 km ²
Range / Reserve forest	Lemru, Boro, Udaipur, Kapu, Kudmura, Balco and Pasarkhet ranges
State	Chhattisgarh
Region	East Central
No. of revenue village	142
Road	12 km
Rail	None
Canal	None
Power line	38 km
Mining area	Information not available
Forest Area (%)	86 %
Non - Forest Area (%)	14 %
Elephant Population in the state	247
Adjacent Elephant Reserves	None





Lemru Elephant Reserve, Chhattisgarh



Jharkhand – Singhbhum Elephant Reserve

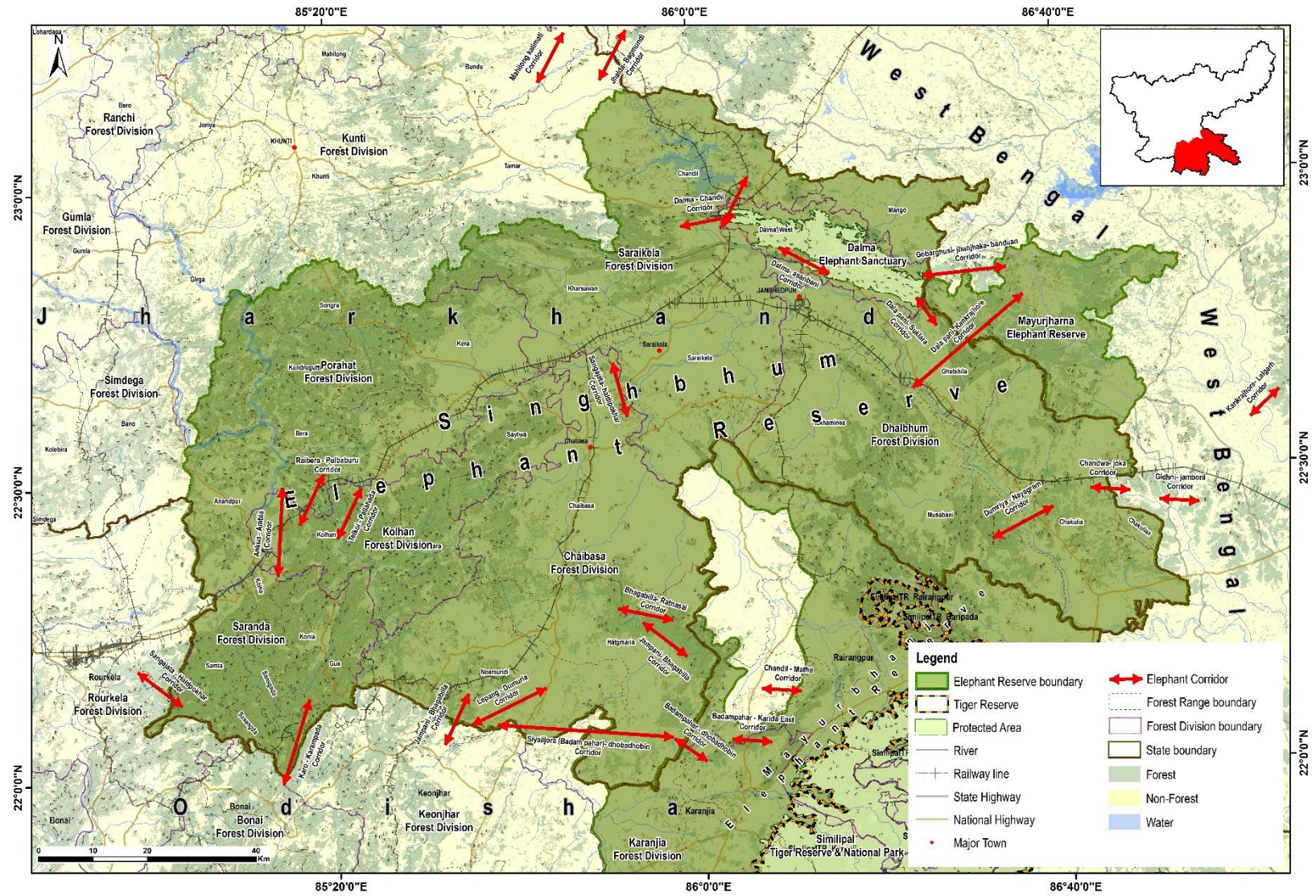
Singhbhum Elephant Reserve was notified on 26/09/2001 vide No. 33/200-3640 by the Jharkhand Forest department in pursuance to the guidelines provided by the Project Elephant Division, MoEF&CC, Govt. of India. The elephant reserve includes reserve forest and Protected Areas in Dalma Wildlife Sanctuary, Saranda, Kolhan, Podahat, Chaibasa South, Chaibasa North and Dhalbhum Forest Divisions.

According to the FSI Forest Type (2009) classification data, various forest type in the Singhbhum Elephant Reserve includes moist peninsular low level Sal forest, dry peninsular Sal forest, Northern dry mixed deciduous forest, dry deciduous scrub and dry bamboo brake.

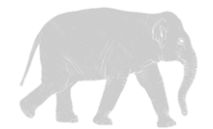
Singhbhum Elephant Reserve has an area of 13440 km² which is the largest Elephant Reserve in the country located in the South-West part of Jharkhand and borders Mayubhanj Elephant Reserve of Odisha on the Southern side and Mayurjharna Elephant Reserve of West Bengal on the Western side.

Details	
Elephant Reserve	Singhbhum Elephant Reserve
Biogeographic region	Deccan Peninsula
Geo Coordinates	22°5'31"- 22°15'27" 84°59'5" - 86°53'34"
Elevation	37m – 942m MSL
Extent	13440 km ²
Major Forest Type	3B/C2 Southern Moist Mixed Deciduous Forest, 3C/2e (ii) Moist Peninsular Low Level Sal Forests, 5B/C1c Dry Peninsular Sal Forest, 5B/C2 Northern Dry Mixed Deciduous Forest, 5/E9 Dry Bamboo Brake
Temperature	19°C - 40°C
Average rainfall	1177 mm
Year of notification	2001
District	Singhbhum West, Seraikela Kharsawan and Singhbhum East
Protected Area	Dalma Wildlife Sanctuary – 193.22 km ²
Tiger Reserve	Not available
Division	Saranda Forest Division – 858.82 km ² Kolhan Forest Division – 701.89 km ² Podahat Forest Division – 663.55 km ² Chaibasa South Forest Division – 564.61 km ² Chaibasa North Forest Division – 648.60 km ² Dhalbhum Forest Division – 899.21 km ²
Range / Reserve forest	Chaibasa, Hatgmaria, Noamundi, Chakulia, Ghatshila, Mango, Musabani, Rakhamines, Dalma East, Dalma West, Kolhan, Santara, Saytwa, Anandpur, Bera, Kera, Kundruguttu, Songra, Chandil, Khasawan, Saraikela, Gua, Konia, Samta and Sansgada ranges
State	Jharkhand
Region	East Central
No. of revenue village	4737
Road	616 km
Rail	824 km
Canal	3 km
Power line	1329 km
Mining area	Information not available
Forest Area (%)	38 %
Non - Forest Area (%)	62 %
Elephant Population in the state	679
Adjacent Elephant Reserves	Not available





Singbhum Elephant Reserve, Jharkhand



Karnataka – Dandeli Elephant Reserve

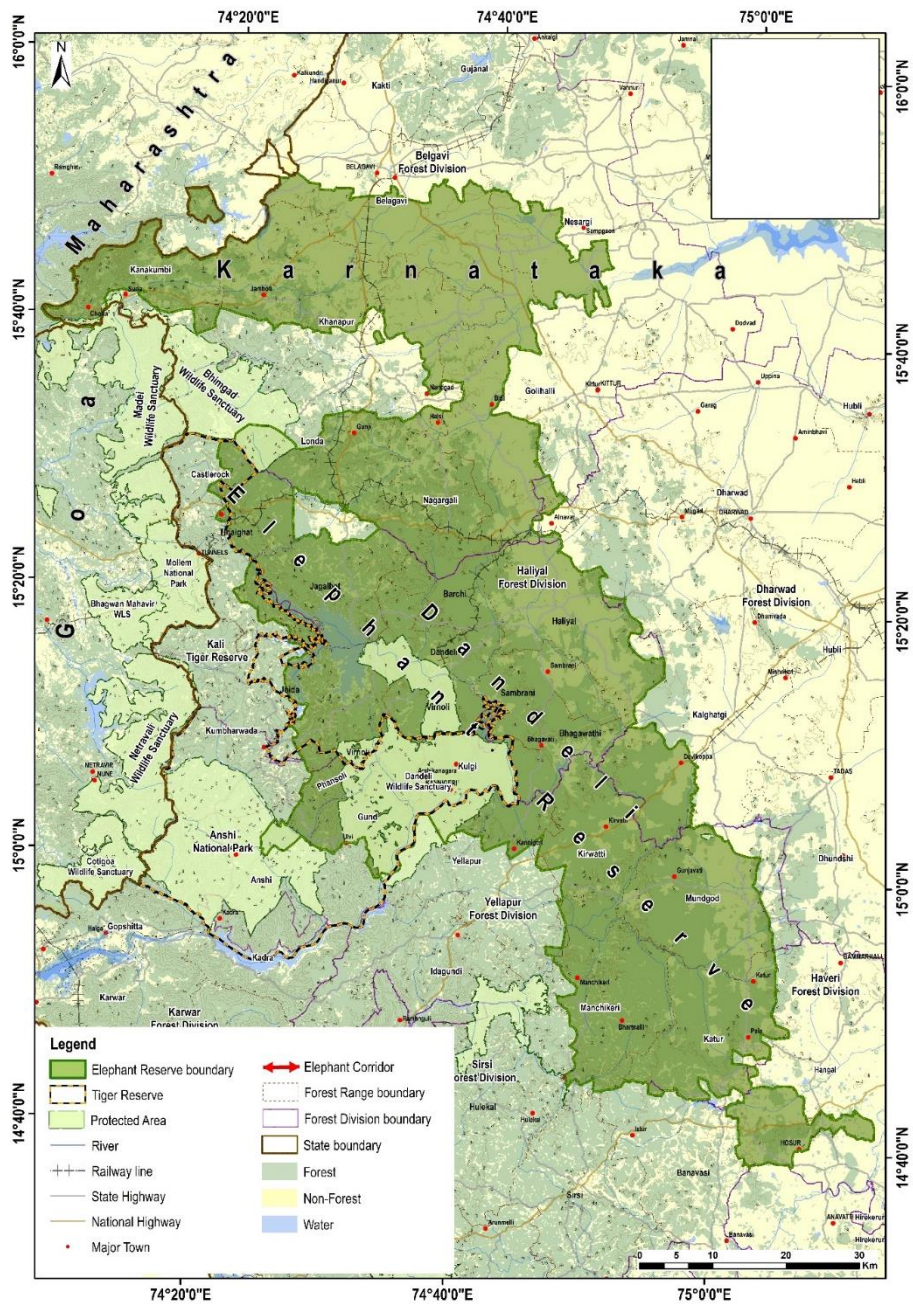
Dandeli Elephant Reserve was notified on 26/03/2015 vide No.FEE 362 FWL 2014 by the Karnataka Forest department in pursuance to the guidelines provided by the Project Elephant Division, MoEF&CC, Govt. of India. It includes reserve forest and Protected Areas in Dandeli Wildlife sanctuary, Yellapur, Haveri, Dharwad, Belgaum, Karwar and Haliyal Forest Divisions.

According to the FSI Forest Type (2009) classification data, various forest type in the Dandeli Elephant Reserve includes West coast tropical evergreen forest, West coast semi evergreen forest, lateritic semi evergreen forest, moist teak forest, slightly moist teak forest, Southern moist mixed deciduous forest, Mangrove scrub, Southern dry mixed deciduous forest, dry peninsular Sal forest, dry deciduous scrub, laterite thorn forest and Southern thorn forest.

Dandeli Elephant Reserve has an area of 2321.1 km² and is located in the northern part of Karnataka which borders with the states of Maharashtra and Goa.

Details	
Elephant Reserve	Dandeli Elephant Reserve
Biogeographic region	Western Ghats
Geo Coordinates	15°40'16"- 4°41'21" 74°5'15" - 75°12'24"
Elevation	45m – 1036m MSL
Extent	2321.1 km ²
Major Forest Type	1A/C4 West Coast Tropical Evergreen Forest, 2A/C2 West Coast Semi Evergreen Forest, 2/E4 Lateritic Semi Evergreen Forest, 3B/C1b Moist Teak Forest, 3B/C1c Slightly Moist Teak Forest, 3B/C2 Southern Moist Mixed Deciduous Forest, 4B/TS1 Mangrove Scrub, 5A/C3 Southern Dry Mixed Deciduous Forest, 5B/C1c Dry Peninsular Sal Forest, 5/DS1 Dry Deciduous Scrub, 5/E7 Laterite Thorn Forest, 6A/C1 Southern Thorn Forest
Temperature	25°C - 35°C
Average rainfall	4145 mm
Year of notification	2015
District	Uttara Kannada, Belgaum, Haveri and Dharwad
Protected Area	Dandeli Wildlife Sanctuary – 886.41 km ² Hornbill Conservation Reserve – 52.5 km ²
Tiger Reserve	Kali Tiger Reserve – 441 km ²
Division	Yellapur Forest Division, Haveri Forest Division, Dharwad Forest Division, Belgaum Forest Division, Karwar Forest Division and Haliyal Forest Division
Range / Reserve forest	Yellapur, Kirwatti, Mundgod, Katur, Hanagal, Kalghatti, Khanapur, Joida, Sambrani, Haliyal, Virnoli, Dandeli, Barchi, Jagalbet, Tinaighat and Bhagawati ranges
State	Karnataka
Region	Southern
No. of revenue village	700
Road	707 km
Rail	107 km
Canal	None
Power line	48 km
Mining area	Information not available
Forest Area (%)	58 %
Non - Forest Area (%)	42 %
Elephant Population in the state	6049
Adjacent Elephant Reserves	None





Dandeli Elephant Reserve, Karnataka



Karnataka - Mysuru Elephant Reserve

Mysuru Elephant Reserve was notified on 25/11/2002 vide No. FEE 231 FWL 2000 by the Karnataka Forest department in pursuance to the guidelines provided by the Project Elephant Division, MoEF&CC, Govt. of India. It includes reserve forest and Protected Areas in Bangalore urban, Bangalore rural, Chamarajnanagar, Mandya, Mysore, Kodagu, and Hassan districts. Further on 26/03/2015 (vide No: FEE 202 FWL 2014), Bhadra Wildlife Sanctuary and neighboring areas (1331.94 km²) were also included and declared as “Mysuru Elephant Reserve extension” by the Karnataka Forest Department.

According to the FSI Forest Type (2009) classification data, various forest type in the Mysuru Elephant Reserve includes the West coast tropical evergreen forest, West coast semi evergreen forest, West coast secondary evergreen (*dipterocarp*) forest, moist bamboo brakes, moist teak forest, slightly moist teak forest, Southern moist mixed deciduous forest, Mangrove scrub, Southern dry mixed deciduous forest, dry peninsular Sal forest, dry deciduous scrub, dry grass land, Southern thorn forest, Southern thorn scrub and Nilgiri subtropical hill forest.

Mysuru Elephant Reserve has an area of 8055.94 km² and is located in the Southern region of the Karnataka bordering with the Wayanad Elephant Reserve of Kerala and Nilgiri Elephant Reserve of Tamil Nadu in the South.

Details	
Elephant Reserve	Mysuru Elephant Reserve
Biogeographic region	Western Ghats
Geo Coordinates	12°25'39" - 12°6'58" 75°22'5" - 77°46'31"
Elevation	47m – 1873m MSL
Extent	8055.94 km ²
Major Forest Type	1A/C4 West Coast Tropical Evergreen Forest, 2A/C2 West Coast Semi Evergreen Forest, 2A/2S1 West Coast Secondary Evergreen Dipterocarp Forest, 2/E3 Moist Bamboo Brakes, 3B/C1b Moist Teak Forest, 3B/C1c Slightly Moist Teak Forest, 3B/C2 Southern Moist Mixed Deciduous Forest, 4B/TS1 Mangrove Scrub, 5A/C3 Southern Dry Mixed Deciduous Forest, 5B/C1c Dry Peninsular Sal Forest, 5/DS1 Dry Deciduous Scrub 5/DS4 (Dry grass land), 6A/C1 Southern Thorn Forest, 6A/DS1 Southern Thorn Scrub and 8A/C1 Nilgiri SubTropical hill Forest
Temperature	27°C - 32°C
Average rainfall	1200 mm
Year of notification	2002
District	Bangalore urban, Bangalore rural, Chamarajnanagar, Mandya, Mysore, Kodagu and Hassan
Protected Area	Bannerghatta National Park, Cauvery Wildlife Sanctuary, BRT Wildlife Sanctuary, Bhadra Wildlife Sanctuary, Bandipur National Park, Nugu Wildlife Sanctuary, Nagarhole National Park, Brahmagiri Wildlife Sanctuary, Talacauvery Wildlife Sanctuary and Pushpagiri Wildlife Sanctuary
Tiger Reserve	BRT Tiger Reserve – 648 km ² , Bandipur Tiger Reserve – 897 km ² , Nagarhole Tiger Reserve - 854 km ² , Bhadra Tiger Reserve – 669 km ²
Division	Bangalore Urban Forest Division, Bangalore Rural Forest Division, Mandya Forest Division, Kollegal Forest Division, Mysore Forest Division, Virajpet Forest Division and Haasan Forest Division
Range / Reserve forest	Bannerghatta, Harohalli, Anekal, Kodihalli, Halaguru, Sangem, Mugguru, Kothanur, Hanur, Gopinatham, Palar, Rampura, Hanur, Kollegal, K.Gudi, Punajanur, Yelandur, Cowdalli, Bylore, Hoogly, Kundakere, Bandipur, G.S.betta, Moolehole, Maddur, A.M.Gudi, Hediya, Moliyur, Gundre, N.Begur, Omkara, Nugu, Sargur, Thithimathi, Srimangala, Bramhagiri, Poonampet, Makul, Mundrote, Tala cauvery, Sampaje, Kushalnagar, Shanivarsanthe, Mudigere, Aidur, Balehonnur, Muthodi, Chikka Agrahara, Thanigebyle, N.R. Pura, Lakkavalli, Bhadravathi, Umblebailu and Koppa ranges.
State	Karnataka
Region	Southern
No. of revenue village	700
Road	429 km
Rail	None
Canal	None
Power line	56 km
Mining area	Information not available
Forest Area (%)	84 %
Non - Forest Area (%)	16 %
Elephant Population in the state	6049
Adjacent Elephant Reserves	Wayanad Elephant Reserve, Kerala and Nilgiri Elephant Reserve, Tamil Nadu



Kerala - Anamudi Elephant Reserve

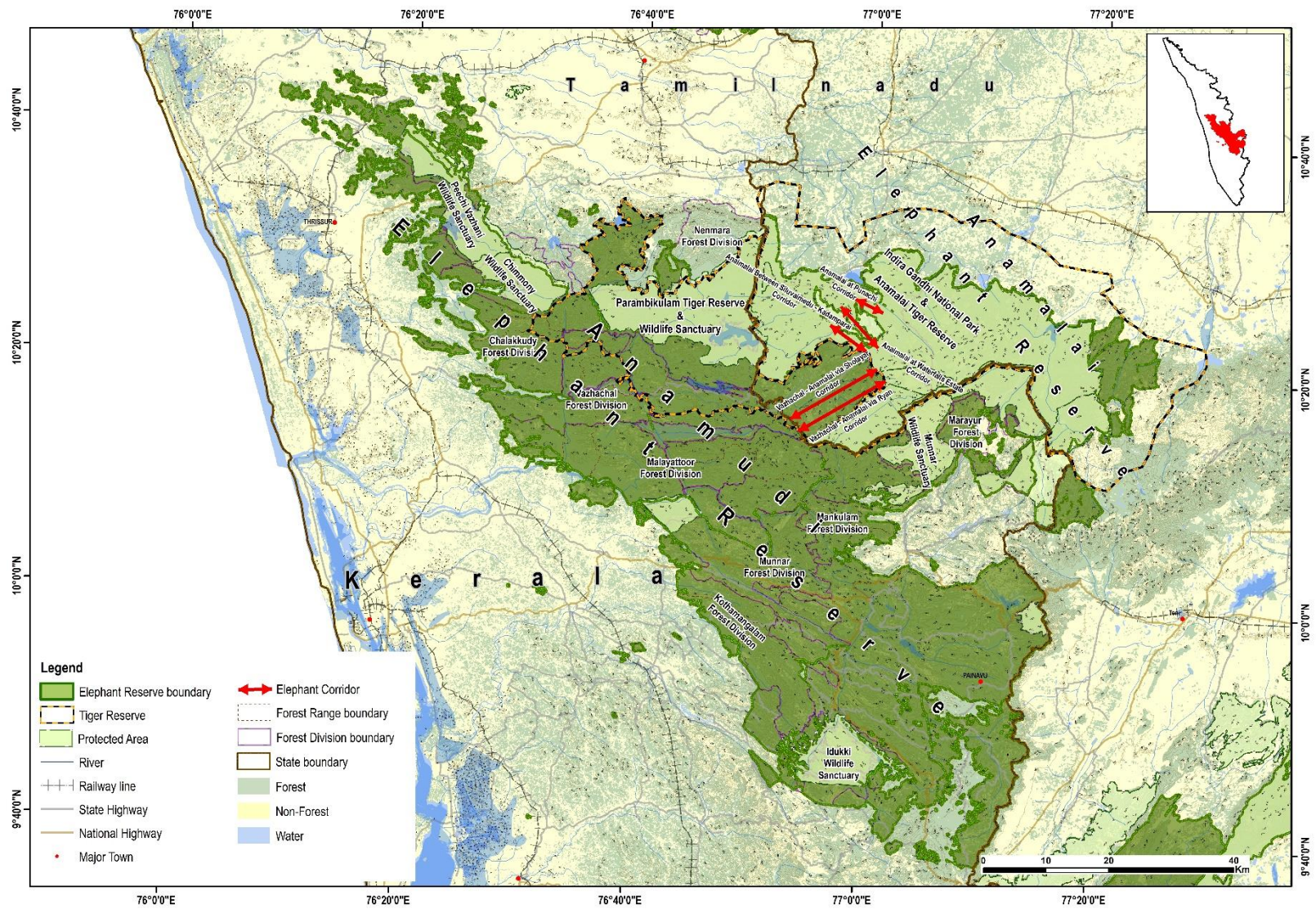
Anamudi Elephant Reserve was notified on 02/04/2002 vide No. G.O(P) No: 19/2002/F&WLD by the Kerala Forest department in pursuance to the guidelines provided by the Project Elephant Division, MoEF&CC, Govt. of India. It includes reserve forest and Protected Areas in Parambikulam, Peechi, Chinnar, Thattekkad, Chimmony and Idukki Wildlife Sanctuaries, Eravikulam National Park, Nenmara, Chalakkudy, Thrissur, Vazhachal, Mankulam, Munnar and Malayattoor Forest Divisions.

According to the FSI Forest Type (2009) classification data, various forest type in the Anamudi Elephant Reserve includes West coast tropical evergreen forest, Wet bamboo brakes, pioneer euphorbiaceous scrub, West coast semi evergreen forest, very moist teak forest, moist teak forest, West coast secondary evergreen dipterocarp forest, moist bamboo brakes, moist teak forest, Southern moist mixed deciduous forest, Mangrove scrub, Southern dry mixed deciduous forest, Southern thorn forest and Southern montane wet temperate forest.

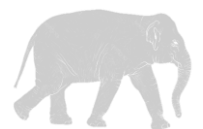
Anamudi Elephant Reserve has an area of 3728 km² and is located in the central region of Kerala bordering the Anamalai Elephant Reserve of Tamil Nadu in the East and Periyar Elephant Reserve of Kerala in the South.

Details	
Elephant Reserve	Anamudi Elephant Reserve
Biogeographic region	Western Ghats
Geo Coordinates	12°25'39"- 12°6'58" / 75°22'5" - 77°46'31"
Elevation	8m – 2685m MSL
Extent	3728 km ²
Major Forest Type	1A/C4 West Coast Tropical Evergreen Forest, 1/E2 Wet Bamboo Brakes, 1/2S1 Pioneer Euphorbiaceous Scrub, 2A/C2 West Coast Semi Evergreen Forest, 3B/C1a Very Moist Teak Forest, 3B/C1b Moist Teak Forest, 3B/C2 Southern Moist Mixed Deciduous Forest, 5A/C3 Southern Dry Mixed Deciduous Forest, 6A/C1 Southern Thorn Forest, 11A/C1 Southern Montane Wet Temperate Forest
Temperature	20°C - 35°C
Average rainfall	2500 mm
Year of notification	2002
District	Thrissur, Palakkad, Emakulam and Idukki
Protected Area	Parambikulam Wildlife sanctuary – 285 km ² Peechi Wildlife sanctuary – 125 km ² Chinnar Wildlife sanctuary – 90.44 km ² Thattekkad Wildlife sanctuary – 25.16 km ² Chimmony Wildlife sanctuary – 85 km ² Idukki Wildlife sanctuary – 70 km ² Eravikulam National Park - 97 km ²
Tiger Reserve	Parambikulam Tiger Reserve – 660 km ²
Division	Nenmara Forest Division, Chalakkudy Forest Division, Thrissur Forest Division, Vazhachal Forest Division, Mankulam Forest Division, Munnar Forest Division Malayattoor Forest Division
Range / Reserve forest	Wadakkancherry, Machad, Pattikad, Peechi, Chommony, Palapally, Vellikulangara, Pariyaram, Charpa, Athirapally, Kalady, Kodanad, Thundathil, Kollathirumedu, Vazachal, Orukomban, Nelliampathy, Parambikulam, Karimala, Sholaiyar, Edamalayar, Kuttampuzha, Neriya Mangalam, Kothamangalam, Mullaringad, Kaliyar, Adimaly, Mankulam, Anakulam, Munnar Thodupuzha, Kanthaloor, Nagampara, Ayyappan Kovil and Marayur ranges
State	Kerala
Region	Southern
No. of revenue village	40
Road	590 km
Rail	2.2 km
Canal	None
Power line	48 km
Mining area	Information not available
Forest Area (%)	74 %
Non - Forest Area (%)	26 %
Elephant Population in the state	3322
Adjacent Elephant Reserves	Anamalai Elephant Reserve





Anamudi Elephant Reserve, Kerala



Kerala - Nilambur Elephant Reserve

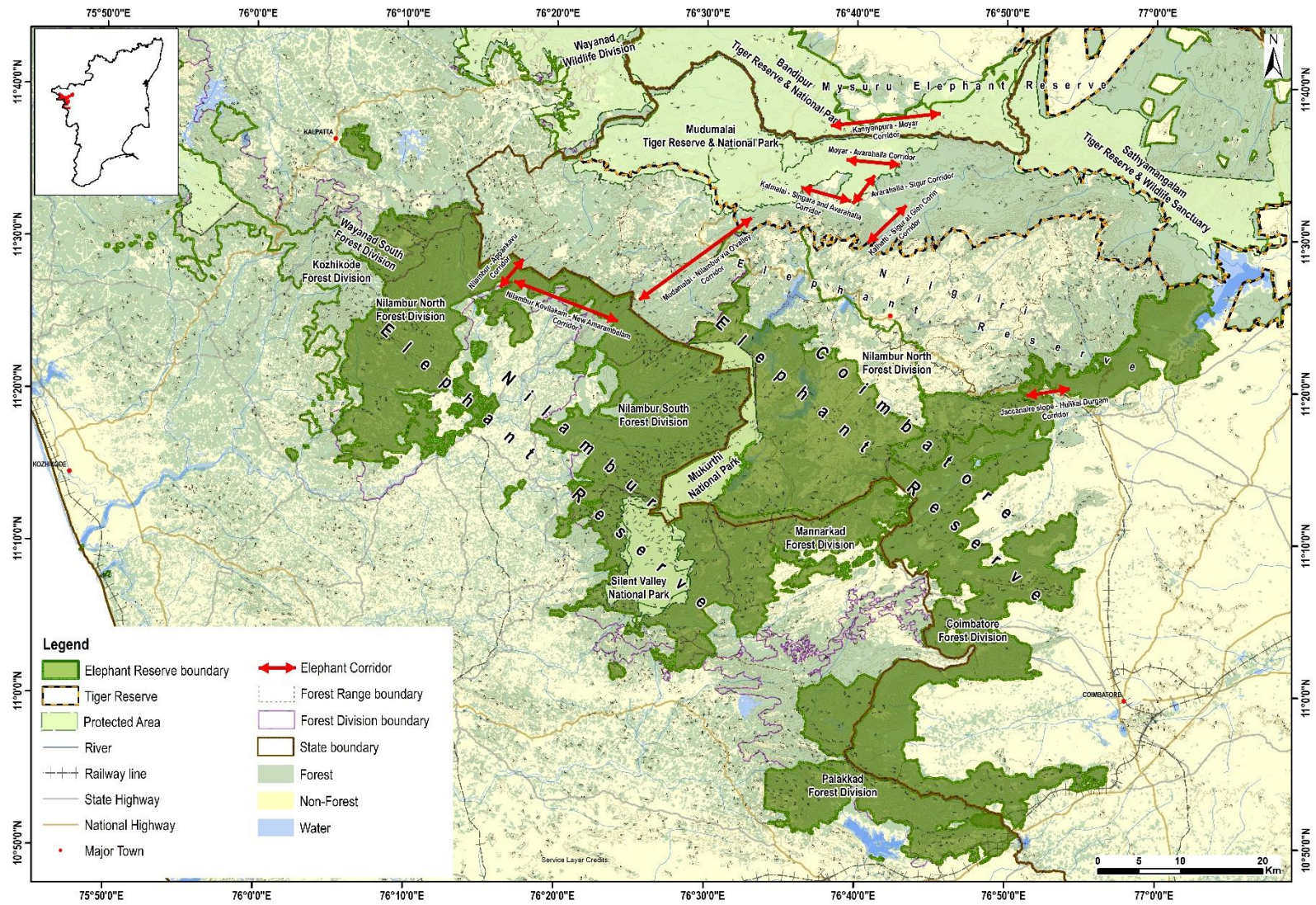
Nilambur Elephant Reserve was notified on 02/04/2002 vide No. G.O(P) No: 19/2002/F&WLD by the Kerala Forest department in pursuance to the guidelines provided by the Project Elephant Division, MoEF&CC, Govt. of India. It includes reserve forest and Protected Areas in Silent Valley National Park, part of Pallakkad, Mannarghat, Nilambur North and South, Kozhikode and South Wayanad Forest Divisions.

According to the FSI Forest Type (2009) classification data, various forest type in the Nilambur Elephant Reserve includes Southern hilltop tropical evergreen forest, West coast tropical evergreen forest, wet bamboo brakes, pioneer euphorbiaceous scrub, West coast semi evergreen forest, moist teak forest, slightly moist teak forest, Southern moist mixed deciduous forest, Mangrove scrub, Southern dry mixed deciduous forest and Southern montane wet temperate forest.

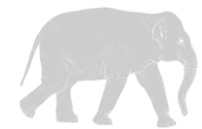
Nilambur Elephant Reserve has an area of 1419 km² located in the northern region of the state and borders the Wayanad Elephant Reserve of Kerala in the North along with Coimbatore and Nilgiri Elephant Reserves of Tamil Nadu in the East.

Details	
Elephant Reserve	Nilambur Elephant Reserve
Biogeographic region	Western Ghats
Geo Coordinates	11°16'1" - 10°50'56" 76°2'19" - 76°50'52"
Elevation	3m – 2574m MSL
Extent	1419 km ²
Major Forest Type	1A/C3 Southern Hilltop Tropical Evergreen Forest, 1A/C4 West Coast Tropical Evergreen Forest, 1/E2 Wet Bamboo Brakes, 1/2S1 Pioneer Euphorbiaceous Scrub, 2A/C2 West Coast Semi Evergreen Forest, 3B/C1b Moist Teak Forest, 3B/C1c Slightly Moist Teak Forest, 3B/C2 Southern Moist Mixed Deciduous Forest, 5A/C3 Southern Dry Mixed Deciduous Forest, 11A/C1 Southern Montane wet Temperate Forest
Temperature	20°C - 35°C
Average rainfall	2500 mm
Year of notification	2002
District	Malappuram, Kozhikode and Palakkad
Protected Area	Silent Valley National Park – 89.52 km ²
Tiger Reserve	Not available
Division	Pallakkad Forest Division Mannarghat Forest Division Nilambur North and South Forest Division Kozhikode Forest Division South Wayanad Forest Division
Range / Reserve forest	Meppadi, Nilambur, Edavanna, KARulai, Kalikavu, Agali, Olavakkode and Walayar ranges
State	Kerala
Region	Southern
No. of revenue village	60
Road	23 km
Rail	18 km
Canal	None
Power line	None
Mining area	Information not available
Forest Area (%)	82 %
Non - Forest Area (%)	18 %
Elephant Population in the state	3322
Adjacent Elephant Reserves	Wayanad Elephant Reserve, Kerala, Coimbatore and Nilgiri Elephant Reserve, Tamilnadu





Nilambur Elephant Reserve, Kerala



Kerala - Periyar Elephant Reserve

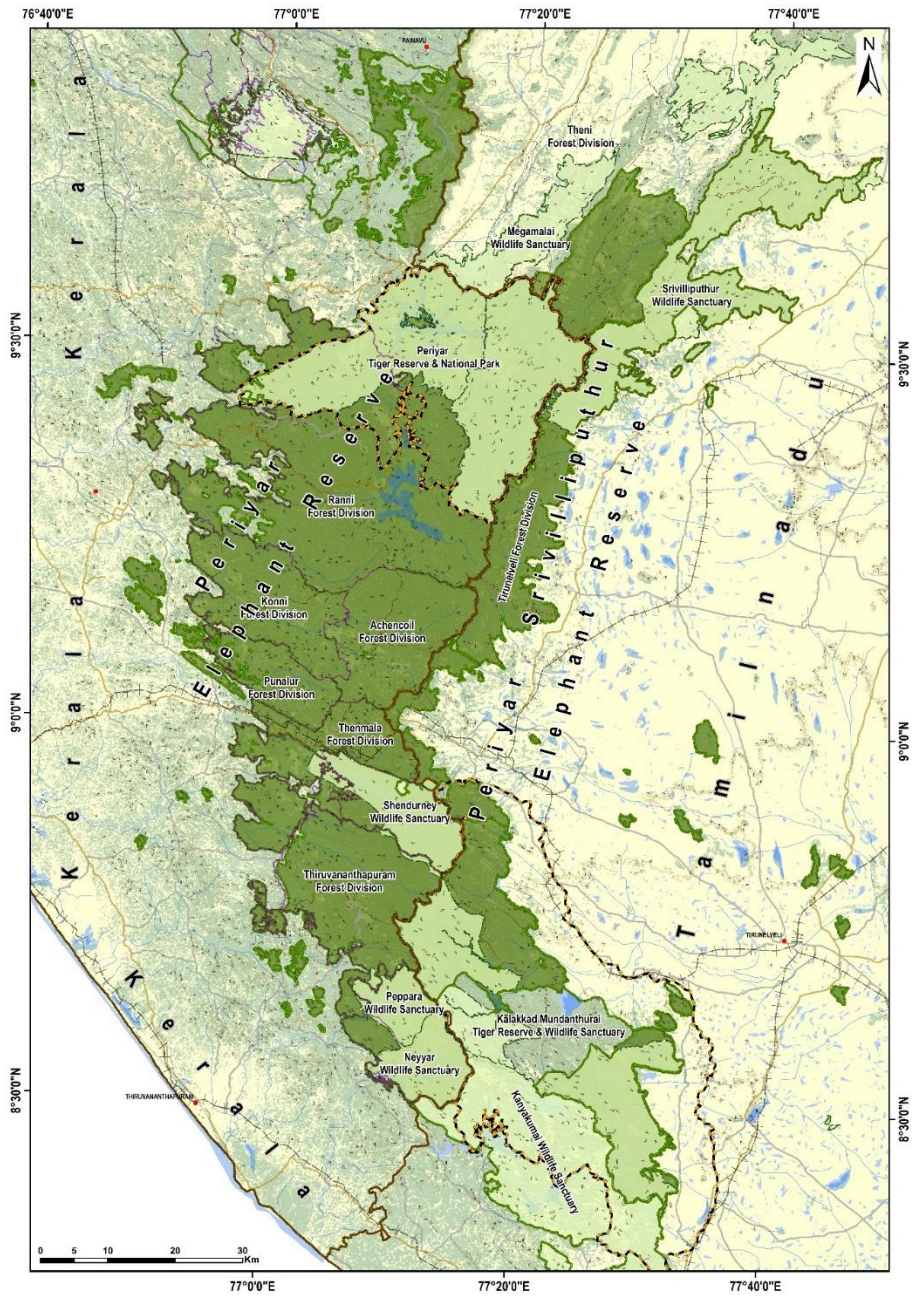
Periyar Elephant Reserve was notified on 02/04/2002 vide No. G.O(P) No: 19/2002/F&WLD by the Kerala Forest department in pursuance to the guidelines provided by the Project Elephant Division, MoEF&CC, Govt. of India. It includes reserve forest and Protected Areas in Periyar Tiger Reserve, Neyyar, Peppara and Shendaruny Wildlife Sanctuaries, Ranni, Konni, Achencoil and Thiruvananthapuram Forest Divisions.

According to the FSI Forest Type (2009) classification data, various forest type in the Periyar Elephant Reserve includes Southern hilltop tropical evergreen forest, West coast tropical evergreen forest, pioneer euphorbiaceous scrub, West coast semi evergreen forest, very moist teak forest, Southern moist mixed deciduous forest, Myristica swamp forest and Southern montane wet temperate forest.

Periyar Elephant Reserve has an area of 3742 km² and is located in the southern region of the state. It borders with the Anamudi Elephant Reserve of Kerala in the North and Periyar Sivilliputhur Elephant Reserve of Tamil Nadu in the East.

Details	
Elephant Reserve	Periyar Elephant Reserve
Biogeographic region	Western Ghats
Geo Coordinates	09°26'2" - 09°36'6" 76°45'10" - 77°21'38"
Elevation	11m – 2005m MSL
Extent	3742 km ²
Major Forest Type	1A/C3 Southern Hilltop Tropical Evergreen Forest, 1A/C4 West Coast Tropical Evergreen Forest, 1/2S1 Pioneer Euphorbiaceous Scrub, 2A/C2 West Coast Semi Evergreen Forest, 3B/C1a Very Moist Teak Forest, 3B/C2 Southern Moist Mixed Deciduous Forest, 4C/FS1 Myristica Swamp Forest, 11A/C1 Southern Montane wet Temperate Forest
Temperature	20°C - 35°C
Average rainfall	2500 mm
Year of notification	2002
District	Idukki, Kollam, Pathanamthitta and Thiruvananthapuram
Protected Area	Neyyar Wildlife Sanctuary – 128 km ² Peppara Wildlife Sanctuary – 53 km ² Shendaruny Wildlife Sanctuary – 100 km ²
Tiger Reserve	Periyar Tiger Reserve – 956 km ²
Division	Ranni Forest Division, Konni Forest Division, Achencoil Forest Division, Thiruvananthapuram Forest Division
Range / Reserve forest	Thekkady, Azhutha, Erumily, Pamba, Vallakadavu,, periyar, Ranni, Goodrical, Vadasserikkara, Naduvathumuzhy, Konni, Mannarapara, Kallar, Kanayar, Pathanapuram, Achencoil, Thenmala, Aryankavu, Anchal, Shenthuruny, Kulathupuzha, Palode, Peppara, Neyyar and paruthipally ranges
State	Kerala
Region	Southern
No. of revenue village	60
Road	241 km
Rail	30 km
Canal	None
Power line	196 km
Mining area	Information not available
Forest Area (%)	88 %
Non - Forest Area (%)	12 %
Elephant Population in the state	3322
Adjacent Elephant Reserves	Anamudi Elephant Reserve, Kerala, Periyar Sivilliputhur Elephant Reserve, Tamil Nadu.





Periyar Elephant Reserve, Kerala



Kerala - Wayanad Elephant Reserve

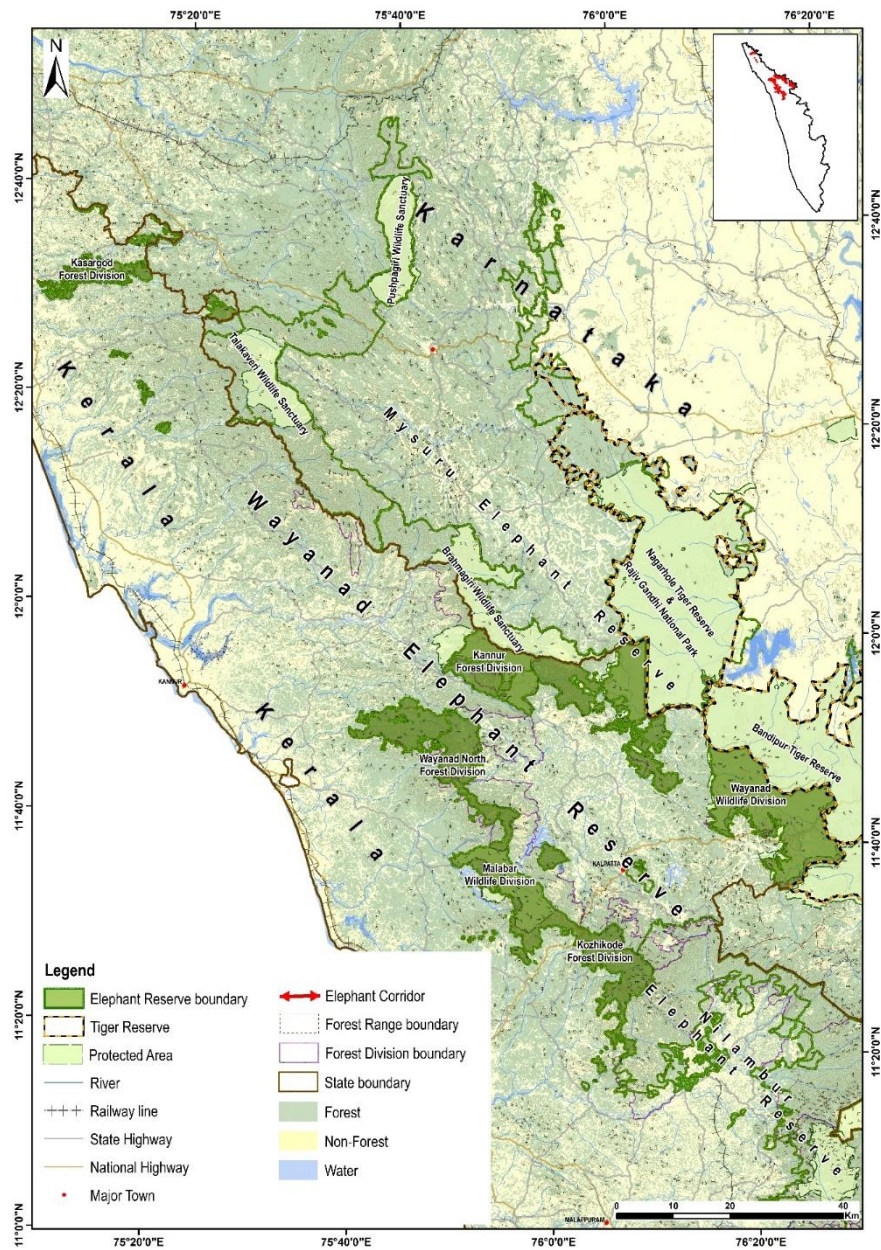
Wayanad Elephant Reserve was notified on 02/04/2002 vide No. G.O(P) No: 19/2002/F&WLD by the Kerala Forest department in pursuance to the guidelines provided by the Project Elephant Division, MoEF&CC, Govt. of India. It includes reserve forest and Protected Areas of Wayanad Wildlife sanctuary, South Wayanad, North Wayanad, Kannur and Kozhikode Forest Divisions.

According to the FSI Forest Type (2009) classification data, various forest type in the Wayanad Elephant Reserve includes Southern hilltop tropical evergreen forest, West coast tropical evergreen forest, wet bamboo brakes, pioneer euphorbiaceous scrub, West coast semi evergreen forest, moist teak forest, slightly moist teak forest, Southern moist mixed deciduous forest, Southern Dry mixed deciduous forest and Southern montane wet temperate forest.

Wayanad Elephant Reserve consists of an area of 1200 km² and is located in the Northern region of the state. The reserve borders with the Mysuru Elephant Reserve of Karnataka in the North along with Nilgiri Elephant Reserve of Tamil Nadu in the South-West and Nilambur Elephant Reserve of Kerala in the South.

Details	
Elephant Reserve	Wayanad Elephant Reserve
Biogeographic region	Western Ghats
Geo Coordinates	12°30'4" - 11°17'16" 75°6'13" - 76°4'28"
Elevation	11m – 2331m MSL
Extent	1200 km ²
Major Forest Type	1A/C3 Southern Hilltop Tropical Evergreen Forest, 1A/C4 West Coast Tropical Evergreen Forest, 1/E2 Wet Bamboo Brakes, 1/2S1 Pioneer Euphorbiaceous Scrub, 2A/C2 West Coast Semi Evergreen Forest, 1/E2 Wet Bamboo Brakes, 3B/C1c Slightly Moist Teak Forest, 3B/C2 Southern Moist Mixed Deciduous Forest, 5A/C3 Southern Dry Mixed Deciduous Forest, 11A/C1 Southern Montane wet Temperate Forest
Temperature	20°C - 35°C
Average rainfall	2500 mm
Year of notification	2002
District	Wayanad, Kannur, and Kozhikode
Protected Area	Talakaveri Wildlife sanctuary – 105 km ² Aralam Wildlife sanctuary – 55 km ² Kottiyoor Wildlife sanctuary – 30.3 km ² Malabar Wildlife sanctuary – 74.2 km ²
Tiger Reserve	Not applicable
Division	South Wayanad Forest Division, North Wayanad Forest Division, Kannur Forest Division, Kozhikode Forest Division
Range / Reserve forest	Thamarassery, Peruvannamudhy, Kuttiyadi, Kannavam, Kottiyur Wildlife, Aralam, Kasargod and Kanghangad ranges
State	Kerala
Region	Southern
No. of revenue village	60
Road	35 km
Rail	0 km
Canal	0 km
Power line	196 km
Mining area	Information not available
Forest Area (%)	80 %
Non - Forest Area (%)	20 %
Elephant Population in the state	3322
Adjacent Elephant Reserves	Mysuru Elephant Reserve in Karnataka, Nilgiri Elephant Reserve in Tamil Nadu and Nilambur Elephant Reserve in Kerala.





Wayanad Elephant Reserve, Kerala



Meghalaya - Garo Hills Elephant Reserve

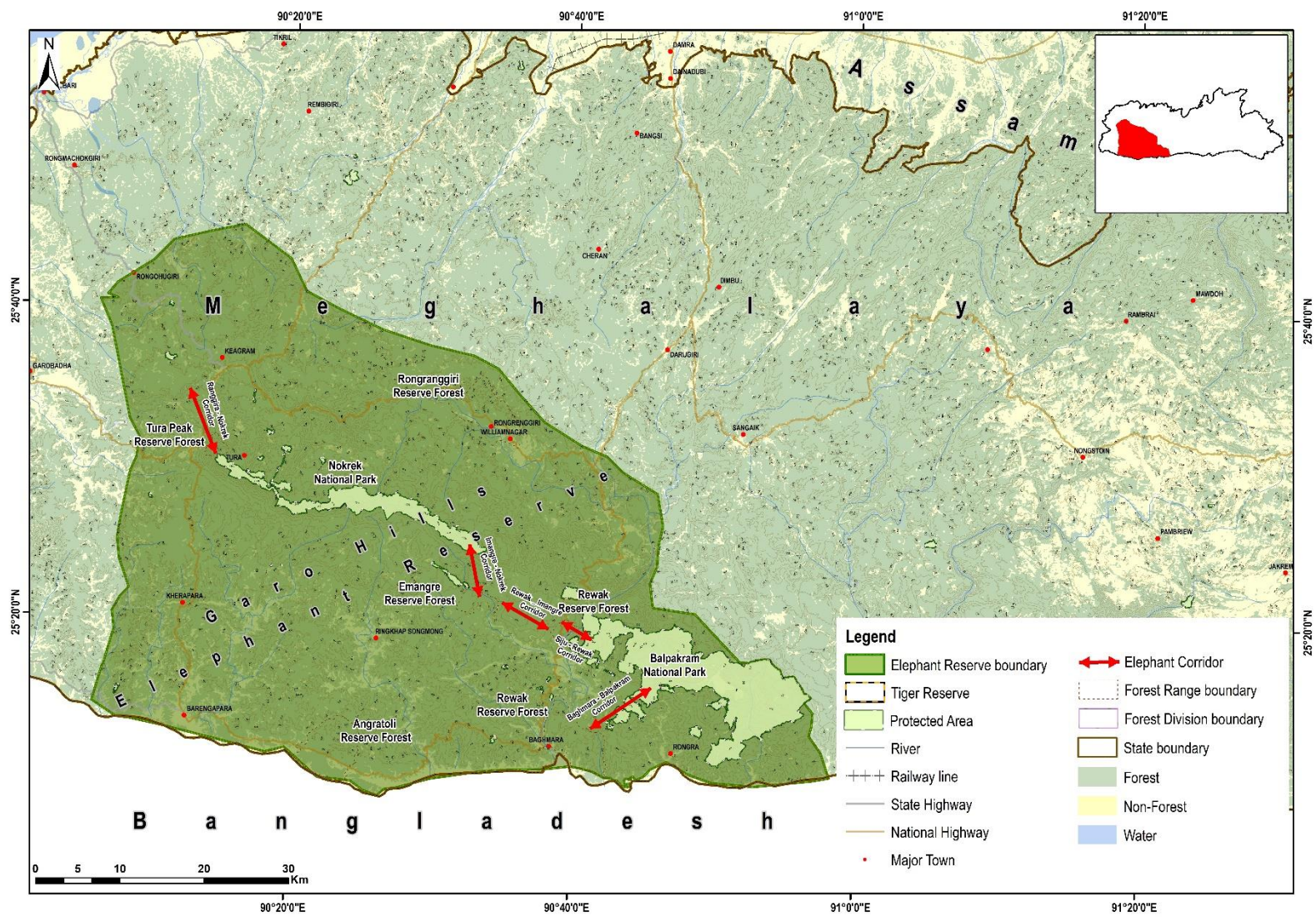
Garo Hills Elephant Reserve was notified on 31/10/2001 vide No. FOR. 132/2000/97 by the Meghalaya Forest & Environment department in pursuance to the guidelines provided by the Project Elephant Division, MoEF&CC, Govt. of India. Reserve forest and Protected Areas of Balphakram National Park, Siju Wildlife Sanctuary, Rawak and Emangre Reserve Forest Nokrek National Park, Deghmere, Angratoli, Rongranggiri and Tura Peak Reserve Forest along with all the clam/community land connecting them are part of the Elephant reserve.

According to the FSI Forest Type (2009) classification data, various forest type in the Garo hills Elephant Reserve includes Cachar tropical evergreen forest, pioneer euphorbiaceous scrub, Assam alluvial plains semi-evergreen forest, secondary moist bamboo brakes, Khasi hill Sal and East Himalayan moist mixed deciduous forest.

Garo Hills Elephant Reserve has an area of 3500 km².

Details	
Elephant Reserve	Garo Hills Elephant Reserve
Biogeographic region	North East
Geo Coordinates	25°10' - 25°50' / 90°10' - 90°55'
Elevation	8m – 1421m MSL
Extent	3500 km ²
Major Forest Type	1B/C3 Cachar Tropical Evergreen Forest 1/2S1 Pioneer Euphorbiaceous Scrub 2B/ C1a Assam Alluvial Plains Semi-Evergreen Forest 2/2S1 Secondary Moist Bamboo Brakes 3C/C1a (ii) Khasi Hill Sal 3C/C3b East Himalayan Moist Mixed Deciduous Forest
Temperature	5°C - 35°C
Average rainfall	2540 mm
Year of notification	2001
District	East Garo Hills, West Garo Hills and South Garo Hills
Protected Area	Balphakram National Park – 1214 km ² Nokrek National Park – 47.4 km ² Siju Wildlife Sanctuary – 3.2 km ²
Tiger Reserve	Not applicable
Division	Information not available
Range / Reserve forest	Rawak Reserve Forest, Emangre Reserve Forest, Deghmere Reserve Forest, Angratoli Reserve Forest Rongranggiri Reserve Forest and Tura Peak Reserve Forest
State	Meghalaya
Region	North Eastern
No. of revenue village	1382
Road	329 km
Rail	None
Canal	None
Power line	23 km
Mining area	Information not available
Forest Area (%)	87 %
Non - Forest Area (%)	13 %
Elephant Population in the state	1754
Adjacent Elephant Reserves	Not applicable





Garo Hills Elephant Reserve, Meghalaya



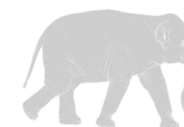
Nagaland - Intanki Elephant Reserve

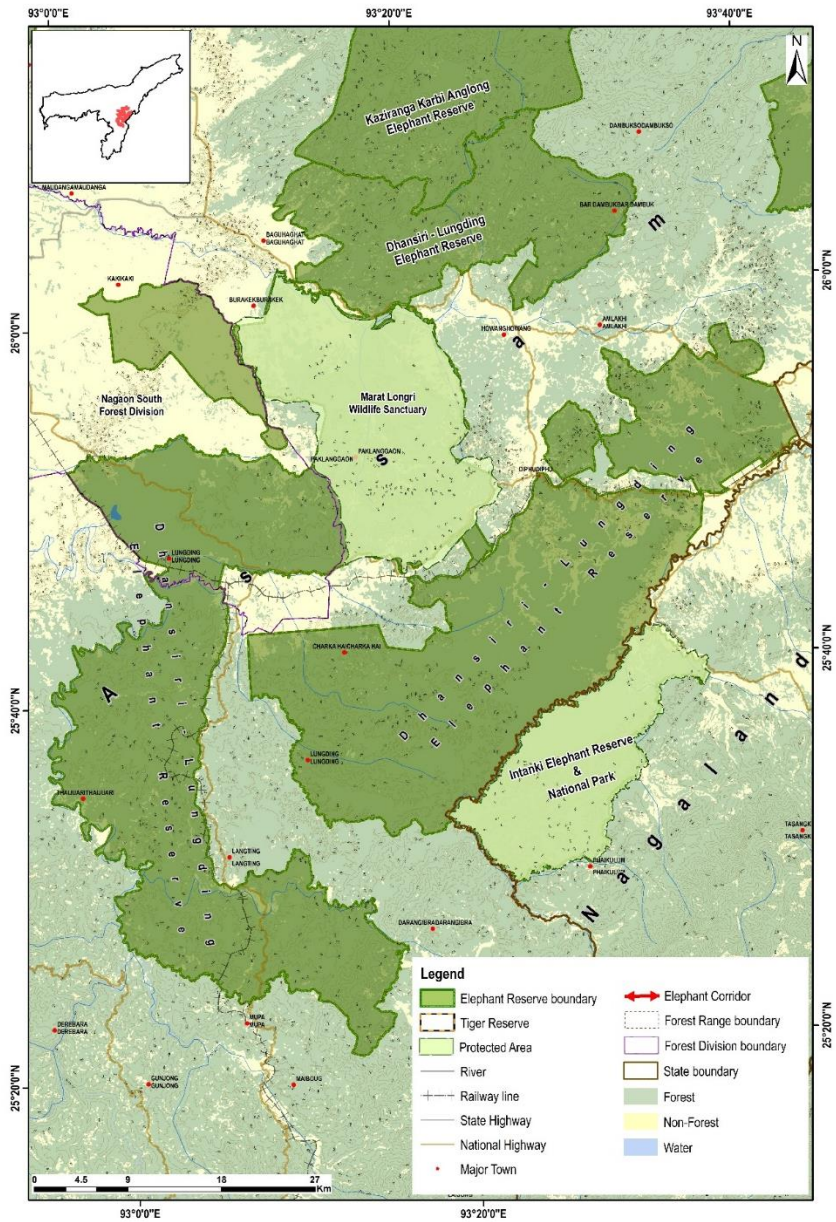
Intanki Elephant Reserve was notified on 28/02/2005 vide No. FOR/GEN-5/2001 by the Nagaland Forest, Ecology, Environment & Wildlife department in pursuance to the guidelines provided by the Project Elephant Division, MoEF&CC, Govt. of India.

According to the FSI Forest Type (2009) classification data, various forest type in the Intanki Elephant Reserve include secondary moist bamboo brakes, East Himalayan Sal and East Himalayan moist mixed deciduous forest.

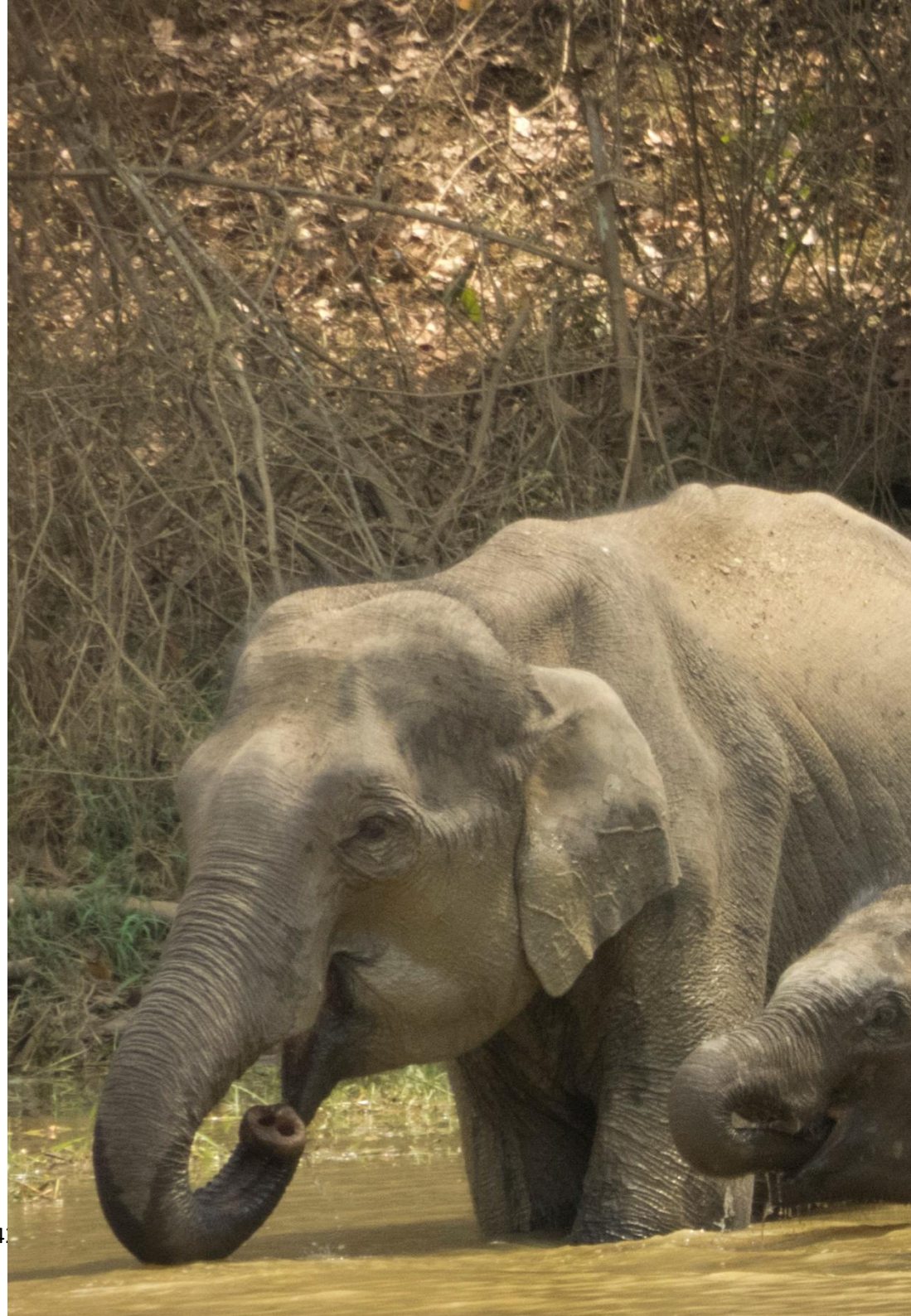
Intanki Elephant Reserve spreads over an area of 202 km² and is located in the South-Western region of the state which is a contiguous habitat with the Dhansiri – Lungding Elephant Reserve of Assam.

Details	
Elephant Reserve	Intanki Elephant Reserve
Biogeographic region	North East
Geo Coordinates	25°18' - 25°43' 93°15' - 93°43'
Elevation	178m – 698m MSL
Extent	202 km ²
Major Forest Type	2/2S1 Secondary Moist Bamboo Brakes 3C/C1a (i) East Himalayan Sal 3C/C3b East Himalayan Moist Mixed Deciduous Forest
Temperature	16°C - 31°C
Average rainfall	2500 mm
Year of notification	2005
District	Peren
Protected Area	Intanki National Park – 202 km ²
Tiger Reserve	Not applicable
Division	Information not available
Range / Reserve forest	Information not available
State	Nagaland
Region	North Eastern
No. of revenue village	Information not available
Road	1 km
Rail	None
Canal	None
Power line	None
Mining area	Information not available
Forest Area (%)	97 %
Non - Forest Area (%)	3 %
Elephant Population in the state	446
Adjacent Elephant Reserves	Dhansiri – Lungding Elephant Reserve, Assam





Intanki Elephant Reserve, Nagaland



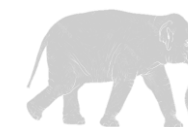
Nagaland - Singphan Elephant Reserve

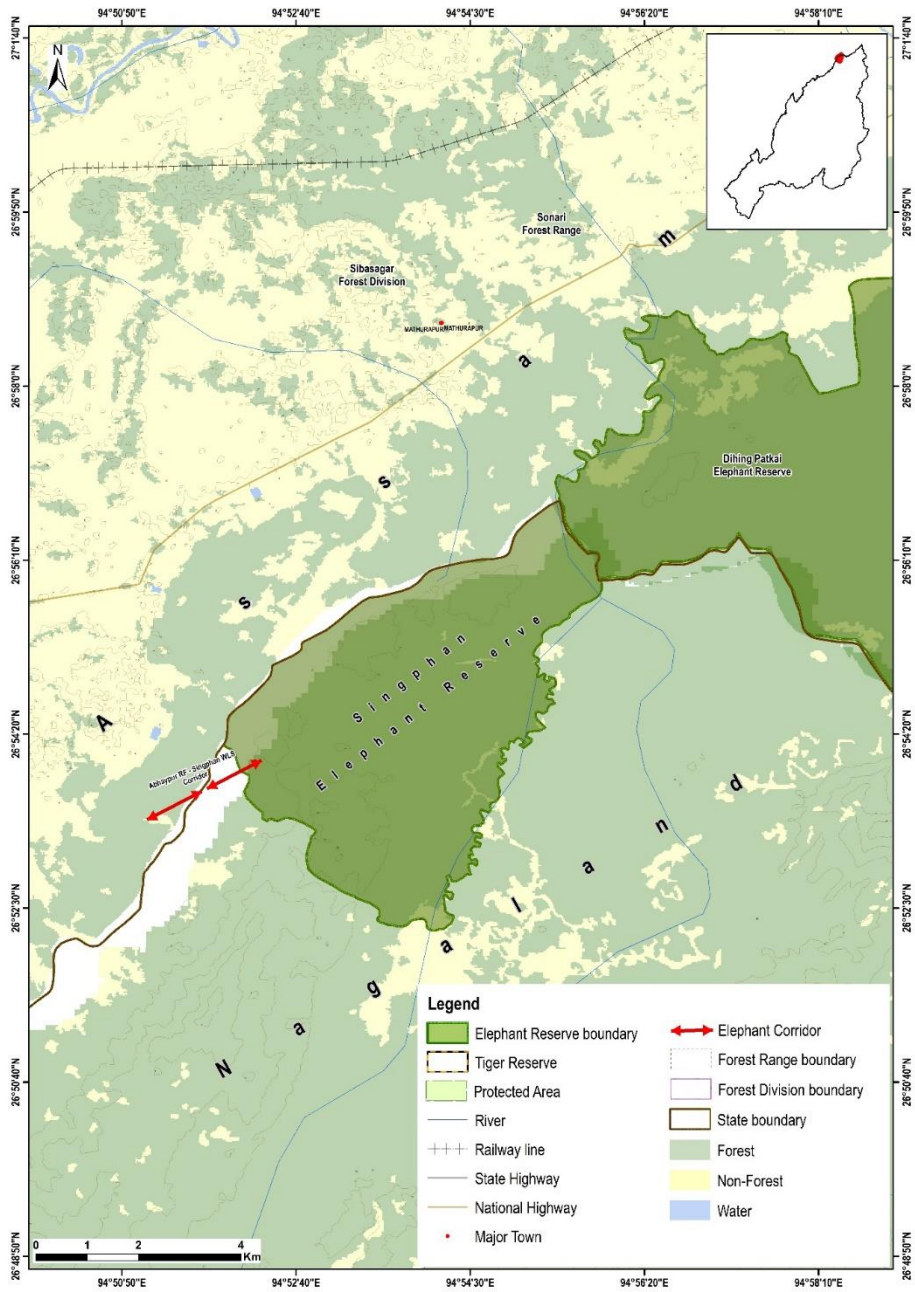
Singphan Elephant Reserve was notified on 16/08/2018 vide No. FOR/GEN-16/2016 by the Nagaland Forest, Ecology, Environment & Wildlife department in pursuance to the guidelines provided by the Project Elephant Division, MoEF&CC, Govt. of India and includes reserve forest and Protected Area in Singphan Wildlife Sanctuary.

According to the FSI Forest Type (2009) classification data various forest type in the Singphan Elephant Reserve includes secondary moist bamboo brakes and East Himalayan Sal.

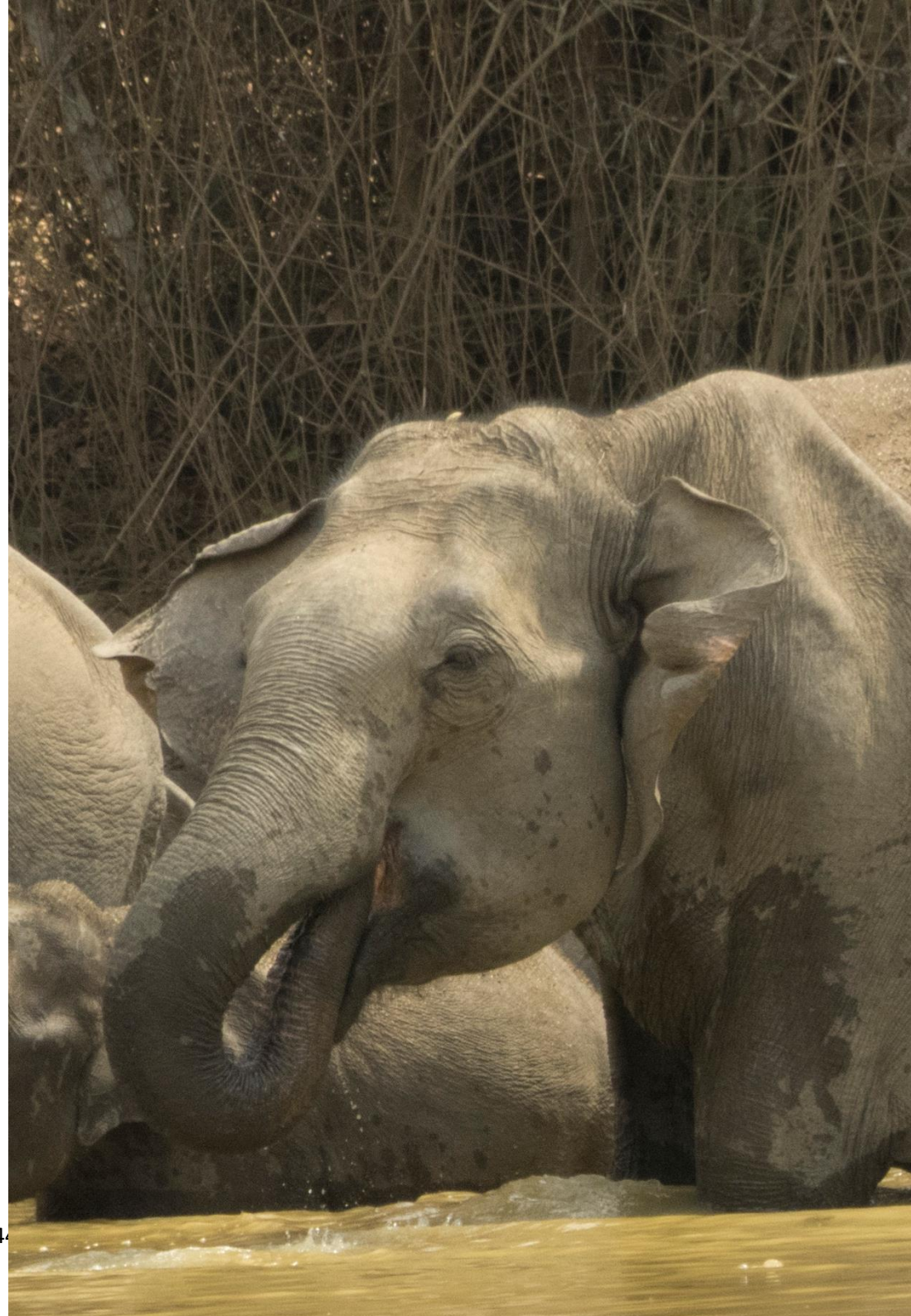
Singphan Elephant Reserve spreads over an area of 23.5 km² which is the smallest Elephant Reserve in the country. It is located in the Northern part of the state bordering with the Dihing-Patkai Elephant Reserve of Assam.

Details	
Elephant Reserve	Singphan Elephant Reserve
Biogeographic region	North East
Geo Coordinates	26°54'13" - 26°56'47" 94°51'53" - 94°55'26"
Elevation	105m – 323m MSL
Extent	23.5 km ²
Major Forest Type	2/2S1 Secondary Moist Bamboo Brakes 3C/C1a (i) East Himalayan Sal
Temperature	16°C - 31°C
Average rainfall	2500 mm
Year of notification	2005
District	Mon
Protected Area	Singphan Wildlife Sanctuary – 23.5 km ²
Tiger Reserve	Not applicable
Division	Information not available
Range / Reserve forest	Information not available
State	Nagaland
Region	North Eastern
No. of revenue village	Information not available
Road	None
Rail	None
Canal	None
Power line	None
Mining area	Information not available
Forest Area (%)	93 %
Non - Forest Area (%)	7 %
Elephant Population in the state	446
Adjacent Elephant Reserves	Dihing-Patkai Elephant Reserve, Assam





Singphan Elephant Reserve, Nagaland



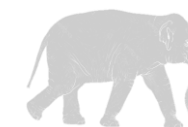
Odisha - Mahanadi Elephant Reserve

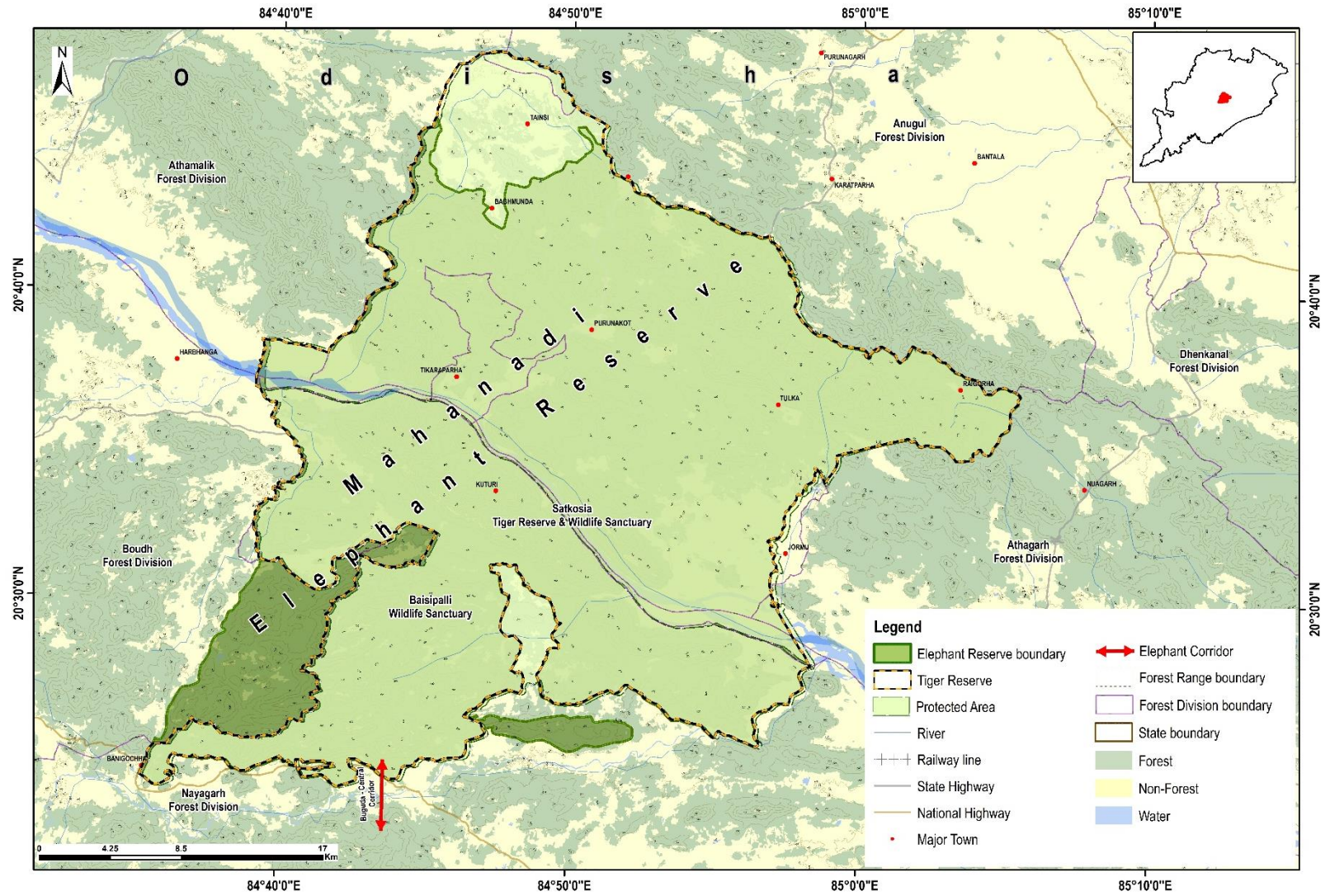
Mahanadi Elephant Reserve was notified on 19/05/2002 vide No. 8F(W)17/02.10162/F&E. by the Odisha Forest and Environment department in pursuance to the guidelines provided by the Project Elephant Division, MoEF&CC, Govt. of India. It includes reserve forest and Protected Area in Angul, Athagarh, Boudh, Nayagarh and Mahanadi Wildlife Forest Divisions.

According to the FSI Forest Type (2009) classification data, various forest type in the Mahanadi Elephant Reserve includes Orissa semi evergreen forest, secondary moist bamboo brakes, moist peninsular low level Sal forest, West Gangetic moist mixed deciduous forest, Northern secondary moist mixed deciduous forest, dry peninsular Sal forest, Northern dry mixed deciduous forest, dry deciduous scrub, Boswellia forest and dry bamboo brake.

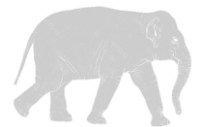
Mahanadi Elephant Reserve spreads over an area of 1038 km² and is located in the central region of the state.

Details	
Elephant Reserve	Mahanadi Elephant Reserve
Biogeographic region	Deccan Peninsula
Geo Coordinates	20°46' - 20°17' / 84°48' - 84°32'
Elevation	13m – 934m MSL
Extent	1038 km ²
Major Forest Type	2B/C3 Orissa Semi Evergreen Forest 2/2S1 Secondary Moist Bamboo Brakes 3C/2e (ii) Moist Peninsular Low Level Sal Forest 3C/C3a West Gangetic Moist Mixed Deciduous Forest 3C/2S1 Northern Secondary Moist Mixed Deciduous Forest 5B/C1c Dry Peninsular Sal Forest 5B/C2 Northern Dry Mixed Deciduous Forest 5/DS1 Dry Deciduous Scrub 5/E2 Boswellia Forest 5/E9 Dry Bamboo Brake
Temperature	14°C - 40°C
Average rainfall	1400 mm
Year of notification	2002
District	Angul, Boudh, Cuttack and Nayagarh
Protected Area	Satkosia Gorge Wildlife Sanctuary – 745.52 km ² Baisipalli Wildlife Sanctuary – 168.35 km ²
Tiger Reserve	Satkosia Tiger Reserve – 1007.7 km ²
Division	Angul Forest Division Athagarh, Forest Division Boudh, Forest Division Nayagarh Forest Division Mahanadi Wildlife Division
Range / Reserve forest	Pampasar, Tikarpada, Kusanga, Jillinda, Chhamundia, Bancigocha East and Banigochha West
State	Odisha
Region	East Central
No. of revenue village	200
Road	30 km
Rail	0 km
Canal	0 km
Power line	0 km
Mining area	Information not available
Forest Area (%)	86 %
Non - Forest Area (%)	14 %
Elephant Population in the state	1976
Adjacent Elephant Reserves	Not available





Mahanadi Elephant Reserve, Odisha



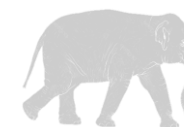
Odisha - Mayurbhanj Elephant Reserve

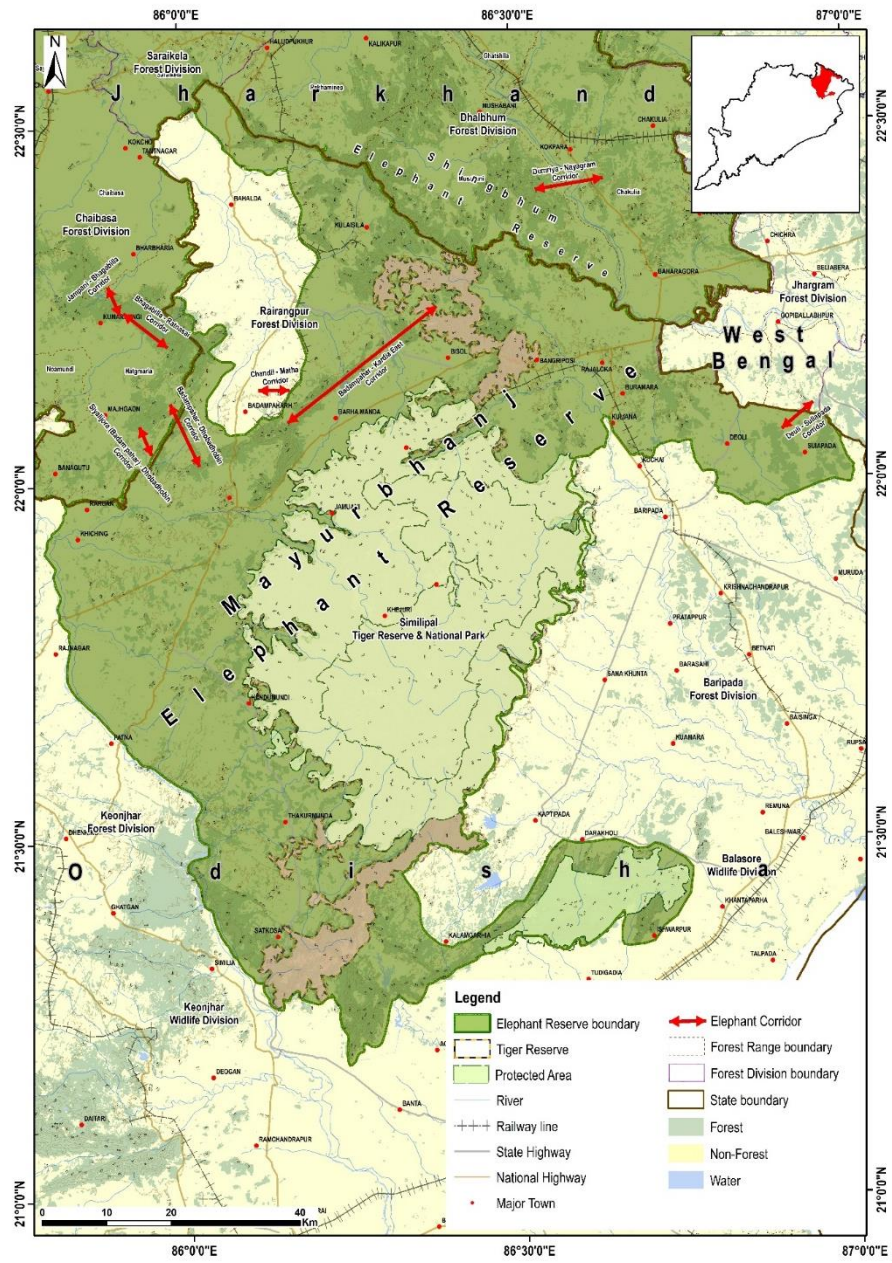
Mayurbhanj Elephant Reserve was notified on 29/07/2001 vide No. 8F(W)-42/20011506/F&E by the Odisha Forest and Environment department in pursuance to the guidelines provided by the Project Elephant Division, MoEF&CC, Govt. of India. It includes reserve forest and Protected Area in Baripada, Karanjia and Keonjhar Forest Divisions.

According to the FSI Forest Type (2009) classification data, various forest type in the Mayurbhanj Elephant Reserve includes Orissa semi evergreen forest, moist peninsular low level Sal forest, West Gangetic moist mixed deciduous forest, Northern secondary moist mixed deciduous forest, dry peninsular Sal forest, northern dry mixed deciduous forest and dry deciduous scrub.

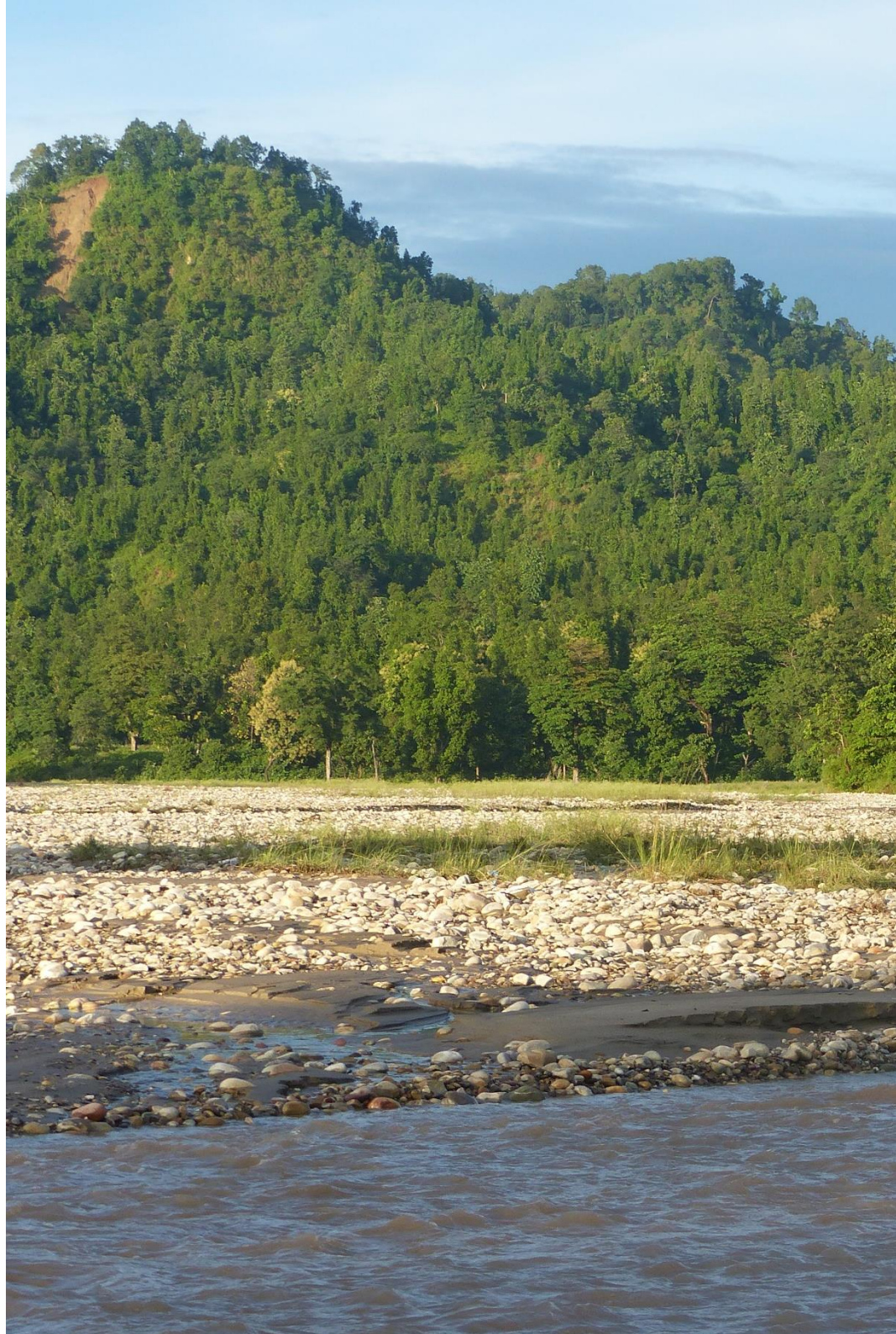
Mayurbhanj Elephant Reserve has an area of 3213.8 km² and is located in the North-Eastern region of the state. It borders the Singhbhum Elephant Reserve of Jharkhand in the North.

Details	
Elephant Reserve	Mayurbhanj Elephant Reserve
Biogeographic region	Deccan Peninsula
Geo Coordinates	21°10' - 22°35' 85°45' - 87°05'
Elevation	14m – 1183m MSL
Extent	3213.8 km ²
Major Forest Type	2B/C3 Orissa Semi Evergreen Forest 3C/2e (ii) Moist Peninsular Low Level Sal Forest 3C/C3a West Gangetic Moist Mixed Deciduous Forest 3C/2S1 Northern Secondary Moist Mixed Deciduous Forest 5B/C1c Dry Peninsular Sal Forest 5B/C2 Northern Dry Mixed Deciduous Forest 5/DS1 Dry Deciduous Scrub
Temperature	14°C - 40°C
Average rainfall	1600 mm
Year of notification	2002
District	Mayurbhanj, Balasore, Bhadrak and Keonjhar
Protected Area	Similipal National Park – 2189 km ²
Tiger Reserve	Similipal Tiger Reserve – 2750 km ²
Division	Baripada Forest Division Karanjia Forest Division Keonjhar Forest Division
Range / Reserve forest	Bisoi, Bangiriposi, Pithabata territorial, Manada, Chahala, Nawana North, Pithabata Wildlife, Nawana South, Jenabil, Udala, Dukura, Gurguria, Dudhani, Kendumundi, Thakurmunda and Kaptipada ranges
State	Odisha
Region	East Central
No. of revenue village	210
Road	281 km
Rail	86 km
Canal	0 km
Power line	265 km
Mining area	Information not available
Forest Area (%)	54 %
Non - Forest Area (%)	46 %
Elephant Population in the state	1976
Adjacent Elephant Reserves	Singhbhum Elephant Reserve, Jharkhand





Mayurbhanj Elephant Reserve, Odisha



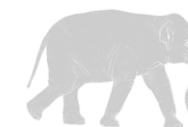
Odisha - Sambalpur Elephant Reserve

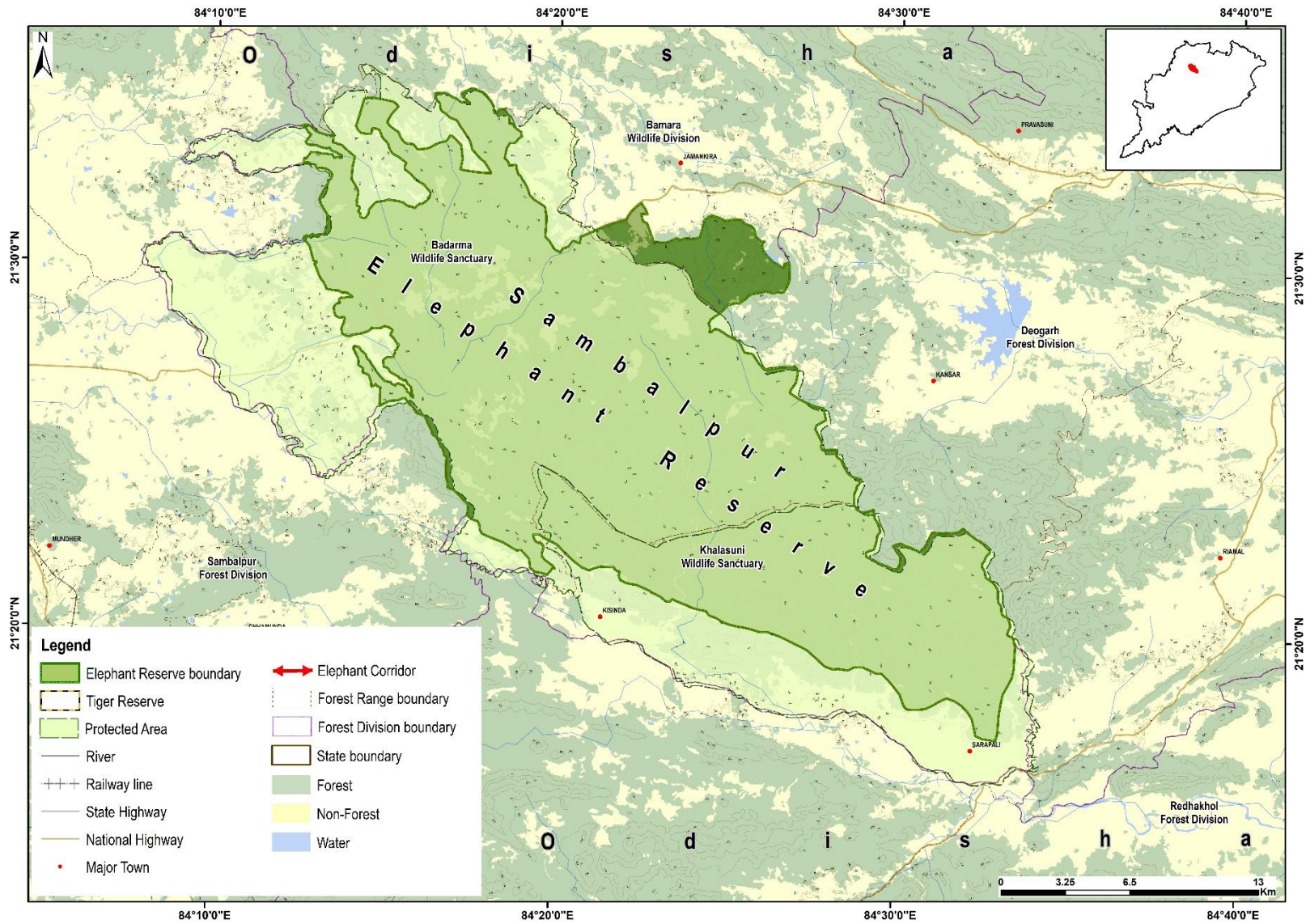
Sambalpur Elephant Reserve was notified on 27/03/2002 vide No. 8F(W) 10/2002.5840/F&E by the Odisha Forest and Environment department in pursuance to the guidelines provided by the Project Elephant Division, MoEF&CC, Govt. of India. It encompasses reserve forest and Protected Area of Bamara and Rairakhol forest divisions.

According to the FSI Forest Type (2009) classification data, various forest type in the Sambalpur Elephant Reserve includes moist peninsular low level Sal forest, Northern secondary moist mixed deciduous forest and Northern dry mixed deciduous forest.

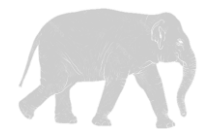
Sambalpur Elephant Reserve has an area of 426.9 km² and is located in the northern region of the state.

Details	
Elephant Reserve	Sambalpur Elephant Reserve
Biogeographic region	Deccan Peninsula
Geo Coordinates	21°15' - 21°40' 84°10' - 84°35'
Elevation	199m – 776m MSL
Extent	426.9 km ²
Major Forest Type	3C/2e (ii) Moist Peninsular Low Level Sal Forest 3C/2S1 Northern Secondary Moist Mixed Deciduous Forest 5B/C2 Northern Dry Mixed Deciduous Forest
Temperature	14°C - 40°C
Average rainfall	1450 mm
Year of notification	2002
District	Sambalpur
Protected Area	Badarma Wildlife Sanctuary - 304 km ² Khalasuni Wildlife Sanctuary – 116 km ²
Tiger Reserve	Not available
Division	Bamara Forest Division Rairakhol Forest Division
Range / Reserve forest	Khalasuni and Badarma ranges
State	Odisha
Region	East Central
No. of revenue village	75
Road	13 km
Rail	0 km
Canal	0 km
Power line	0 km
Mining area	Information not available
Forest Area (%)	96 %
Non - Forest Area (%)	4 %
Elephant Population in the state	1976
Adjacent Elephant Reserves	Not available





Sambalpur Elephant Reserve, Odisha



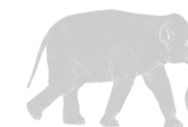
Tamil Nadu - Anamalai Elephant Reserve

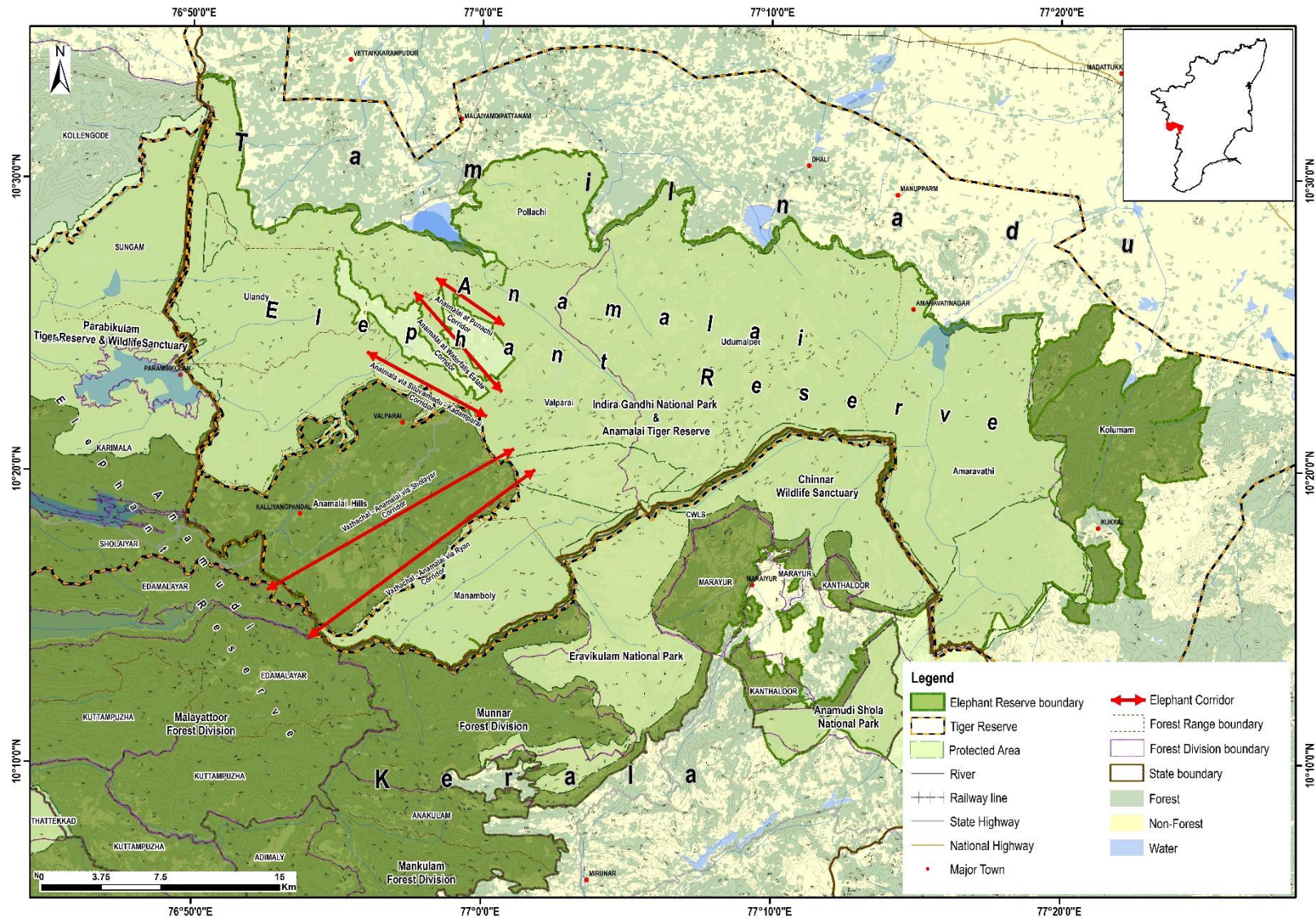
Anamalai Elephant Reserve was notified on 19/09/2003 vide No. G.O.(Ms)No.151 by the Tamil Nadu Forest department in pursuance to the guidelines provided by the Project Elephant Division, MoEF&CC, Govt. of India. It encompasses reserve forest and Protected Area of Indira Gandhi Wildlife Sanctuary and Dindigul and Kodaikanal Forest Divisions.

According to the FSI Forest Type (2009) classification data, various forest type in the Anamalai Elephant Reserve includes West coast tropical evergreen forest, West coast semi evergreen forest, moist bamboo brakes, very moist teak forest, moist teak forest, Southern moist mixed deciduous forest, Southern secondary moist mixed deciduous forest, riparian fringing forest, dry teak forest, Southern dry mixed deciduous forest, dry deciduous scrub, dry savannah forest, dry grass land, dry tropical riverine forest, secondary dry deciduous forest, Southern thorn forest, Karnatak umbrella thorn forest, Southern euphorbia scrub, Nilgiri subtropical hill forest, Southern montane wet temperate forest, Southern montane wet scrub and Southern montane wet grassland.

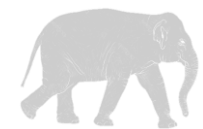
Anamalai Elephant Reserve spreads over an area of 1457.2 km² and is located in the Western region of the state bordering the Anamudi Elephant Reserve of Kerala in the West.

Details	
Elephant Reserve	Anamalai Elephant Reserve
Biogeographic region	Western Ghats
Geo Coordinates	10°33' - 10°19' / 76°50' - 77°25'
Elevation	278m – 2534m MSL
Extent	1457.2 km ²
Major Forest Type	1A/C4 West Coast Tropical Evergreen Forest, 2A/C2 West Coast Semi Evergreen Forest, 2/E3 Moist Bamboo Brakes, 3B/C1a Very Moist Teak Forest, 3B/C1b Moist Teak Forest, 3B/C2 Southern Moist Mixed Deciduous Forest, 3B/2S1 Southern Secondary Moist Mixed Deciduous Forest, 4E/RS1 Riparian Fringing Forest, 5A/C1b Dry Teak Forest, 5A/C3 Southern Dry Mixed Deciduous Forest, 5/DS1 Dry Deciduous Scrub, 5/DS2 Dry Savannah Forest, 5/DS4 (Dry grass land), 5/1S1 Dry Tropical Riverine Forest, 5/2S1 Secondary Dry Deciduous Forest, 6A/C1 Southern Thorn Forest, 6A/C2 Karnatak Umbrella Thorn Forest, 6A/DS2 Southern Euphorbia Scrub, 8A/C1 Nilgiri Subtropical hill Forest, 11A/C1 Southern Montane wet Temperate Forest, 11A/DS1 Southern Montane wet Scrub and 11A/DS2 Southern Montane wet grassland
Temperature	20°C - 36°C
Average rainfall	810 mm
Year of notification	2003
District	Coimbatore and Dindigul
Protected Area	Indira Gandhi Wildlife Sanctuary - 958 km ²
Tiger Reserve	Anamalai Tiger Reserve – 958 km ²
Division	Dindigul Forest Division, Kodaikanal Forest Division
Range / Reserve forest	Ulandy, Anamalai Hills, Manamboly, Valparai, Pollachi, Udumalpet, Amaravathi and Kolumam ranges
State	Tamilnadu
Region	Southern
No. of revenue village	25
Road	32 km
Rail	None
Canal	1 km
Power line	30 km
Mining area	Information not available
Forest Area (%)	78 %
Non - Forest Area (%)	22 %
Elephant Population in the state	2761
Adjacent Elephant Reserves	Anamudi Elephant Reserve, Kerala





Anamalai Elephant Reserve, Tamil Nadu



Tamil Nadu – Coimbatore Elephant Reserve

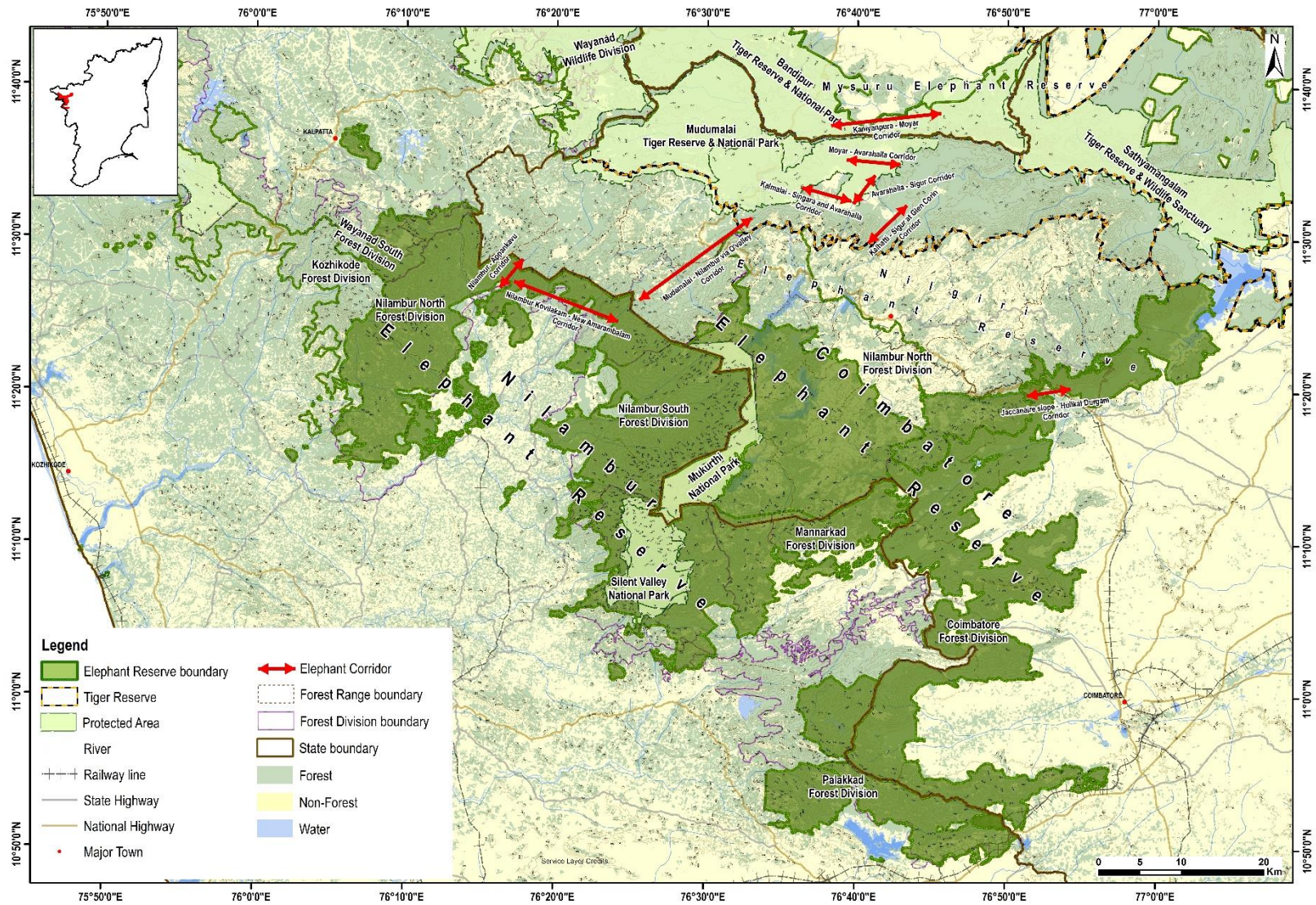
Coimbatore Elephant Reserve was notified on 19/09/2003 vide No. G.O.(Ms)No.151 by the Tamil Nadu Forest department in pursuance to the guidelines provided by the Project Elephant Division, MoEF&CC, Govt. of India. It encompasses reserve forest and Protected Area in Mukuruthi National Park, Coimbatore and Nilgiri South Forest Divisions.

According to the FSI Forest Type (2009) classification data, various forest type in the Coimbatore Elephant Reserve includes West coast tropical evergreen forest, West coast semi evergreen forest, moist bamboo brakes, very moist teak forest, Southern moist mixed deciduous forest, Southern secondary moist mixed deciduous forest, southern dry mixed deciduous forest, dry deciduous scrub, dry savannah forest, dry grass land, dry tropical riverine forest, secondary dry deciduous forest, Southern thorn forest, Karnatak umbrella thorn forest, Southern euphorbia scrub, Nilgiri sub tropical hill forest, South Indian subtropical hill savannah woodland, Southern montane wet temperate forest, Southern montane wet scrub and Southern montane wet grassland.

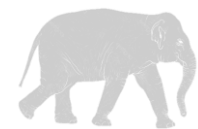
Coimbatore Elephant Reserve spreads over an area of 565.57 km² and is located in the Western region of the state and borders with the Nilgiri Elephant Reserve of Tamil Nadu on the North and Nilambur Elephant Reserve of Kerala on the West.

Details	
Elephant Reserve	Coimbatore Elephant Reserve
Biogeographic region	Western Ghats
Geo Coordinates	11°12' - 11°22' 76°26' - 77°04'
Elevation	211m – 2625m MSL
Extent	565.57 km ²
Major Forest Type	1A/C4 West Coast Tropical Evergreen Forest, 2A/C2 West Coast Semi Evergreen Forest, 2/E3 Moist Bamboo Brakes 3B/C1a Very Moist Teak Forest, 3B/C1b Moist Teak Forest, 3B/C2 Southern Moist Mixed Deciduous Forest, 3B/2S1 Southern Secondary Moist Mixed Deciduous Forest, 5A/C3 Southern Dry Mixed Deciduous Forest, 5/DS1 Dry Deciduous Scrub, 5/DS2 Dry Savannah Forest, 5/DS4 (Dry grass land), 5/1S1 Dry Tropical Riverine Forest, 5/2S1 Secondary Dry Deciduous Forest, 6A/C1 Southern Thorn Forest, 6A/C2 Karnatak Umbrella Thorn Forest, 6A/DS2 Southern Euphorbia Scrub, 8A/C1 Nilgiri Subtropical hill Forest, 8A/DS1 South Indian Subtropical Hill Savannah Woodland, 11A/C1 Southern Montane Wet Temperate Forest, 11A/DS1 Southern Montane Wet Scrub and 11A/DS2 Southern Montane wet grassland
Temperature	20°C - 36°C
Average rainfall	900 mm
Year of notification	2003
District	Coimbatore and Nilgiri
Protected Area	Mukuruthi National Park - 78 km ²
Tiger Reserve	Not available
Division	Coimbatore Forest Division Nilgiri South Forest Division
Range / Reserve forest	Naduvattam, Parsons valley, Korakundah, Dhagai south, Kundah, Karamadai, Periyanaikampalayam, Coonoor, Mettupalayam, Sirumugai, Coimbatore, Boluvampatti and Madukarai ranges
State	Tamilnadu
Region	Southern
No. of revenue village	45
Road	19 km
Rail	16 km
Canal	None
Power line	61 km
Mining area	Information not available
Forest Area (%)	45 %
Non - Forest Area (%)	55 %
Elephant Population in the state	2761
Adjacent Elephant Reserves	Nilgiri Elephant Reserve, Tamil Nadu and Nilambur Elephant Reserve, Kerala





Coimbatore Elephant Reserve, Tamil Nadu



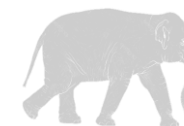
Tamil Nadu - Nilgiri Elephant Reserve

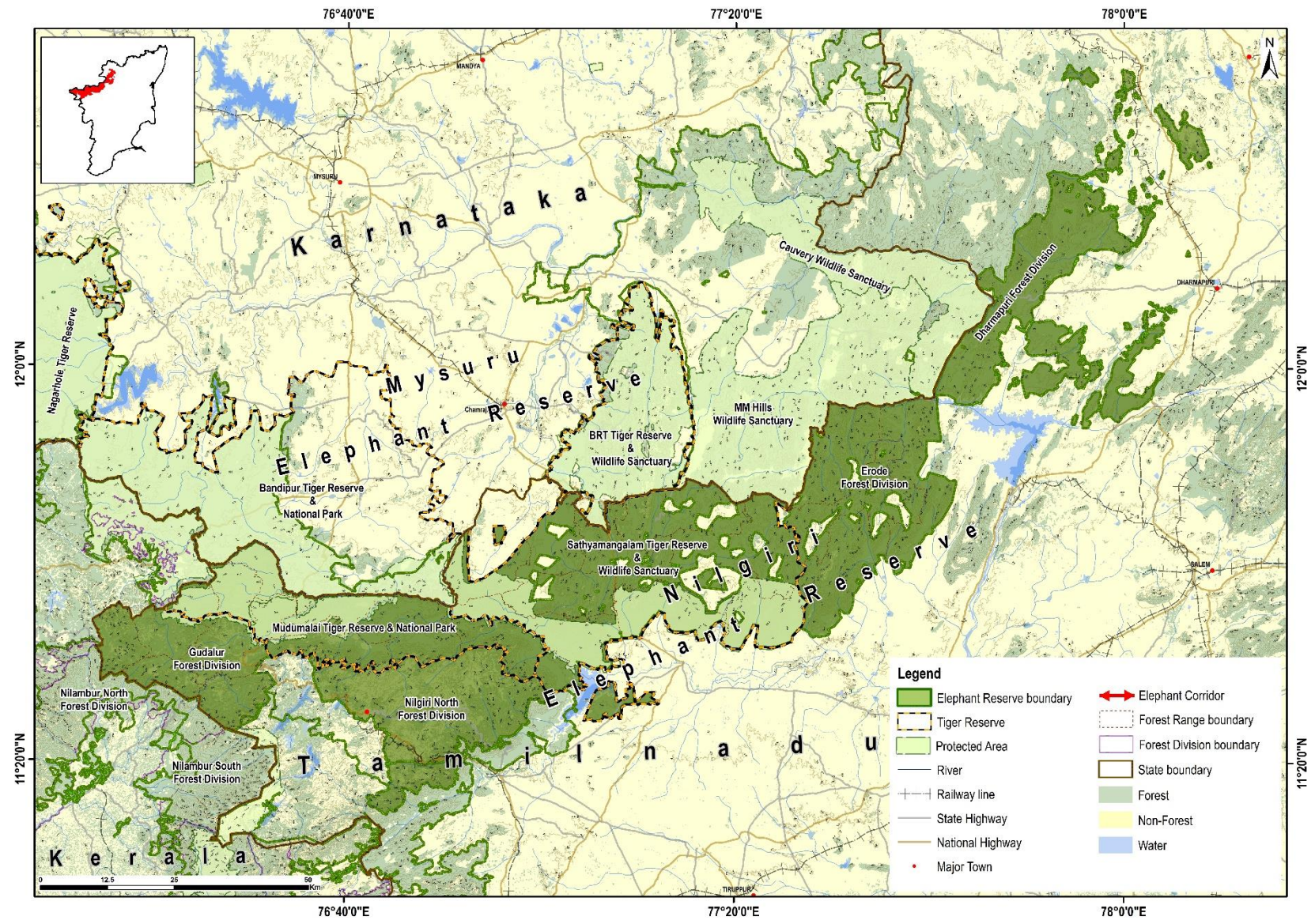
Nilgiri Elephant Reserve was notified on 19/09/2003 vide No. G.O.(Ms)No.151 by the Tamil Nadu Forest department in pursuance to the guidelines provided by the Project Elephant Division, MoEF&CC, Govt. of India. It includes reserve forest and Protected Area in Mudumalai Wildlife Sanctuary and National Park, Sathyamanagalam Wildlife Sanctuary, Gudalur, Nilgiri North, Erode, Dharmapuri, Hosur, and Nilgiri South Forest Divisions.

According to the FSI Forest Type (2009) classification data, various forest type in the Nilgiri Elephant Reserve includes West coast tropical evergreen forest, West coast semi evergreen forest, moist bamboo brakes, very moist teak forest, moist teak forest, Southern moist mixed deciduous forest, Southern secondary moist mixed deciduous forest, Sub montane hill-valley swamp forest, riparian fringing forest, dry teak forest, Southern dry mixed deciduous forest, dry deciduous scrub, dry savannah forest, dry grass land, Hardwickia forest, dry bamboo brake, dry tropical riverine forest, secondary dry deciduous forest, Southern thorn forest, Karnatak umbrella thorn forest, Southern euphorbia scrub, tropical dry evergreen forest, Nilgiri subtropical hill forest, South Indian subtropical hill savannah woodland, Southern montane wet temperate forest, Southern montane wet scrub and Southern montane wet grassland.

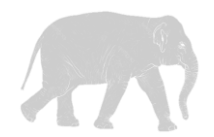
Nilgiri Elephant Reserve spreads over an area of 4662.45 km² and is located in the North-Eastern edge of the state bordering Mysuru Elephant Reserve of Karnataka in the North along with Wayanad and Nilambur Elephant Reserves of Kerala in the West and Coimbatore Elephant Reserve in the South.

Details	
Elephant Reserve	Nilgiri Elephant Reserve
Biogeographic region	Western Ghats
Geo Coordinates	11°34' - 12°25' 76°13' - 78°6'
Elevation	204m – 2634m MSL
Extent	4662.45 km ²
Major Forest Type	1A/C4 West Coast Tropical Evergreen Forest, 2A/C2 West Coast Semi Evergreen Forest, 2/E3 Moist Bamboo Brakes, 3B/C1a Very Moist Teak Forest, 3B/C1b Moist Teak Forest, 3B/C2 Southern Moist Mixed Deciduous Forest, 3B/2S1 Southern Secondary Moist Mixed Deciduous Forest, 4C/FS2 Sub Montane Hill-valley Swamp Forest, 4E/RS1 Riparian Fringing Forest, 5A/C1b Dry Teak Forest, 5A/C3 Southern Dry Mixed Deciduous Forest, 5/DS1 Dry Deciduous Scrub, 5/DS2 Dry Savannah Forest, 5/DS4 (Dry grass land), 5/E4 Hardwickia Forest, 5/E9 Dry Bamboo Brake, 5/1S1 Dry Tropical Riverine Forest, 5/2S1 Secondary Dry Deciduous Forest, 6A/C1 Southern Thorn Forest, 6A/C2 Karnatak Umbrella Thorn Forest, 6A/DS2 Southern Euphorbia Scrub, 7/C1 Tropical Dry Evergreen Forest, 8A/C1 Nilgiri Subtropical hill Forest, 8A/DS1 South Indian Subtropical Hill Savannah Woodland, 11A/C1 Southern Montane wet Temperate Forest, 11A/DS1 Southern Montane wet Scrub, 11A/DS2 Southern Montane wet grassland
Temperature	5°C - 36°C
Average rainfall	900 mm
Year of notification	2003
District	Nilgiri, Erode and Dharmapuri
Protected Area	Mukuruthi National Park - 78 km ²
Tiger Reserve	Not available
Division	Gudalur Forest Division, Nilgiri North Forest Division, Erode Forest Division, Dharmapuri Forest Division, Hosur Forest Division and Nilgiri South Forest Division
Range / Reserve forest	Chermabadi, Bitherkadu, Pandalur, Nadugani, O valley, Gudalur, Nelakottai, Mudumalai, Theppakadu, KArgudi, Masinagudi, Singara, Segur, Jeerahalli, Talavadi, Talamalai, Bhavanisagar, Vilamundi, Sathyamangalam, Hassanur, Germalam, Kadambur, Thukkanaicken palayam, Bargur, Anthiyur, Thattakarai, Chennampatti, Pennagaram, Hogenakal and Palacode ranges
State	Tamilnadu
Region	Southern
No. of revenue village	45
Road	192 km
Rail	24 km
Canal	None
Power line	61 km
Mining area	Information not available
Forest Area (%)	75 %
Non - Forest Area (%)	25 %
Elephant Population in the state	2761
Adjacent Elephant Reserves	Mysuru Elephant Reserve of Karnataka, Wayanad and Nilambur Elephant Reserves of Kerala and Coimbatore Elephant Reserve of Tamilnadu





Nilgiri Elephant Reserve, Tamil Nadu



Tamil Nadu - Periyar Srivilliputhur Elephant Reserve

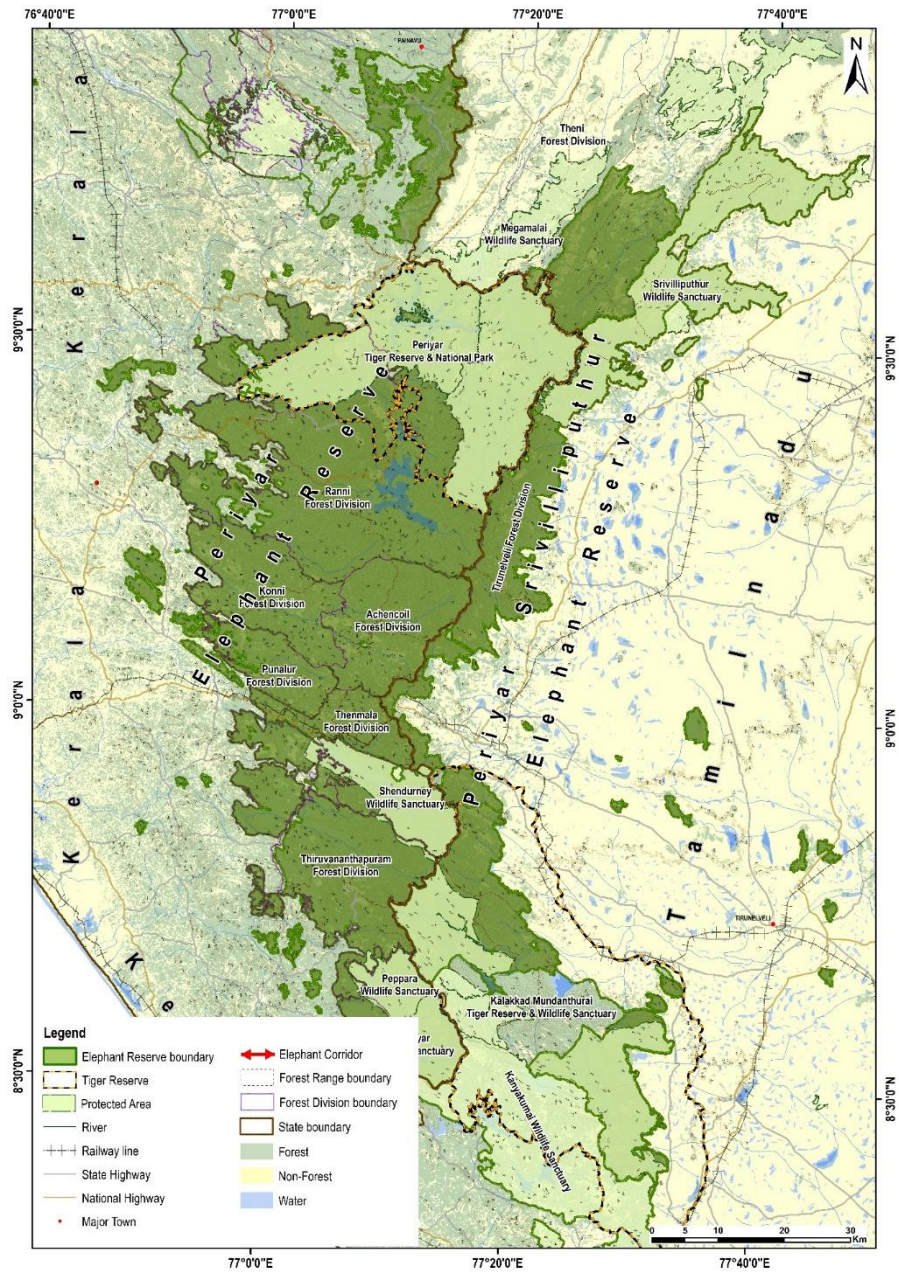
Periyar Srivilliputhur Elephant Reserve was notified on 19/09/2003 vide No. G.O.(Ms)No.151 by the Tamil Nadu Forest department in pursuance to the guidelines provided by the Project Elephant Division, MoEF&CC, Govt. of India. It encompasses reserve forest and Protected Area in Grizzled Giant Squirrel Wildlife Sanctuary, Theni and Tirunelveli forest divisions.

According to the FSI Forest Type (2009) classification data, various forest type in the Periyar Srivilliputhur Elephant Reserve are Southern hilltop tropical evergreen forest, West coast tropical evergreen forest, West coast semi evergreen forest, Tirunelveli semi evergreen forest, moist teak forest, Southern moist mixed deciduous forest, Southern secondary moist mixed deciduous forest, riparian fringing forest, very dry teak forest, dry teak forest, Southern dry mixed deciduous forest, dry deciduous scrub, dry savannah forest, euphorbia scrub, dry grass land, dry tropical riverine forest, secondary dry deciduous forest, Southern thorn forest, Karnatak umbrella thorn forest, Nilgiri sub tropical hill forest and reed brakes (Ochalandra).

Periyar Srivilliputhur Elephant Reserve has an area of 1249.1 km² and is located in the Southern region of the state bordering with the Periyar Elephant Reserve of Kerala in the West.

Details	
Elephant Reserve	Periyar Srivilliputhur Elephant Reserve
Biogeographic region	Western Ghats
Geo Coordinates	09°50' - 08°21' 77°37' - 77°32'
Elevation	37m – 1970m MSL
Extent	1249.1 km ²
Major Forest Type	1A/C3 Southern Hilltop Tropical Evergreen Forest, 1A/C4 West Coast Tropical Evergreen Forest, 2A/C2 West Coast Semi Evergreen Forest, 2A/C3 Tirunelveli Semi Evergreen Forest, 3B/C1b Moist Teak Forest, 3B/C2 Southern Moist Mixed Deciduous Forest, 3B/2S1 Southern Secondary Moist Mixed Deciduous Forest, 4E/RS1 Riparian Fringing Forest, 5A/C1a Very Dry Teak Forest, 5A/C1b Dry Teak Forest, 5A/C3 Southern Dry Mixed Deciduous Forest, 5/DS1 Dry Deciduous Scrub, 5/DS2 Dry Savannah Forest, 5/DS3 (Euphorbia Scrub), 5/DS4 (Dry grass land), 5/1S1 Dry Tropical Riverine Forest, 5/2S1 Secondary Dry Deciduous Forest, 6A/C1 Southern Thorn Forest, 6A/C2 Karnatak Umbrella Thorn Forest, 8A/C1 Nilgiri Subtropical hill Forest, 8A/E1 Reed Brakes (Ochalandra)
Temperature	22°C - 36°C
Average rainfall	900 mm
Year of notification	2003
District	Theni, Virudhunagar and Tirunelveli
Protected Area	Grizzled Giant Squirrel Wildlife Sanctuary – 480 km ²
Tiger Reserve	Kalakkadu Mundathurai Tiger Reserve
Division	Dindigul Forest Division Kodaikanal Forest Division
Range / Reserve forest	Kalakkad, Thirukurangudi, Pappanasam, Mundanthurai, Kadayam, Courtallam, Kadayannallur, Sankarankoil, Sivagiri, Varusanadu and Megamalai ranges
State	Tamilnadu
Region	Southern
No. of revenue village	25
Road	5 km
Rail	4 km
Canal	1 km
Power line	18 km
Mining area	Information not available
Forest Area (%)	92 %
Non - Forest Area (%)	8 %
Elephant Population in the state	2761
Adjacent Elephant Reserves	Periyar Elephant Reserve, Kerala





Periyar Srivilliputhur Elephant Reserve, Tamil Nadu



Tamil Nadu - Agasthyamalai Elephant Reserve

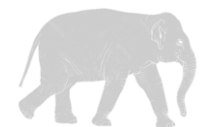
Agasthyamalai Elephant Reserve was notified on 10/08/2022 vide No. G.O.(Ms)No.136 by the Tamil Nadu Forest department in pursuance to the guidelines provided by the Project Elephant Division, MoEF&CC, Govt. of India. It encompasses reserve forest and Protected Area in Kanniyakumari Wildlife Sanctuary, Kalakadu Wildlife Sanctuary, Mundanthurai Wildlife Sanctuary, Tirunelveli and Kanniyakumari forest divisions.

According to the FSI Forest Type (2009) classification data, various forest type in the Agasthyamalai Elephant Reserve are Southern hilltop tropical evergreen forest, West coast tropical evergreen forest, West coast semi evergreen forest, Tirunelveli semi evergreen forest, moist teak forest, Southern moist mixed deciduous forest, Southern secondary moist mixed deciduous forest, riparian fringing forest, very dry teak forest, dry teak forest, Southern dry mixed deciduous forest, dry deciduous scrub, dry savannah forest, euphorbia scrub, dry grass land, dry tropical riverine forest, secondary dry deciduous forest, Southern thorn forest, Karnatak umbrella thorn forest, Nilgiri sub tropical hill forest and reed brakes (Ochalandra).

Agasthyamalai Elephant Reserve has an area of 1197.48 km² and is located in the Southern region of the state bordering with the Periyar Elephant Reserve of Kerala in the North-West.

The geospatial layer of Agasthyamalai ER was generated using gazette notification

Details	
Elephant Reserve	Agasthyamalai Elephant Reserve
Biogeographic region	Western Ghats
Geo Coordinates	08°52' - 08°09' 77°15' - 77°31'
Elevation	40m – 1980m MSL
Extent	1197.48 km ²
Major Forest Type	1A/C3 Southern Hilltop Tropical Evergreen Forest, 1A/C4 West Coast Tropical Evergreen Forest, 2A/C2 West Coast Semi Evergreen Forest, 2A/C3 Tirunelveli Semi Evergreen Forest, 3B/C1b Moist Teak Forest, 3B/C2 Southern Moist Mixed Deciduous Forest, 3B/2S1 Southern Secondary Moist Mixed Deciduous Forest, 4E/RS1 Riparian Fringing Forest, 5A/C1a Very Dry Teak Forest, 5A/C1b Dry Teak Forest, 5A/C3 Southern Dry Mixed Deciduous Forest, 5/DS1 Dry Deciduous Scrub, 5/DS2 Dry Savannah Forest, 5/DS3 (Euphorbia Scrub), 5/DS4 (Dry grass land), 5/1S1 Dry Tropical Riverine Forest, 5/2S1 Secondary Dry Deciduous Forest, 6A/C1 Southern Thorn Forest, 6A/C2 Karnatak Umbrella Thorn Forest, 8A/C1 Nilgiri Subtropical hill Forest, 8A/E1 Reed Brakes (Ochalandra)
Temperature	21°C - 37°C
Average rainfall	1456 mm
Year of notification	2002
District	Tirunelveli and Kanniyakumari
Protected Area	Kanniyakumari Wildlife Sanctuary Kalakadu Wildlife Sanctuary Mundanthurai Wildlife Sanctuary
Tiger Reserve	Kalakkadu Mundanthurai Tiger Reserve
Division	Tirunelveli Forest Division and Kanniyakumari Forest Division
Range / Reserve forest	Mundanthurai, Kadayam, Pappanasam Ambasumudeam, Upper Kodyar, Kalakkad and Thirukurangudi ranges
State	Tamilnadu
Region	Southern
No. of revenue village	40
Road	8 km
Rail	6 km
Canal	None
Power line	2 km
Mining area	Information not available



Uttar Pradesh - Uttar Pradesh Elephant Reserve

Uttar Pradesh Elephant Reserve was notified on 09/07/2009 vide No. 4496(1)/14-4-2009-802/2004 by the Uttar Pradesh Forest department in pursuance to the guidelines provided by the Project Elephant Division, MoEF&CC, Govt. of India. It includes reserve forest and Protected Area of Shivalik and Bijnor Forest Divisions.

According to the FSI Forest Type (2009) classification data, various forest type in the Uttar Pradesh Elephant Reserve includes dry Siwalik Sal forest, dry plains Sal forest, Northern dry mixed deciduous forest, dry deciduous scrub, *Butea* forest and Khair Sissoo forest.

Uttar Pradesh Elephant Reserve has an area of 744.096 km² and is located in the Northern part of the state and borders the Shivalik Elephant Reserve of Uttarakhand in the North.

Details	
Elephant Reserve	Uttar Pradesh Elephant Reserve
Biogeographic region	Gangetic plain- Lower Gangeti
Geo Coordinates	30°24' - 29°18' 77°34' - 78°48'
Elevation	213m – 919m MSL
Extent	744.096 km ²
Major Forest Type	5B/C1a Dry Siwalik Sal Forest 5B/C1b Dry Plains Sal Forest 5B/C2 Northern Dry Mixed Deciduous Forest 5/DS1 Dry Deciduous Scrub 5/E5 <i>Butea</i> Forest 5/1S2 Khair Sissoo Forest
Temperature	10°C - 48°C
Average rainfall	1000 mm
Year of notification	2009
District	Saharanpur and Bijnor
Protected Area	Not available
Tiger Reserve	Amangarh Tiger Reserve
Division	Shivalik Forest Division Bijnor Social Forest Division Bijnor Forest Division (Najibabad)
Range / Reserve forest	Barkala, Shakumbhari, Mohand, Najeebabad and Amangarh ranges
State	Uttar Pradesh
Region	Northern
No. of revenue village	25
Road	60 km
Rail	8 km
Canal	None
Power line	94 km
Mining area	Information not available
Forest Area (%)	55 %
Non - Forest Area (%)	45 %
Elephant Population in the state	232
Adjacent Elephant Reserves	Shivalik Elephant Reserve, Uttarakhand



Uttar Pradesh - Terai Elephant Reserve

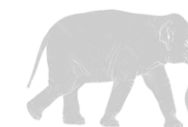
Terai Elephant Reserve was notified on 29/12/2022 vide No. 823/81-4-2022 by the Uttar Pradesh Forest department in pursuance to the guidelines provided by the Project Elephant Division, MoEF&CC, Govt. of India. It includes reserve forest and Protected Area of Dudhwa Tiger Reserve, Palia-Kheri, Lakhimpur – Kheri, South Kheri, Katarniaghat Wildlife and Pilibhit Tiger Reserve Forest Divisions.

According to the FSI Forest Type (2009) classification data, various forest type in the Uttar Pradesh Elephant Reserve includes dry Siwalik Sal forest, dry plains Sal forest, Northern dry mixed deciduous forest, dry deciduous scrub, *Butea* forest and Khair Sissoo forest.

Terai Elephant Reserve has an area of 3072.35 km² and is located in the Northern part of the state and bordering the forests of Nepal.

The geospatial layer of Terai ER was generated using gazette notification

Details	
Elephant Reserve	Uttar Pradesh Elephant Reserve
Biogeographic region	Gangetic plain- Lower Gangeti
Geo Coordinates	30°24' - 29°18' 77°34' - 78°48'
Elevation	240m – 900m MSL
Extent	744.096 km ²
Major Forest Type	5B/C1a Dry Siwalik Sal Forest 5B/C1b Dry Plains Sal Forest 5B/C2 Northern Dry Mixed Deciduous Forest 5/DS1 Dry Deciduous Scrub 5/E5 <i>Butea</i> Forest 5/1S2 Khair Sissoo Forest
Temperature	10°C - 48°C
Average rainfall	1000 mm
Year of notification	2009
District	Saharanpur and Bijnor
Protected Area	Not available
Tiger Reserve	Dudhwa Tiger Reserve - Pilibhit Tiger Reserve -
Division	Dudhwa Tiger Reserve Division (Palia-Kheri), Buffer Zone, Dudhwa Tiger Reserve Division (Lakhimpur-Kheri), South Kheri Forest Division (Lakhimpur-Kheri), Katarniaghat Wildlife Division (Bahraich) and Pilibhit Tiger Reserve.
Range / Reserve forest	Dudhwa, Bellraien, Bankatti, North Sonaripur, Gauriphanta, Sathiana, South Sonaripur, Kishanpur, Mailani, Bhira, North Nighasan, South Nighasan, Palia, Dhaurahra, Majhgai, Sampurnanagar, Gola, Mohammdi, Sujauli, Nishangara, Katarniaghat, Dharnapur, Murtiha, Motipur, Kakraha, Mala, Mahof, Barahi, Haripur and Dioria ranges
State	Uttar Pradesh
Region	Northern
No. of revenue village	Information not available
Road	94 km
Rail	123 km
Canal	106 km
Power line	0.5 km
Mining area	Information not available
Forest Area (%)	80 %
Non - Forest Area (%)	20 %
Elephant Population in the state	232
Adjacent Elephant Reserves	Shivalik Elephant Reserve, Uttarakhand



Uttarakhand - Shivalik Elephant Reserve

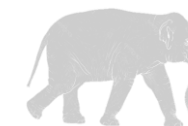
Shivalik Elephant Reserve was notified on dated 29/10/2002 vide No. 177/1(2)/FD/2002-19(9)/2002 by the Uttarakhand Forest department in pursuance to the guidelines provided by the Project Elephant Division, MoEF&CC, Govt. of India. The reserve includes reserve forest and Protected Area in Rajaji and Corbett National Park, Kalsi, Narendranagar, Dehradun, Haridwar, Lansdowne, Ramnagar, Terai Central, Terai East, Terai West, Haldwani and Champawat Forest Divisions.

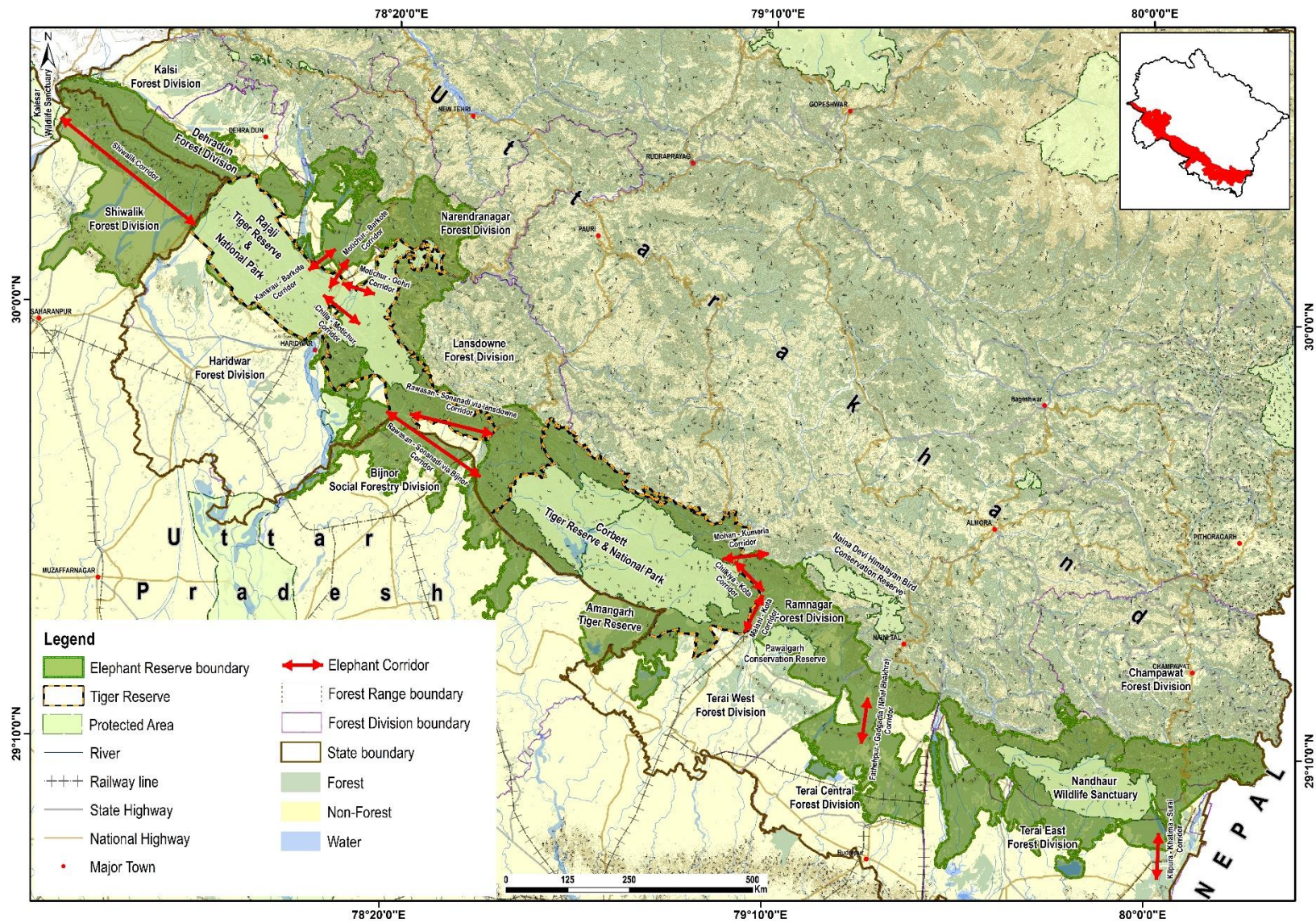
According to the FSI Forest Type (2009) classification data, various forest type in the Shivalik Elephant Reserve includes moist Shivalik Sal forest, moist Terai Sal forest, West Gangetic moist mixed deciduous forest, dry Shivalik Sal forest, dry plains Sal forest, Northern dry mixed deciduous forest, dry deciduous scrub, Khair Sissoo forest, lower or Shivalik Chir pine forest, upper or Himalayan Chir Pine Forest, Himalayan subtropical scrub, subtropical euphorbia scrub, ban oak forest (*Q. incana*), Moru oak forest (*Q. dilatata*) and moist deodar forest.

Shivalik Elephant Reserve has an area of 5405.07 km² and is located in the southern part of the state bordering with the Uttar Pradesh Elephant Reserve in the South.

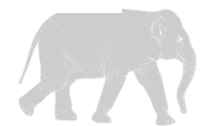
The geospatial layer of Shivalik ER was generated using gazette notification

Details	
Elephant Reserve	Shivalik Elephant Reserve
Biogeographic region	Himalaya – Central Himalaya and Gangetic plain- Lower Gangeti
Geo Coordinates	30°24' - 29°8' 77°35' - 80°16'
Elevation	202m – 2249m MSL
Extent	5405.07 km ²
Major Forest Type	3C/C2a Moist Siwalik Sal Forest, 3C/C2c Moist Terai Sal Forest, 3C/C3a West Gangetic Moist Mixed Deciduous Forest, 5B/C1a Dry Shivalik Sal Forest, 5B/C1b Dry Plains Sal Forest, 5B/C2 Northern Dry Mixed Deciduous Forest, 5/DS1 Dry Deciduous Scrub, 5/1S2 Khair Sissoo Forest, 9/C1a Lower or Shivalik Chir Pine Forest, 9/C1b Upper or Himalayan Chir Pine Forest, 9/DS1 Himalayan Subtropical Scrub, 9/DS2 Subtropical Euphorbia Scrub, 12/C1a Ban Oak Forest (<i>Q. incana</i>), 12/C1b Moru Oak Forest (<i>Q. dilatata</i>), 12/C1c Moist Deodar Forest
Temperature	5°C - 39°C
Average rainfall	2000 mm
Year of notification	2002
District	Dehradun, Haridwa, Garwal, Nainital, Almora, Udham Singh Nagar, Tehri and Champawat
Protected Area	Rajaji National Park – 820.42 km ² Corbett National Park – 520.8 km ² Sonanadi Wildlife Sanctuary – 301.18 km ² Pawalgarh Conservation Reserve – 58.25 km ² Nandhaur Wildlife Sanctuary – 269.96 km ²
Tiger Reserve	Rajaji Tiger Reserve – 1075.17 km ² Corbett Tiger Reserve – 1288.31 km ²
Division	Kalsi forest division, Narendranagar Forest Division, Dehradun Forest Division, Haridwar Forest Division, Lansdowne Forest Division, Terai East Forest Division, Ramnagar Forest Division, Terai Central Forest Division, Haldwani Forest Division, Terai West Forest Division and Champawat Forest Division
Range / Reserve forest	Timil, Malhan, Asharodi, Ramgarh, Chillawali, Dholkhand, Kansroa, Lachhiwala, Thano, Shivpuri Motichor, Beribada, Haridwar, Chilla, Shyampur, Rawasan, Laldang, Kotdwar, Dugadda, Kotdi, Pakhrau, Palain, Adnala, Sonanadi, Kalagarh, Jhirna, Dhikala, Maidavan, Sarduli, Mandal, Bijrani, Dhela, Kosi, Dechauri, Kaladhungi, Kota, Fatehpur, Barhani, Gadgadi, Bhakda, Pipalpadao, Haldwani, Tanda, Gaula, Doli, Kishanpur, Chakata, Nandhaur, Jaulasai, Danda, Dogadi, Sarda and Boom ranges
State	Uttarakhand
Region	Northern
No. of revenue village	110
Road	60 km
Rail	8 km
Canal	17 km
Power line	354 km
Mining area	Information not available
Forest Area (%)	81 %
Non - Forest Area (%)	19 %
Elephant Population in the state	232
Adjacent Elephant Reserves	Shivalik Elephant Reserve, Uttarakhand





Political map of Shivalik Elephant Reserve, Uttarakhand



West Bengal - Eastern Dooars Elephant Reserve

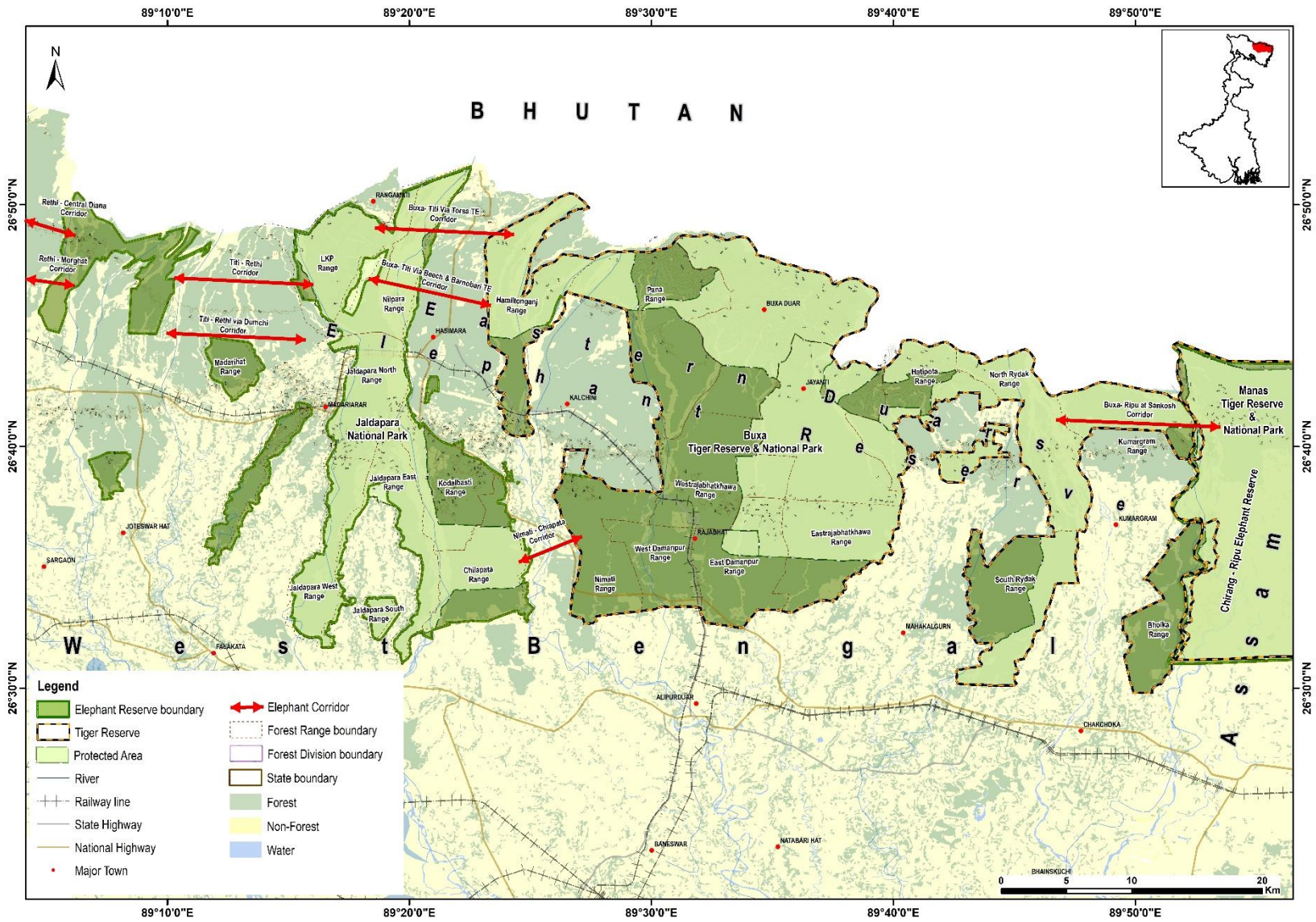
Eastern Dooars Elephant Reserve was notified on 28/08/2002 vide No. 3293-For.11B-19/2000 by the West Bengal Forest department in pursuance to the guidelines provided by the Project Elephant Division, MoEF&CC, Govt. of India. It encompasses reserve forest and Protected Area in Buxa Tiger Reserve and Wildlife Division- II, along with Jalpaiguri and Coochbehar Forest Divisions.

According to the FSI Forest Type (2009) classification data, various forest type in the Eastern Dooars Elephant Reserve includes sub Himalayan secondary wet mixed forest, East Himalayan upper Bhabar Sal, East Himalayan lower Bhabar Sal, Eastern Terai Sal forest, moist Sal savannah, East Himalayan moist mixed deciduous forest, secondary euphorbiaceous scrub, low alluvial savannah woodland (*Salmalia - Albizzia*), Eastern wet alluvial grassland, Khair Sissoo forest and East Himalayan subtropical wet hill.

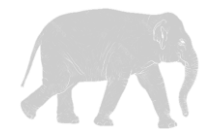
Eastern Dooars Elephant Reserve is spread over an area of 977.51 km² and is located in the Northern region of the state bordering with the Chirang – Ripu Elephant Reserve of Assam in the East.

Details	
Elephant Reserve	Eastern Dooars Elephant Reserve
Biogeographic region	Gangetic plain- Lower Gangeti
Geo Coordinates	25°58' - 26°57' 89°80' - 89°51'
Elevation	43m – 1754m MSL
Extent	977.51 km ²
Major Forest Type	2B/2S3 Sub Himalayan Secondary Wet Mixed Forest, 3C/C1b (i) East Himalayan Upper Bhabar Sal, 3C/C1b (ii) East Himalayan Lower Bhabar Sal, 3C/C1c Eastern Terai Sal Forest, 3C/DS1 Moist Sal Savannah, 3C/C3b East Himalayan Moist Mixed Deciduous Forest, 3C/2S2 (Secondary Euphorbiaceous Scrub), 3/1S1 Low Alluvial Savannah Woodland (<i>Salmalia - Albizzia</i>), 4D/2S1 Eastern Wet Alluvial Grassland, 5/1S2 Khair Sissoo Forest, 8B/C1 East Himalayan SubTropical Wet Hill
Temperature	10°C - 30°C
Average rainfall	3100 mm
Year of notification	2002
District	Jalpaiguri
Protected Area	Buxa National Park – 117.1 km ² Buxa Wildlife Sanctuary – 251.89 km ² Jaldapara National Park – 216.51 km ²
Tiger Reserve	Buxa Tiger Reserve – 1075.17 km ²
Division	Jalpaiguri Forest Division Coochbehar Forest Division
Range / Reserve forest	Madarhat Jaldapara North, Jaldapara South, Jaldapara East, Jaldapara West, Nilpara, LKP, Kodaibasti, Chilapata, Hamiltonganj, Pana, West raja bhatkawa , West Damanpur, East Damanpur, Nimati, East raja bhatkawa, Hatipota, North Rydak and South Rydak ranges
State	West Bengal
Region	North Eastern
No. of revenue village	100
Road	36 km
Rail	17 km
Canal	None
Power line	27 km
Mining area	Information not available
Forest Area (%)	81 %
Non - Forest Area (%)	19 %
Elephant Population in the state	488
Adjacent Elephant Reserves	Chirang – Ripu Elephant Reserve, Assam





Eastern Doars Elephant Reserve, West Bengal



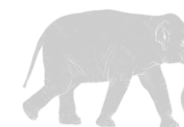
West Bengal – Mayurjharna Elephant Reserve

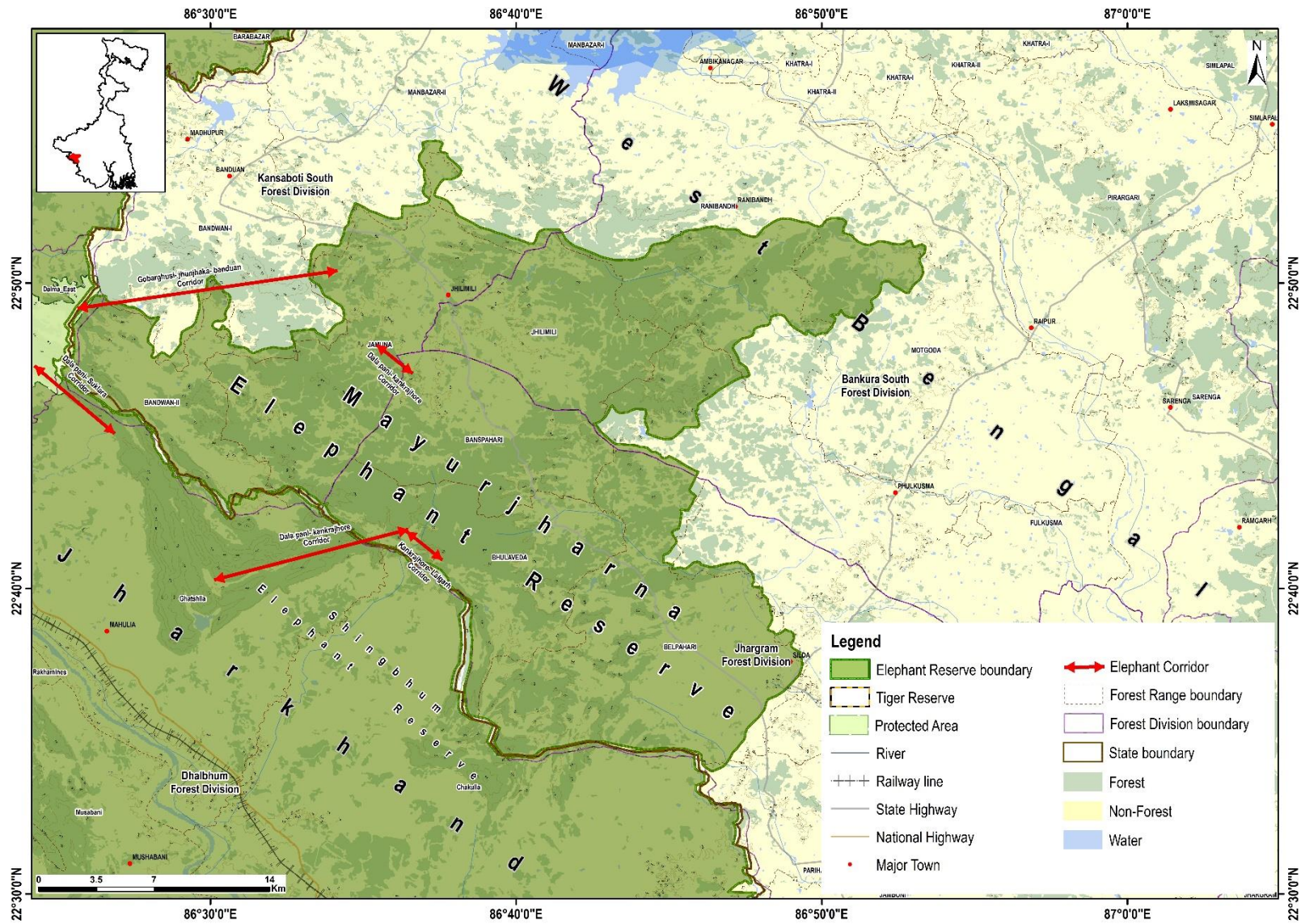
Mayurjharna Elephant Reserve was notified on dated 24/10/2002 vide No. 3040-For.11B-19/2000 by the West Bengal Forest department in pursuance to the guidelines provided by the Project Elephant Division, MoEF&CC, Govt. of India. It includes reserve forest and Protected Area West Midnapore, Bankira (South) Forest Divisions and Kangsabati Soil Conservation - II Division.

According to the FSI Forest Type (2009) classification data, various forest type in the Mayurjharna Elephant Reserve includes dry plains Sal forest, Northern dry mixed deciduous forest, dry deciduous scrub and *Butea* forest.

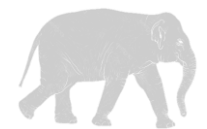
Mayurjharna Elephant Reserve has an area of 414 km² and is located in the Southern region of the state. It borders the Singhbhum Elephant Reserve of Jharkhand in the South-West.

Details	
Elephant Reserve	Mayurjharna Elephant Reserve
Biogeographic region	Deccan Peninsula
Geo Coordinates	23°27' - 22°23' 86°27' - 87°32'
Elevation	65m – 425m MSL
Extent	414 km ²
Major Forest Type	5B/C1b Dry Plains Sal Forest 5B/C2 Northern Dry Mixed Deciduous Forest 5/DS1 Dry Deciduous Scrub 5/E5 Butea Forest
Temperature	13°C - 36°C
Average rainfall	2600 mm
Year of notification	2002
District	Midnapore, Bankura and Purulia
Protected Area	Not available
Tiger Reserve	Not available
Division	West Midnapore Forest Division Bankira (South) Forest Division Kangsabati Soil Conservation - II Division
Range / Reserve forest	Bandwan – II, Jamuna, Banspahari, Bhuladeva, Jhilmil, Belpahari and Fulkusma ranges
State	West Bengal
Region	East Central
No. of revenue village	110
Road	44 km
Rail	None
Canal	None
Power line	None
Mining area	Information not available
Forest Area (%)	52 %
Non - Forest Area (%)	48 %
Elephant Population in the state	488
Adjacent Elephant Reserves	Singhbhum Elephant Reserve, Jharkhand



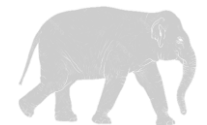


Mayurjharna Elephant Reserve, West Bengal



Sources (Gazette notification)

1. Government of Andhra Pradesh gazette notification, vide G.O.Ms.No.106 dated 09/02/2003 "Declaration of Rayala Elephant Reserve"
2. Government of Arunachal Pradesh gazette notification, vide No. CWL/D/7/2001/2868-2943 dated 19/06/2006 "Declaration of Kameng Elephant Reserve"
3. Government of Arunachal Pradesh gazette notification, vide No. CWL/D/21(14)06/07/517-67 dated 29/02/2008 "Declaration of South Arunachal Elephant Reserve"
4. Government of Assam gazette notification, vide No. FRW - 44/2002/47 dated 06/03/2003 "Declaration of Chirang-Ripu Elephant Reserve"
5. Government of Assam gazette notification, vide No. FRW - 44/2002/70 dated 19/04/2003 "Declaration of Dhansiri-Lungding Elephant Reserve"
6. Government of Assam gazette notification, vide No. FRW - 44/2002/67 dated 17/04/2003 "Declaration of Dihing-Patkai Elephant Reserve"
7. Government of Assam gazette notification, vide No. FRW - 44/2002/64 dated 17/04/2003 "Declaration of Kaziranga-Karbi Anglong Elephant Reserve"
8. Government of Assam gazette notification, vide No. FRW - 44/2002/46 dated 07/03/2003 "Declaration of Sonitpur Elephant Reserve"
9. Government of Chhattisgarh gazette notification, vide No. F 8-6/2007/10-2 dated 15/09/2011 "Declaration of Sarguja-Jashpur Elephant Reserve"
10. Government of Chhattisgarh gazette notification, vide No. F 8-6/2007/10-2 dated 07/10/2021 "Declaration of Lemru Elephant Reserve"
11. Government of Jharkhand gazette notification, vide No. 33/200-3640 dated 26/09/2001 "Declaration of Singhbhum Elephant Reserve"
12. Government of Karnataka gazette notification, vide No. FEE 362 FWL 2014 dated 26/03/2015 "Declaration of Dandeli Elephant Reserve"
13. Government of Karnataka gazette notification, vide No. FEE 231 FWL 2000 dated 25/11/2002 "Declaration of Mysuru Elephant Reserve"
14. Government of Karnataka gazette notification, vide No. FEE 202 FWL 2014 dated 26/03/2015 "Extension of Mysuru Elephant Reserve"
15. Government of Kerala gazette notification, vide G.O(P) No: 19/2002/F&WLD dated 02/04/2002 "Declaration of Wayanad, Nilambur, Anamudi and Periyar Elephant Reserve"
16. Government of Meghalaya gazette notification, vide No. FOR.132/2000/97 dated 31/10/2001 "Declaration of Garo Hills Elephant Reserve"
17. Government of Nagaland gazette notification, vide No. FOR/GEN-5/2001 dated 28/02/2005 "Declaration of Intanki Elephant Reserve"
18. Government of Nagaland gazette notification, vide No. FOR/GEN-16/2016 dated 16/08/2018 "Declaration of Singphan Elephant Reserve"
19. Government of Odisha gazette notification, vide No.8F(W) 17/02.10162/F&E dated 19/06/2002 "Declaration of Mahanadi Elephant Reserve"
20. Government of Odisha gazette notification, vide No.8F(W)-42/2001 15806/F&E dated 29/07/2001 "Declaration of Mayurbhanj Elephant Reserve"
21. Government of Odisha gazette notification, vide No.8F(W)10/2002.5840/F&E dated 27/03/2002 "Declaration of Sambalpur Elephant Reserve"
22. Government of Tamil Nadu gazette notification, vide G.O.(Ms) No.151 dated 19/09/2003 Notification – I "Declaration of Nilgiri Elephant Reserve", Notification – II "Declaration of Nilambur Elephant Reserve", Notification – III "Declaration of Periyar Srivilliputhur Elephant Reserve", Notification – IV "Declaration of Anamalai Elephant Reserve".
23. Government of Tamil Nadu gazette notification, vide G.O.(Ms) No.135 dated 10/08/2023 "Declaration of Agasthyamalai Elephant Reserve",
24. Government of Uttar Pradesh gazette notification, vide No.1496(1)/14-4-2009-802/2004 dated 09/09/2009 "Declaration of Uttar Pradesh Elephant Reserve"
25. Government of Uttar Pradesh gazette notification, vide No.823/81-4-2022 dated 29/12/2022 "Declaration of Terai Elephant Reserve"
26. Government of Uttarakhand gazette notification, vide No. 1777/1(2)/V.A. P/2002-19(2)/2002 dated 20/10/2002 "Declaration of Shivalik Elephant Reserve"
27. Government of West Bengal gazette notification, vide No.3293-For.11B-19/2000 dated 28/08/2002 "Declaration of Eastern Dooars Elephant Reserve"
28. Government of West Bengal gazette notification, vide No.8F(W)10/2002.5840/F&E dated 27/03/2002 "Declaration of Mayurjharna Elephant Reserve"



Director
Wildlife Institute of India
Post Box No# 18, Chandrabani
Dehradun, 248001, Uttarakhand, INDIA
Email: wii@wii.gov.in

